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The Daily Commercial.

The Board of Trade and its New Rooms.

The new rooms of the Board of Trade of this city will, we are informed, be ready in a couple of weeks. The rooms are on the second floor of the new and elegant building erected by the Third National Bank, as a banking house, upon the corner of Wood street and Virgin alley, an excellent and central location. The main hall of the Trade Room is thirty feet by forty-two, with a twenty-five feet height of ceiling. The hall is well lighted from the Wood street front and from Virgin alley, and the interior finish is neat, though plain. The hall is warmed by a patent heating apparatus and will be a most cheerful and convenient centre for business transactions, and public meetings. The Committee Room adjoining is also of good size, well lighted, and is heated by open grate as well as by the heating apparatus with which the entire building is warmed. The room is fitted up with marble mantles, wash basins, gas, etcetera, and forms a neat adjunct to the main hall.

The Board of Trade of this city has had a corporate existence of over thirty years; and though its services to the public during that period have been many, and of value, it has never been so warmly supported as its real benefits deserved, or the importance of such an institution demanded. The Board of Trade of a city of the importance of Pittsburgh should be one of the best supported public institutions of the community. It is in reality a necessity, to its whole commercial and manufacturing interests, being upon all occasions wherein the legislature of the State or the nation is to be invoked for benefits or for redress, the proper and most influential mouth-piece of the community.

There is often a confusion in the minds of many in relation to a Board of Trade and an Exchange. The latter is, as its name purports, simply a place of exchange of commodities: a rendezvous of dealers, where they make their transactions with the greatest convenience, dispatch, and economy of time. The former is the executive of the trade of a community in all matters relating to public movements tending to the benefit of all, with certain legislative and judicial powers, so far as local trade abuses, or customs, or wishes are concerned. To Boards of Trade properly belong the petitioning of all Legislative bodies on behalf of the communities they represent, the gathering of statistics illustrative of the growth and direction of commerce; the origination and prosecution of reforms in the habits of trade, the settlement of disputes by arbitration in commercial misunderstandings; the correspondence with similar public bodies, where the conflicting interests of different communities require harmonizing or a general action is desired for the benefit of the trade of the whole nation. Exchanges originated from a habit, in the olden commercial countries of Europe, of merchants appointing meetings for the conclusion of transactions commenced elsewhere, at the various chop houses or taverns, where they were wont to resort for their mid-day lunch. Boards of Trade, or bodies analagous in duties and functions, have always been necessary appendages of the governments of all commercial nations. The defining of the proper functions of those two necessary public bodies, Oil Exchange and a Board of Trade, could be much further extended, but enough has been expressed to show how important are the functions of a Board of Trade, and how neglectful of its own interests the community of Pittsburgh have been in suffering so necessary a corporation to be crippled in the complete exercise of its functions by withholding a full and liberal support. In the sustaining of a Merchants' Exchange, the citizens of Pittsburgh have been equally derelict in their duty. Some ten years ago, an act of incorporation was had, making a Merchants' Exchange a branch or part of the Board of Trade. The Exchange was organized, and, for about a year, was somewhat of a success. In the second year of its existence its spirit departed, although it languished through nearly three years before it finally ceased to exist as an operative body. At various periods thereafter efforts were made by the officers of the Board of Trade to revive the Merchant's Exchange, as a part of their institution, but with no success. A few weeks, sparse attendance on 'change, was the most that could be accomplished. When the Oil Trade commenced to swell the transactions of the city, a fresh effort was made to obtain a daily 'change by organizing an Oil Exchange, independent of the action of the Board of Trade. The history of the enterprise was that of all previous efforts in the same direction. The Oil Exchange languished through one year and ceased to exist. We are astonished that the people of Pittsburgh do not see how powerful an executive and mouth piece they are losing the aid of, in not giving to the Board of Trade so hearty a support as will enable it to properly perform all its duties; and we are equally surprised that our merchants do not perceive how greatly the transactions of the city would be facilitated and strengthened by a well attended "Change." We understand that the Board of Trade will make fresh exertions to enlist the support of our entire business community, in its removal to its new rooms, and we hope that a new era in the public spirit of the city will date from that period.

The Vital Doctrine.

Henry C. Carey is publishing a series of essays on the question of tariff duties, from which we quote the following, which expresses the essence of the policy which alone will carry the country through its trials:

> To the internal revenue, therefore, must we look for little, if any, less than $450,000,000. To the enforcement of protection we must look for its enlargement, and thus it is that now, more than ever, we are to look to the tariff as the means of raising revenue. The more mills we build, the more mines we sink, the more water-powers we improve, the larger will be the value of land, and the larger will be the revenues of counties and of States. The greater the variety and extent of our manufactures the more numerous will be the exchanges, the greater will be the value of shops and warehouses, and the larger will be the revenues of towns and cities. The greater the quantity of commodities produced the larger will be the contributions of manufacturers towards the Federal revenue. The greater the demand for labor the higher will be wages, and the greater the consumption of tea and coffee, rice and sugar, to the great advantage of that revenue. The larger the reward of labor the greater will be the immigration of laborers, to the great advantage of the owners of the land and of the men by whom it is tilled. The nearer the market to the farmer the richer will he grow, and the greater will be his power to make, without inconvenience to himself, contributions for the support of the governments of the State and of the Union.
>
> It is the reverse of all this, however, that is desired by the "wealthy capitalists" of Europe. They wish to separate the producer and the consumer, and thus to increase to the utmost the tax of transportation. They desire that mills and furnaces shall not be built. They would have our vast mineral wealth remain undeveloped. They would compel us to carry rags and corn to England, to be returned in the form of paper. They would have the price of labor kept down to the "famine price," and thus destroy the existing inducements to immigration. They would, if they could, drive the goverment into bankruptcy, and thus forever destroy all hope for any permanent maintenance of the Union.

General Mining Laws.—A neat pamphlet containing the general mining laws of Pennsylvania, Ohio, and West Virginia, showing the duties of officers, rights and liabilities of stockholders, and general privileges and responsibilities of corporations, has just been issued by A. L. Pedrick, Esq., at Harrisburg. Every person connected with oil, coal, or mining companies of any description, should have a copy of this work. Address Mr. Pedrick, at Harrisburg, for a copy.

Proposed Increase of Fees.—A bill has been read in the Legislature authoring Sheriffs, Prothonotaries of Common Pleas, Clerks of Orphans' Court, Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions, Registers, Recorders and District Attorneys, to charge fifty per cent. increase on each item of fee, and releasing them from the prayment of fifty per cent. of such fees to the Commonwealth, unless their gross receipts exceed $2000 per annum. It is suggested that they include Aldermen, Justices of the Peace, and Notary Publics in the list. Any argument that can be used in urging an increase of the fees of the former may be used with double the effect on behalf of the latter, which, in a time like the present, when all the necessaries of life rule so high, are altogether too low.

Mr. Steven's bill relative to the increase on the duty on tobacco, provides that after the 1st July, 1865, there shall be levied, collected and paid on all manufactured and leaf tobacco, tobacco stems; and crops of tobbacco produced in the United States, a tax of 20 cents per pound; and on all leaf tobacco known as strips, and of like production, 30 cents per pound; and on all manufactured and leaf tobacco, tobacco stems, and scraps of tobacco, produced in the United States, after the said date, a tax of 30 cents per pound.

Harper for February.—Hunt has Harper for February. The table of contents sustains the high character of the publication.

FIRST EDITION.

12, MIDNIGHT.

FROM HARRISBURG.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS.

Increase of Price of Gas in Pittsburgh.

Time for Completion of A. V. R. R. Extended.

Railroad Companies to Give Notice of Accidents.

Has the Soldiers' Voting Law been Violated?

What Railroad Companies have not Paid Tonnage Tax.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

HARRISBURG, January 20.

Senate.—Mr. Bigham introduced a bill increasing the price of gas to private consumers by the Pittsburgh Gas Company, to two dollars per thousand feet, provided the Company does not accumulate more than is required to pay ten per cent. per annum.

Mr. Graham, a bill extending the time for the completion of the Allegheny Valley Railroad ten years from June next, which was subsequently passed.

Mr. Hoge, a supplement to the act incorporating the Jamestown and Franklin Railroad Company, authorizing the issue of five hundred thousand dollars of bonds, which was passed.

The act allowing joint owners and tenants of mineral lands to form companies and make barrels by machinery, was passed.

The bill settling the claim of Major Boyle's widow, of the 111th Regiment, was passed.

Mr. Lowery offered a bill riquiring railroad companies to telegraph to the public, under heavy penalties, immediately after accidents, the names of the killed and injured.

Adjourned until Tuesday morning.

House.—Mr. Kelly offered a resolution appointing a Committee to ascertain whether any of the prothonotaries or election officers violated the election laws regarding soldiers' votes. Passed.

Mr. Bemus offered a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire the amount of tax paid the State by Banks. Passed.

Mr. Kelley, a resolution to inquire into the expediency of changing the election laws.

Mr. McClure, a resolution requiring the Auditor General to report to the House those railroad companies which have not complied with the tonnage tax of 1864. Passed.

Mr. Brown offered a bill incorporating the Tionesta Valley Railroad Company.

Mr. Burgwin, incorporating the Pine Grove Railroad Company, of Venango county.

The resolutions instructing Congressmen to vote for the repeal of the paper duty were passed.

Adjourned until Monday.

FROM RICHMOND.

Defence of Fort Fisher Defective.

Richmond Papers on Its Capture.

Reported Resignation of Rebel Secretary of War.

Breckinridge to be Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.

The Richmond *Enquirer*, of the 19th, contains the following: "During all day yesterday, we were without additional particulars of the capture of Fort Fisher, beyond a correction in the time of the assault, the position having been carried by the enemy at one o'clock on Monday morning, instead of ten o'clock on Sunday night. The fleet co-operated with the land forces. Enough is known however to warrant the assumption that the defence of the fort was defective in point of vigilance. It is reasonable to believe that the fleet kept up at least a fitful bombardment during the night, and that the repulse of the land force the preceding evening, satisfied the garrison that no second attack would be made until the ensuing day, and that its own safety and strength would be enhanced by retreating to the bombproofs, or otherwise seeking shelter and repose for the night.

At the hour at which the fort was taken the moon was shining brilliantly in the mid-heavens, a circumstance which should have suggested extreme vigilance. The strength of the position, and the fact that Weitzel, one of the ablest engineers of the Federal army had pronounced the works impregnable, would seem to lead to the conclusion that there was something wrong. As the matter now stands we will have to be contented, for a time at least, with the accounts of the enemy, unless by some lucky chance some one or more of the garrison shall have escaped to throw some substantial light upon it.

It is reported that Secretary Seddon will resign the Secretaryship of the War Department in a few days, and that Major General John C. Breckinridge will be appointed to the vacancy. The delicate condition of Seddon's health is doubtless the cause of his intention to retire from the position. The *Sentinel* and *Dispatch* have articles similar to the above.

The Capture of Fort Fisher.

Official from Rear Admiral Porter.

Our Captures and Losses.

STRENGTH OF THE WORKS.

Gallantry of Our Troops.

The Port of Wilmington Sealed.

NORTH ATLANTIC SQUADRON,
FLAGSHIP MALVERN,
OFF FORT FISHER, January 16.

Sir—I wrote you yesterday. We have all the forts. The army have captured 1,800 men and a large number of officers, including General Whiting and Colonel Lamb. The gunboats are now in the river and Wilmington is sealed against blockade runners. The rebels have destroyed the works on Smith's Island and if they do not destroy Fort Caswell it is of no use to them. We will get that after a little while. You must not expect too much of us at one time.

These works are tremendous. I was in Fort Malakoff a few days after its surrender to the French and English, and the combined armies of those two nations were many months capturing that stronghold. It won't compare either in size or strength to Fort Fisher. The fort contained seventy-five guns and many of them were heavy ones. I have not yet learned what our casualties are in killed and wounded, but think that three hundred will cover all. We had a bad explosion in the fort this morning, which killed and wounded a number of men—about 100. A number of our seamen were blown up, and Acting Assistant Paymaster R. H. Gillet, of the Gettysburg, was killed. I will send a detailed report as soon as I can get off the wounded and arrange matters generally. The world never saw such fighting as our soldiers did.

I am respectfully, your obedient servant,
[Signed] D. D. PORTER, Rear Admiral.
To Hon. G. Welles, Sec'y of the Navy, Washington.

FROM SAVANNAH.

Best of Order in the City.

Not as Much Suffering as Reported.

The Northern Aid Movement Unpopular With the Soldiers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.

Advices by the steamer Fulton from Savannah, report that the best of order is maintained in the city, and few soldiers are visible in the streets. Trade is limited, but prices are regulated by law. Just before leaving Atlanta the soldiers were paid off, and they spent their money freely at the first opportunity. One firm disposed of a stock valued at $153,000 for $417,000. It is said there is not as much suffering in Savannah as reported, for the reason that when Hardee evacuated the city and before Sherman took possession, they entered the stores and supplied themselves with good stocks. The wealthy citizens, however, did not join in this raid, and as a consequence, may now be suffering. It is for these, then, that the subscriptions at the North are being taken, and the movement is very unpopular among the soldiers, who consider it as giving aid and comfort to the real enemies of the country.

News from Rebel Papers.

GRANT AND HIS ARMIES QUIET.

Gen. J. E. Johnston Reinstated.

Depredations of Rebel Deserters

The Release of Senator Foote.

War Resolve in the Rebel Congress.

A Savage Article Against Jeff. Davis.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, January 20.

From full Richmond files of the 18th we select the following: The *Sentinel* says: At the hour of writing this, there is not a line of war news from any quarter. On both sides of the James the armies of Generals Lee and Grant remain inactive and will probably continue in their present state of repose for many weeks to come.

The particulars of the capture of Fort Fisher have not been received at the War Department, nor is there any information of further attempts against Wilmington since the capture of the fort.

The Augusta *Chronicle* asserts, on the authority of a gentleman who saw Gen. J. E. Johnson in Columbia, that Gen. Johnson had been reinstated to the command of the West, with his headquarters at Montgomery, Alabama.

We hear complaints from all quarters of the depredations and outrages of deserters and skulkers of our army. A few days ago, twelve armed deserters crossed the Rappahannock, and passed through Stafford and Prince William counties on their way to Alexandria. Others remain in these counties, living by theft. A regiment of cavalry sent through the two counties named could procure absentees and conscripts enough to make two or three full companies, and at the same time relieve the citizens of an intolerable nuisance.

It is said that Foote has been released by order of the Confederate authorities.

Messrs. Cobb, of Alabama, and Wright, of Georgia, took the lead. Foote attempted to follow. Who is the next? The whole thing is as easy as rolling of a slippery log. They first denounce the Confederate authorities and whine about peace, and then desert to the enemy.

On Tuesday last Mr. Miles, of South Carolina, offered the following resolution in the Rebel House of Representatives, which was adopted:

Resolved, That a joint committee of the members of the House and members of the Senate be appointed to prepare an address to the people of the Confederate States, assuring them of the unalterable determination of Congress to continue with all its energy the struggle for independence in which we are engaged, and assuring them of the final triumph which in our solemn judgment must crown our efforts, if we stand firm and united together, and wield our resources with strength and wisdom.

The Hon. Simpson H. Morgan, one of the Republicans from Texas in the rebel Congress, is dead.

The *Examiner* says that the Yankee force which appeared in the vicinity of Grahamsville, South Carolina, last week, is reported to have gone back towards Savannah.

We learn that the Secretary of War has directed the Provost Marshal of Fredericksburg to release Mr. Foote from custody. It is uncertain whether he will now proceed to Washington or return to Richmond.

The *Examiner* also contains a savage article against Jeff. Davis, relative to his cordial reception of Mr. Blair. It says it may be hoped that everybody in the Confederacy, except the President, is at last tired of visits from foreign enemies, whether on private business, or for the purpose of holding conversations looking, or tending, or pretending to look or tend to peace. It would, perhaps, be too cruel to expect that Mr. Davis should deny himself the intense delight of grasping with affection the hand of an old Washington jobber like Blair, the very sight of whom must have called up interesting souvenirs of the log-rolling of other days. The Blairs who for four years have bern sending invading armies to lay waste and burn. If any Southern family have lost a father or brother during this foul war, Blair is as much the murderer as Lincoln or Grant, yet now the poor fellow forgets and forgives, and assures Mr. Davis his regard is undiminished. These touching private meetings between the President and alien enemies in time of war, begins to be tiresome to the public.

The *Examiner* concludes its article as follows: The true object of this Blair visit was beyond question to fail in a pretended overture for peace and Union, and thus to give a stimulus for the draft for 300,000 men; thieves and murderers to be let loose upon us next Spring.

A Mr. Singleton, member of Congress in the enemy's country, is the last, as we learn, who has thought of something within our lines. Two of the New York papers say positively that he also is an unofficial commissioner, but it is said that he denies it himself. One thing is very certain, that he can have no legitimate business here.

Renewal of the Blair Mission.

Reported Capture of Wilmington Unfounded.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 20.

The statement forwarded in these dispatches last night concerning the renewal of the Blair peace negotiation was entirely correct. I am authorized by Hon. Montgomery Blair, to say that his father, Francis P. Blair, Sr., left Washington in a boat this morning, furnished by the Navy Department, to proceed directly to Richmond and renew his informal negotiations with Jeff. Davis in person.

The rumor about the capture of Wilmington is at least premature, if not also wholly unfounded. At this writing the Navy Department have no dispatches warranting the statement.

Blair's Second Mission to Richmond.

Rebel Raid on the B. & O. Railroad.

Train Captured Near Harper's Ferry.

Rebel Congressmen Desire a Peace Conference.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.

The *Evening Star* says, Mr. F. P. Blair left this city to-day with the purpose, it is believed, of paying another visit to Richmond. He left on the United States steamer Don, on which vessel he made his last trip. The Don had been lying at the Navy Yard wharf under special orders during the morning. At ten o'clock Mr. Blair arrived at the yard in a carriage and quickly went on board the Don, whose lines were immediately drawn in, and she left at 11:15. Mr. Blair was accompanied by his servants, we believe.

The *Post's* Washington special says: Mr. Blair left Washington for Richmond on a steamer for City Point. It is believed that he is to have an interview with a prominent member of the Rebel Congress.

A party of rebels captured a train on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad near Harper's Ferry last night.

A Washington special to the *Commercial* says: Several Rebel Congressmen have expressed a desire to confer with authorized officials of the United States on peace.

Mr. Blair's errand to Richmond this time is more important than before.

Massachusetts U. S. Senator.

HON. HENRY WILSON RE-ELECTED

Maine Legislature on Abolishing Slavery.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.

The Massachusetts Senate voted this afternoon for United States Senator, with the following result: H. Wilson, 27; J. Andrews, 3.

The Maine House of Representatives have unanimously passed a resolution in favor of amending the Constitution of the United States abolishing slavery.

National Bank of Beaver.—The Bank of Beaver County, at New Brighton, having resolved to reorganize under the National Banking Law, has received the necessary authority, and is now in full operation as the National Bank of Beaver County. The stockholders met and elected the following directors: John Miner, Geo. Barker, Benj Wilde, M. Darragh, J. Stiles, Milton Townsend, James Duncan, T. McCreery and R. Emmet Hoops. On Monday the 16th inst., the directors met and organized by electing John Miner, President, and Edward Hoops, cashier. Mr. Hoops has been cashier ever since the first organization of the bank of Beaver County, which bank has never suspended specie payment.

FROM WASHINGTON.

A Rebel Chaplain Sentenced

Important to Enlisted Men.

National Banks Authorized.

Publication of the Income Tax Lists.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.

Wm. M. Patterson, a rebel chaplain, has been sentenced to confinement in the Missouri State Prison during the war for a violation of the laws of war.

By order of the Secretary of War, when an enlisted man arrives at a draft rendezvous, any money he may have with him exceeding twenty dollars, will be taken and placed in the hands of the Paymaster at the rendezvous, who shall enter the amount on a check book, to be given to the soldier at the time the money was taken. The monies thus taken are to be deposited in a Public Depository of the United States, or National Bank. After arriving at his regiment, the soldier may claim payment of the amount of his deposit from the Paymaster who pays his regiment, on the first regular payment being made him. The object of the order is to prevent bounty jumping.

The following National banks have been authorized to commence operations: 1st National Bank, Covington, Ky., capital $200,000; National Exchange Bank, Covington, Ky., capital $50,000; Allegheny Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., capital $500,000; Manufacturers' Bank, Chicago, capital $225,000; 2d National Bank, St. Paul, Minn., capital $150,000; Peoples' Bank, Pittsburgh, capital $1,000,000; Evansville National Bank, Evansville, Ind., capital $300,000; National Bank of Commerce, New York city, capital $10,000,000.

Permits were to-day granted to parties interested in Government lumber contracts to go to Georgia to cut cypress and yellow pine lumber. The country in the vicinity of Savannah abounds in this description of wood, which since the war, has been banished from the Northern markets.

In consequence of the report that the Commissioner of Internal Revenue had forbidden the further publication of returns of incomes, Congressmen have been to-day representing to him that the publication is of such essential service that the government ought to be glad to have is made public, and if it could secure it in no other way, might well afford to pay for it as an advertisement.

Our Harrisburg Correspondence

Bill Prohibiting the Exclusion of Colored People from City Cars—Rumored Failure to Pay Tonnage Tax—Mechanic's Liens in Allegheny County—Act to Increase Tolls upon certain Turnpikes and Plankroads.

Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Commercial.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 19, 1865.

One of the most interesting debates of the present session took place to-day in the Senate. Mr. Lowry offered a bill prohibiting Passenger Railway Companies from excluding colored people from their cars, and as soon as the document had been read by the Clerk the Senator from Erie read a lengthy speech which he had prepared for the occasion. It was listened to attentively, and although many of his hearers differed with the sentiments, all agreed that it was a remarkably well written production. Senators Fleming, Hall, Wilson, St. Clair, Champneys, Donovan, Hopkins and Bigham, followed Mr. Lowry, and the bill was finally recommitted to the Judiciary Committee, it being understood that that Committee will probably, if they decide that the Legislature has jurisdiction in the premises, extend the provisions of the bill so as to name some penalty for enforcing a rule which excludes these people from the cars.

It is rumored here that the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago, and the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Companies have failed to pay the tax required by the tonnage law of 1861, and that a storm is brewing here relative thereto.

Mr. Slack has presented a bill, or rather a supplement to the act of June, 1836, relative to liens of mechanics and others upon buildings, extending the provisions of that act and of its supplement, approved May 1st, 1861, to Allegheny county, provided that nothing in this act shall render property liable to liens for repairs, extensions or additions, where such changes have been made by the lessee or tenant without the written consent of the actual or reported owner or his agent; and also provided, that liens for repairs authorized by this act shall not have priority over any lien entered before the commencement of such repairs.

Among the numerous petitions presented to-day were two or more by Mr. Kelley, of Washington, recommending the passage of a bill which that gentleman has offered for the incorporation of the Pigeon Creek Valley Turnpike Company. Isaiah Taylor, S. Bently, Sr., and a number of other persons are named in the bill, as commissioners to receive subscriptions and organize the company, the purpose of the organization being the constructing of a turnpike from Monongahela City to some point on the National road between Beallsville and Hillsborough, and, if desired, to extend it to Waynesburg, in Green county. The capital stock is named at $50,000 with power to increase.

Several of the members have been so much burdened with petitions from turnpike and plank-road companies, for authority to increase their tolls, that Mr. Bigham determined to relieve the pressure by the passage of a general bill, and he accordingly drew up the following:

"An Act to authorize the courts to decree an increase of tolls upon certain turnpikes and plank roads.

"Section 1. *Be it enacted, &c.*, That any turnpike and plank road company, incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth, and which, in the judgment of its directors or managers does not receive a sufficient amount of toll to keep the same in good repair, and to pay a reasonable dividend to its stockholders may, by a petition to the Court of Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions of any county in which said turnpike or plank road lies; or in case the same extends into more than one county, then in the county in which the largest portion of any such road is located, setting forth an abstract of its receipts and expenditures for three years last past, if such road has been so long in existence—if not, then during the time of its existence, which Court shall direct the same to be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Quarter Sessions of said county, and a copy of said abstract to be inserted in at least one weekly newspaper published in said county, for and during a period of three weeks, and also fixing a day to hear all parties interested in said turnpike or plank road; and in case of a controversy in regard to the facts, the Court may appoint an auditor to examine the accounts of said Company, or a viewer to examine and report upon the condition of said road; and if said Court, upon a full hearing, is satisfied that the public interest would be promoted thereby, it may order and decree that such Turnpike and Plank Road Company shall thereafter be authorized to demand and receive, from all persons using said road, such increase of toll as the Court may direct, not exceeding double what said Company has before been authorized to charge. *Provided, however*, That no increase of toll shall be allowed, which will enable any corporation after keeping its road in good repair, to declare a dividend to its stock or stockholders exceeding eight per cent upon its cost.

"Sec. 2. In case of a road extending into more than one county, the proceedings as soon as completed in the first county, may be certified into any other county where part of any such road is located, and if marked approved by the court of any such county, shall have full effect in all counties through which said road may pass. And a copy of said decree fixing such increased rate of toll, properly certified, shall be kept at each gate by each toll collector, for the examination of any person required to pay the same.

The Publication of Incomes.—Some of the Assessors of New York city having refused to permit the lists of assessments of income tax to be copied and printed, the Assessor of the Ninth District appealed to Commissioner Lewis to settle the question whether the Assessors were at liberty to furnish their lists. Mr. Lewis settled the matter in favor of their publication in the following letter:

TREASURY DEPT., OFFICE OF INT. REV.,
WASHINGTON, Jan. 17, 1865.

Sir: Your telegram is received. You are not obliged to give lists of assessments; but the law requires you to allow your lists to be inspected or examined by such persons as may wish to do so. If any one chooses to copy your list you cannot prevent it; and if he thinks proper to publish it, he may do so on his own responsibility. You do your duty in keeping your list open to inspection. The use which he may make of the privilege is a subject for himself to consider. Very respectfully,

JOS. J. LEWIS, Commissioner,

HOMER FRANKLIN, Esq., Assessor, Ninth district, New York.

Our readers who are in want of a first class piano or American Cabinet Organ are requested to call on Wamelink & Barr, No. 13 St. Clair street. Their Bradbury Piano is creating quite a stir in musical circles, and numbers who have heard it beside other so-called "best pianos" are surprised and thoroughly convinced of its superiority over all others. The public generally are invited to call and judge for themselves.

For Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Toilet articles, Pure Medicines, Wines and Brandies, Rye Whisky that has no equal, choice brands of Segars and Tobacco, go to Fulton's Drug Store, Fifth street, where you can buy everything twenty-five per cent cheaper than in any store in the city.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK, A. M.

Jeff. Davis on Peace.

He Opposes a Convention of States.

Separate State Action Unwise.

His Views on the Question at Length

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, Jan 20.

The Richmond *Whig* of the 18th inst., publishes a letter written by Jeff. Davis on the 17th of November last, to certain Senators of Georgia, who had asked his views on the question of peace, as brought up in the resolutions then before the Georgia Legislature. After some preliminary paragraphs, he says:

"I have not contemplated the use of any other agency in treating for peace, than that established by the Constitution of the Confederate States. That agency seems to me to be well adapted to its purpose and free from the injurious consequences that would follow any other means suggested. The objection to separate State action which you present in your letter appears to be so conclusive as to admit of no reply. The immediate and inevitable tendency of such distinct action begins to create discord instead of union; to suggest to our enemies the possibility of the dissolution of the Confederacy, and to encourage them by the spectacle to more determined and united action against us. They would readily adopt the false idea that some of the States of the Confederacy are disposed to abandon their sister States and make separate terms of peace for themselves. When the proposal of separate State action was first mooted, it appeared to me so impracticable, so void of any prospect of good, that I gave no heed to the proposal; but upon its adoption by citizens whose position and ability gave weight to the expression of their opinions, I was led to a serious consideration of the subject. My first impressions have not been changed by reflection.

"If all the States of the two hostile federations are to meet in convention, it is plain that such a meeting can only take place after an agreement as to time and place and the terms on which they are to meet. Now, without discussing the matter, although it is not trifling, of the difficulties of agreeing as to the time and place, it is certain that the States would never consent to a convention without a previous agreement as to the terms on which they were to meet. The proposed convention must meet on the basis either that no State should, against its own will, be bound by the decision of the convention, or that it should be so bound. But it is plain that an agreement on the basis that no State should be bound without its consent by the result of the deliberation, would be an abandonment on the part of the North of its pretended right of coercion; it would be an absolute recognition of the independence of the several States of the Confederacy; it would be, in a word, so complete a concession of the rightfulness of our cause, that the most visionary cannot hope for such an agreement in advance of the meeting of a convention.

"The only other possible basis of meeting is that each State should agree beforehand to be bound by the decision of the Convention, and such agreement is but another form of submission to Northern dominion, as we all well know that in such a Convention we would be outnumbered nearly two to one. On the very threshold of the very scheme proposed, therefore, we are met by an obstacle which cannot be removed. Is not the impracticable character of the project apparent?

"You will observe that I leave entirely out of view the recognition that a Convention of all the States of both federations should be held by common consent without any previous understanding as to the effects of its decision, which should limit its debate, and should pass resolutions that are to bind no one; although the resolutions to which you invite my attention declare that the function of such a convention would be simply to propose a plan of peace with the consent of the two belligerents, or in other words, to act as negotiators in treating for peace. This part of the scheme is not intelligible to me. If the convention is only to be held with the consent of the two belligerents, that consent cannot be obtained without negotiations.

"The plan then would resolve itself into a scheme that the two Governments should negotiate an agreement for the appointment of negotiators to make proposals for a treaty. It seems much more prompt and simple to negotiate for peace at once than to negotiate for the appointment of negotiators who are to meet without power to do anything but make proposals. If the Government of the United States is willing to make peace, it would treat for peace directly. If unwilling, it would refuse to consent to the convention of States.

"The author of these resolutions and those who concur in his views, appear to me to commit the radical error of supposing that the obstacle to obtaining that peace which we all desire, consists in the difficulty of finding proper agencies for negotiating, so that the whole scope of the resolutions ends in nothing but suggestions that if the enemy will treat, the best agency would be State delegates to a convention. The whole and only obstacle is that the enemy will not treat at all or entertain any other proposition than that we submit to their yoke, acknowledge that we are criminals and appeal to their mercy for pardon.

"After this statement of objections it may appear superfluous to add others of less gravity, which invite a full expression of my views. I will add that history is replete with instances of the interminable difficulties and delays which attend the attempt to negotiate on great and conflicting interests, where the parties to the negotiation are so numerous. If this has been the case where the parties possessed full powers to conclude a treaty, what can we hope from an assemblage of negotiators from thirty or forty States, who, in the midst of an exasperating warfare are to meet without power to conclude anything? In the history of our own country, we find that in a time of profound peace, where the most cordial brotherhood of sentiment existed, and when a long and bloody war had been brought to a triumphant close, it required two years to assemble a convention and bring its deliberations to an end, and another year to procure a ratification of their labors. With such a war as the present in progress, the views of the large assemblage of negotiators proposed would undergo constant change, according to the vicissitudes of the struggle, and the attempt to secure concordant views would soon be abandoned, and leave the parties more embittered than ever, and less hopeful of the possibilities of successful negotiation.

"Again, how is the difficulty resulting from the conflicting pretensions from the two belligerents in regard to several of the States to be overcome? Is it supposed that Virginia would enter into a convention with what our enemies term the State of West Virginia and thus recognize an insolent and violent dismemberment of her territory; or would the United States consent that West Virginia should be deprived of her pretensions to equal rights after having formally admitted her as a State, and allowed her to vote at a presidential election. Who would send a delegation from Louisiana, Tennessee, Kentucky, or Missouri? The enemy claim to hold the government of those States, while we assert them to be members of the Confederacy. Would delegates be received from both sides? If so, there would be soon a disruption of the convention. If delegates are received from neither side, then a number of States most vitally interested in the result, would remain unrepresented and what value could be attached to the mere recommendation of a body of negotiators under such circumstances.

"Various other complications suggest themselves, but enough has been said to justify my conclusion, that the proposal of separate State action is unwise and impracticable, and offers no prospect of good to counterbalance its manifold injustice and bad consequences to the cause of our country.

"Very respectfully, yours, &c.,

"JEFFERSON DAVIS."

From Latest Rebel Papers.

Scarcity of News in Richmond.

Rebel Senator Foote to be Released.

WASHINGTON, January 20.

The Richmond *Examiner* of the 18th says: News is unusually scarce. Yesterday there was uninterrupted telegraphic communication between Richmond and Mobile, but so far as we could learn, not a line of news, official or otherwise, was received.

The report of Mr. Seddon's retirement from the Cabinet has not been confirmed nor, indeed, any of the rumors of high military and political appointments circulated by sanguine persons in the past few days.

We learn the Secretary of War has directed the Provost Marshall at Fredericksburg to release Mr. Foote from custody. It is uncertain whether he will now proceed to Washington or return to Richmond.

From Port Royal.

The Monitor Patapsco Destroyed.

Capture of Pocotaligo Bridge.

Rebels Falling Back to Charleston.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.

The United States transport Fulton, from Port Royal on the 17th, has arrived. The monitor Patapsco was destroyed off Charleston at two o'clock on the 17th, while doing picket duty, by a rebel torpedo. Forty or fifty of her crew went down with her. Their names are not ascertained.

On the night of the 14th the 17th Corps, commanded by Gen. Hatch, advanced on Pocotaligo Bridge, on the Charleston and Savannah Railroad, and captured it, together with the fortifications and twelve guns, losing in the charge forty men, killed and wounded. The guns were spiked. The enemy evacuated during the night and fell back towards Charleston.

VERY LATEST.

FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the City of Baltimore

English Views of American Affairs.

President Lincoln Complimented.

NEW YORK, January 20.

The steamer City of Baltimore, from Liverpool on the 5th, arrived at 9 o'clock to-night. The Damascus arrived out at Liverpool on the 1st, and Glasgow on the 2d. The Canada arrived at Queenstown on the 2d, and Hibernia at Londonderry on the 3d.

Lincoln's disapproval of Dix's order to pursue marauders into Canada was received with great satisfaction. The papers generally argue that Lincoln could do nothing less, but nevertheless compliment him for his prompt action.

The *Times* editorially is very much inclined to sympathize with the Federals in the matter of the St. Albans raiders, and maintains the authorities ought to have taken the risk and responsibility of detaining the raiders till a warrant was signed by the Governor-General. It says, whatever fault may attach to the Canadian authorities, the Government and people of England had no power in the matter, and have no other wish than to carry out the extradition treaty, with the utmost fairness and fullness.

Mr. Caldwell, Secretary of State for the Colonies, in a speech at Oxford, stated that the Canadian Government would maintain inviolate the neutrality of British territory and if existing laws prove insufficient they will not long remain so.

The war news further depressed the rebel loan to 52d, a fall of 10d in the market.

The *Times* says: Sherman's skill and daring is rewarded with brilliant successes, and that Thomas' victories must raise the spirits of the Federals and confirm them in the belief that throughout the South they have no enemy capable of opposing their chief armies.

The British revenue for 1864 was only three thousand pounds below that of the previous year, notwithstanding the reduction of several millions in taxation.

The British war steamer Race Horse was wrecked in the China Sea and 99 lives lost.

Nineteen persons were crushed to death at a concert at Dundee.

Napoleon at his diplomatic reception on New Years day was congratulated by the Papal Nuncio, and in reply gave assurance of his earnest efforts for the maintainence of peace and justice. The French Government and clergy manifest continued hostilities to the Pope's encyclical letter.

It is reported that measures will be introduced in the Corps Legislative to abolish the duties on articles used in ship building, and to admit foreign built ships duty free. Prince Napoleon has been appointed vice president of the Privy Council.

Bourse buoyant and higher. Rentes 66 80.

The Italian Minister has issued a circular to the Chamber of Commerce to warn the merchants against the violent fluctuations in American paper currency.

Other Continental news unimportant.

Calcutta, Dec. 15.—Cotton goods active.

Liverpool, January 5th.—Cotton, sales only 3,000 bales, including 1000 for export and speculation. Prices generally were ¼@½c lower. Trade at Manchester yesterday was dull and prices generally rather lower. Petroleum—refined, continues firm at 28s 1d@28s 2d per gallon. Linseed firmer. Sales at £9 7s 6d. The stock of petroleum on hand at the end of the year was only 15,000 bbls of refined.

London Markets.—Breadstuffs firmer and fine English 1s@2d per quarter. Denver Sugar firm.

Very Latest by City of Baltimore, by telegraph to Queenstown.—Liverpool, January 3d.—Captain Corbett, who commanded the steamer Sea King, now the pirate Shenandoah, on her voyage from London to Madeira, has been arrested for violating the enlistment act in enlisting men for the rebel Navy.

The London *Times* to-day has an article highly eulogistic of Gen. Sherman's skill.

The prize fight for the championship between Wormald and Marsden resulted in the victory of the former.

Highly Interesting.

CONTRABAND GOODS SEIZED

The World Thinks the South in Despair

The Dissensions in Mexico.

NEW YORK, January 20.

A leader of a gang of counterfeiters near this city has been arrested and the gang broken up.

Eighty cases of cavalry boots which it was proposed to ship to the rebels by way of Matamoras have been seized by the Custom authorities. A firm in this city shipped $5,000 worth of cotton carding implements for the same destination. The Custom authorities have taken hold of the matter.

The *World* editorially remarks that the Richmond papers show that the South is in possession of apprehension and despair and would willingly give up the contest if there was any hope of magnanimous treatment at the hands of our Government. It hopes the Administration will embrace the opportunity for peace.

The *Tribune* publishes an article from a Havana paper, on the dissensions between the Emperor of Mexico and the Mexican clergy. It thinks the rupture will greatly encourage the hopes of the Liberal party for a speedy restoration of the Republican form of Government.

The *Herald's* Washington special says:—The friends of Gen. John Cochran are pressing his claims for the French Mission.

Army of the Potomac specials contain no news.

The *Times'* Washington special says a large delegation of paper manufacturers were before the Ways and Means committee urging them not to repeal the duty on paper. They gave facts and statistics showing it would be very injurious to their interests to repeal the tax.

The Fenian Congress.

Interesting Letter from Ireland.

Aid for Brotherhood in Ireland

Murder in the Ohio Penitentiary.

CINCINNATI, January 20.

In the Congress of the Fenian Brotherhood, yesterday, the Deputy Head Center read an interesting letter from the Central Envoy in Ireland, which was loudly applauded and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

On motion of Col. Martin, it was resolved that the Committee of Ways and Means be instructed to report on the most practicable plan for raising immediately, the greatest amount of funds to aid the brethren in Ireland.

One of the guards, in the Ohio Penitentiary, named Daniel Heary, was murdered yesterday while inspecting the cells, by a negro convict, who was partially insane.

From Wilmington.

FORT CASWELL BLOWN UP.

Wilmington Reported Evacuated by the Rebels.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 20.

Reports by the Fortress Monroe boat say that an arrival from off Wilmington last evening brings the intelligence that the rebels had blown up Fort Caswell, and Wilmington was said to have been evacuated by them.

FORTRESS MONROE, Jan. 19.

The steamer Blackstone, Captain Berry, arrived here this morning from off Fort Fisher, bringing 210 officers and privates, wounded in the late assault. The latest news from Fort Fisher is that shortly after the surrender of the fort, the rebels blew up Ft. Caswell and other minor works defending the entrance of Cape Fear river. At the time of sailing smaller gunboats had entered the river and were actively engaged searching for torpedoes preparatory to an advance against Wilmington. Shortly after the capture of Fort Fisher a diagram, containing a plan of the whole system of torpedo arrangements in Cape Fear river, was discovered, and our naval officers were making search for a key for the diagram, by which means the infernal designs of the enemy would be completely frustrated.

The Reported Capture of Wilmington.

No Confirmation of the Rumor.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.

In response to inquiries about the reported capture of Wilmington, the Washington agent of the Associated Press telegraphs as follows: "Washington, Jan. 20—Noon.—I have just this moment returned from the Navy Department. I heard nothing there about the capture of Wilmington."

Rendition of the Lake Erie Pirate, Bennet G. Burley.

NEW YORK, January 20.

The *Tribune* has the following special from Canada: In the case of Bennet G. Burley, the Lake Erie raider, judgment was given at 2 o'clock this afternoon by Recorder Duggan. The court room was densely crowded, a large number of Southerners being present. The Recorder, after citing the evidence for the defense and prosecution, ordered the rendition of the prisoner under the Extradition Treaty.

Bursting of Parrott Guns at Ft. Fisher.

Shipping Goods Over Canadian Soil.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.

The Secretary of the Navy, in response to a call from the House for facts relative to the bursting of Parrott guns at Fort Fisher, says that the number destroyed was five, and that forty-five men were killed and wounded. The cause of their bursting, it is declared, cannot be determined for want of further data. None of these guns were of wrought iron—they were of cast iron, strengthened at the breach by wrought iron bands.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in reference to an inquiry by what law goods and merchandise pass into Canada and thence back into the United States, explains that goods in bond, productions of the United States, by virtue of treaty regulations, are permitted to pass through Canada in American vessels by way of St. Lawrence and the Canadian canals. Yet these several acts do not provide for the transit of merchandise through Canada by other routes than those designated by the treaty. Merchandise passing from one port of the United States to another, though the transit may in part be through foreign territory, has not been regarded as exported within the meaning of the law, the destination being to a port in the United States, and the merchandise not being unladened within the foreign port. The jurisdiction of the Revenue Department requires merchandise so passing in transit from one port of the United States to another, over Canadian railways, to be conveyed in lock cars, and to be accompanied by an officer of our customs through its entire transportation.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN ST. LOUIS

Restrictions on Colored Persons Revoked.

ST. LOUIS, January 20.

A destructive fire broke out last night in the building on the corner of Fourth and Olive, occupied by clothiers, hatters, &c. The total loss is estimated at $50,000, fully covered by insurance.

Provost Marshal General Baker, Department of Missouri, orders that all orders and regulations, from his office, imposing restrictions on colored persons, as such, are hereby revoked.

The 23d Corps Going to Join Sherman.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 20.

The *Democrat* learns that the 23d Corps, Gen. Schofield, will soon join Gen. Sherman, via Tennessee and Ohio rivers, and rail to tide-water, thence by sea.

New York Finance and Trade.

Special Dispatch to Western Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.

The downward movement in the Railway list continued at the Stock Exchange to-day. The depression amounted to almost a panic. There was a strong pressure to sell the entire list, and a very low point was touched. In the money the bears hammered the market, and the bull party offered only feeble resistance. There was a feeling on the street that securities may be still further depreciated by the arrival of news from the coast or of a disposition at Richmond to negotiate for peace. The Government list, especially on five-twenties and ten-forties, and all miscellaneous Stocks suffered depreciation. In the Gold market there has been a perfect whirlpool of excitement to-day and the street was full of rumors of the most startling kind. The denial of the capture of Wilmington caused a rise of 7 per cent. The lowest actual sales were 201. The money market was disturbed by the further decline in stocks and nothing is doing under 7 per cent. Foreign exchange light, importers waiting for further fall in gold. Petroleum stocks firm, and highest sales were Knickerbocker, $58; Rynd Farm, $5 75; Noble Well, $5 75; Buchanan, $2 17; Northern Light, $9 50; Excelsior, $15 75. Petroleum market was inactive at 67@70c asked and 65c offered for refined in bond. Crude is flat at 49c. The tobacco Exchange is now fully organized. At the meeting yesterday, resolutions were adopted thanking the St. Louis Tobacco Merchants for their interest manifested in the New York Exchange. The largest receivers of tobacco from the West are invited to co-operate in this movement.

New York Money and Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.

EVENING BOARD.

At the Evening Exchange Gold sold at 206½; N. Y. Central, 103¾; Erie, 72, Hudson, 103; Reading, 105½; Michigan Central, 106½; Michigan Southern, 67¾; Illinois Central, 119¾; Pittsburgh, 83; Toledo, 108; Rock Island, 93; North Western, 34¾; Fort Wayne, 94; Ohio & Mississippi Certificates, 28; Canton, 31½; Cumberland, 44; Quicksilver, 94¾; Manford, 12. The Stock market was heavy and lower. After call gold sold at 207 to 205½.

Oil Intelligence.

Samples have been exhibited in Fayette county of salt manufactured from water taken from the "Rider Oil Well" at a depth of 228 feet. The salt is very strong, and of an excellent quality, a pint of which was manufactured from two gallons of water just as it came from the well. The indications for oil in this well are excellent. The current of gas was so strong a few days ago as to throw the water two feet above the mouth of the well. At last accounts from this well they had bored twenty-two feet into a sand rock of the finest, purest quality of white sand.

Erie county is looming up as an oil producing territory. The oil fever is raging in Girard with the greatest kind of fury. The Elk Creek oil fields has opened up an immense flow of speculative excitement. A Rochester company is leasing all the lands that can be obtained, paying a large bonus, and offering greater prices than owners of oil lands have been accustomed to get for undeveloped territory.

Petroleum is shipped to almost every commercial port in Europe. Great Britain is the largest consumer of the product—the export from New York thither during the last year being 6,275,000 gallons. France is next in importance, her import from New York having been 4,625,000 gallons, a large increase upon the receipts of 1863. The shipments to Antwerp have also been large, amounting to 4,190,000 gallons, against 2,692,000 gallons in 1868. Bremen has imported nearly one million gallons; Hamburg, 1,176,000, and Rotterdam 533,000 gallons. The shipments to Cronstadt indicate a large growth in the demand in Russia—the export thither having increased from 88,000 gallons in 1863 to 400,000 gallons in 1864. The exports to Genoa, Leghorn, Trieste, Lisbon and Australia, are also of considerable importance.

The Spruce and Pine Streets Passenger Railway, Philadelphia, appears to pay. The annual report of the officers of the Company show that the gross receipts for the year were $82,751 56, and the total expenses were $65,322 60, leaving the net earnings $17,458 96. The average receipts for travel were $248 53 per day.

CITY MATTERS.

Young Men's Bible Society of Pittsburgh.—The following officers have been elected by this association to serve during the present year: President, Robert S. Davis; Vice Presidents, Thos. H. Lane, J. B. Hubley; Recording Secretary, Robert C. Miller; Corresponding Secretary, David Robinson; Treasurer, James Robb; Librarian, John Culbertson; Executive Committee, Minas Tindle, Wm. Wilkeson, H. W. Strickler, M. A. Woodward; Agent for city and county, Rev. Jacob K. Miller.

Citizens' Railway Company.—The stockholders of the Citizens' Passenger Railway Company held their annual meeting on the 16th inst., when the following gentlemen were elected directors for the ensuing year: James Verner, A. Speer, Richard Hays, N. Holmes and J. H. Jones. The Board afterward organized by electing the following officers: President, James Verner; Treasurer, N. Holmes; Secretary, J. R. Murphy.

Mr. Ralph Waldo Emerson's Lecture.—This distinguished gentleman delivered a lecture last evening at Lafayette Hall, under the auspices of the Tennyson Club, to a large and appreciative audience. The subject chosen for the lecture, "Social Aims in America," was treated in an able and interesting manner. We congratulate the Club upon the success of their first lecture.

The Neeson Murder Trial.—This case, which occupied the attention of the Court of Oyer and Terminer for the past three days, was concluded yesterday, and the jury retired about eight o'clock last evening. The Court remained in session for an hour, in order to receive their verdict, but as they could not agree within that time, adjourned until this morning at nine o'clock.

Sixth Ward Relief Fund.—The Relief Committee of the Sixth Ward will distribute the monthly allowance to soldiers' wives, at the School House, this (Saturday) afternoon at two o'clock.

Public Amusements.

Morris' Minstrels—Morris & Wilson's Minstrels will visit our city next week, and perform at Concert Hall. Those who are fond of pathetic ballads, original jokes, astonishing dances, and broad burlesques should attend their entertainments. They will remain but three days.

Aims' Melodeon continues to be largely patronized, which is owing to the fact that Manager Aims is constantly introducing new attractions to his patrons.

Trimble's Varieties.—To-night the usual "great Saturday night bill" will be presented, including Galletti, Zanfretta, Mueller, Christie, and about twenty other artistes of great talent. To avoid the usual jam, go early.

THE SATURDAY COMMERCIAL,
A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE
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The Anderson Library.—Some ten or twelve years since, the late Colonel James Anderson, of Allegheny, presented that city with a library of several thousand volumes. The City Councils immediately procured rooms, appointed a librarian, and announced to the citizens that the library was open to all who subscribed two dollars per year towards it, apprentices being admitted to membership free of charge. For a year or two the citizens sustained the enterprise, but after the novelty wore off, the subscribers decreased until its receipts did not amount to $100 per year. The Councils, not being willing to entail the expenses of the library upon the city treasury, closed it, and it remained closed until the formation of the Young Men's Christian Association of Allegheny, when it was placed under their control, the Councils voting a yearly appropriation to it. This association, not meeting with the pecuniary success anticipated, was disbanded, when the city authorities boxed up the books and placed them in the cellar attached to the old Mayor's office, where they yet remain.

Numerous attempts have been made by members of Councils and others to re-organize the library, but all efforts have proved unsuccessful. We are gratified, however, to learn that a number of citizens have taken the matter in hand, and that an energetic effort will be made towards that laudable object. A project is now in contemplation to secure the hall on the second floor of the new city building, and use it as a public reading room. The matter will be brought before the City Councils at their next meeting, and it is to be hoped they will give their consent. The hall is too small to be used for public meetings, but is admirably adapted for the purposes of a reading room, being centrally located, well lighted and easy of access. The library could be arranged on the spacious galleries, which have already been erected, which would leave the main hall unencumbered. We feel satisfied that if the project is entered into in a liberal spirit, the citizens will extend to it a generous support. A city as large as Allegheny should certainly take pride in establishing a public library, and we believe the time has arrrived for making the trial.

Convicted of Perjury.—On Friday, a man named John T. Murdock was tried in the United States District Court on a charge of perjury. It appeared from the testimony that on the 1st of October last, an alien named James King, *alias* Davidson, was engaged by Gustavus A. Klages, of Birmingham, a drafted man, to enter the army as a substitute. King appeared before Alderman Owston, and subscribed to the oath required from an alien, while Murdock swore that he had known him since the previous May, and that he was present when he landed from the ship in New York. The parties then proceeded towards Provost Marshal Foster's office, but Murdock slipped away, and on account of his absence as a witness, the Board of Enrollment refused to pass King. A few days afterwards, Murdock informed Capt. Davis, commandant of the post, that King, *alias* Davidson, was a deserter from the army, and requested his arrest. During the examination, Murdock testified that he had only known King for a few days, and denied having sworn before Alderman Owston that he knew him to be an alien. He was then arrested and held for trial. The jury convicted the defendant.

Death from Intemperance.—Acting Coroner Donaldson held an inquest yesterday on the body of a soldier, named Wm. Quelter, who died suddenly on the previous night at Smith's tavern, corner of Grant and Second streets. The deceased was an Englishman, and arrived in this city about the first of April last. He was engaged as a laborer until the 8th inst., when he entered the army as a substitute, Dr. J. C. Levis, the Examining Surgeon at the Girard House, pronouncing him a sound, able-bodied man. Since his enlistment, Quelter drank excessively. About nine o'clock on Thursday night, he visited Smith's tavern, and, after drinking several glasses of liquor, complained of being unwell, and sat down upon a chair. Medical assistance was summoned, but he was pronounced to be in a dying condition, and shortly afterwards expired. The jury rendered a verdict of "Death from intemperance."

New Telegraph Project.—An effort is now being made to open telegraphic communication between Monongahela City and Brownville, connecting with Pittsburgh by the way of the Monongahela City Telegraph Line via West Newton. It is proposed to build the line on the east bank of the river, with intermediate offices at Webster, Bellevernon, and Fayette City. Within a few days the matter will be presented to the citizens of these places, and to the coal merchants along the river, and as the establishment of offices at these points depends upon the encouragement given, it behooves them to be liberal and wide awake. To the citizens of Brownsville especially will the convenience and accommodation be manifest. The Monongahela City Telegraph Company have declared a dividend of one dollar per share out of the profits accruing up to Dec, 31, 1864.

Harper for February.—Pittock, Fifth St., opposite the Postoffice, Miner, 71 and 73 Fifth street, and J. P. Hunt, Masonic Hall, Fifth St., have received Harper's Magazine for February. The table of contents embraces the usual variety of standard literature, and, of course, the matter is both interesting and entertaining.

The Absurdities of Prejudice.—Inconsistency is a weakness of human nature, as unreasonable as it is absurd and indefensible. Many people, for instance, have a horror of purchasing anything that is extensively advertised, no matter what may be its merits. Advertising is, in their opinion, a gigantic game of speculation, or a medium of puffing worthless goods. The Samburg wine is largely advertised, because the proprietor, Mr. A. Speer, is desirous that the public become acquainted with it. He does not expect people to purchase it solely on his recommendation. He wishes them to judge for themselves, and he has instructed his agents and all who retail his wine that if it should not prove equal to what he claims for it, to return the money. All he wants is to give it a trial. Nothing can be fairer than this. Samburg wine is a pure, unadulterated juice of the Gporto Samburg grape, now being cultivated in this country by Mr. Speer. It is valuable for family use, and for its tonic and invigorating properties. It gives tone to the stomach and invigorates the system. In fashionable circles it has become the favorite table-wine.—*Intelligencer.*

Druggists are agents for this wine.

The place to buy goods cheap is McClelland's Auction, 55 Fifth street, Masonic Hall. Dry Goods of every description, and Boots and Shoes of all kinds. The stock must be sold this month. Look out for bargains.

Good News from Gen. Terry.—We all rejoice in the fall of Fort Fisher, and also in the fact that Pittock sells albums lower than any place in the city. Go and examine his varied stock.

Will appear at the theater, on Monday evening, Vestvali, the Magnificent. Card pictures of her can be had at Pittock's, opposite the post-office.

Dairies for 1865, pocket books, pocket albums, Bibles, &c., at Pittock's, opposite the post-office.

Two Hundred Photographs of Grant, "Foote Party," Vestvali, and other notables, received yesterday at Pittock's.

To get the full reports from the armies, get the Herald, Times, Tribune and World at Pittock's.

The Great Political Annual.—Pittock, opposite the post-office, has just received a second supply of the Tribune Almanac.

Hays & Getty, 71 Market street, have just opened a fine assortment of Ladies' Skates.

Harper, Ballou, Leslie and Demorest, for February, are in at Pittock's.

Harper, Clipper, Leslie, and all the weeklies at Pittock's.

Albums at Pittock's—a large assortment.

MARRIED.

HAZEN-WATSON.—In New Castle, Lawrence county, January 19th, 1865, by Rev. R. A. Brown, Mr. S. L. Hazen and Miss Amelia J. Watson, daughter of Wm. Watson.

HAILMAN-DICKEY.—On Thursday evening, January 18th, by the Rev. W. B. McIlvaine, at the residence of the bride's father, East Liberty, Mr. G. W. Hailman and Miss Mary B., daughter of Robert Dickey, Esq.

DIED:

CLAWSON.—On Friday, 20th inst., at 12 o'clock, Mrs. Mary Ann Clawson, wife of Wm. Clawson, in the twenty-third year of her age.

Dearest Mary thou hast left us:
Here thy loss we deeply feel;
But 'tis God that has bereft us,
He can all our sorrows heel.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from No. 279 Robinson street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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SPECIAL NOTICES

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The Daily Commercial.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 21, 1865.

☞ Correspondence on matters of public interest is solicited and will be thankfully received from our friends in all parts of the country, when accompanied by responsible names. More especially whatever relates to the discovery and production of oil, the development of oil lands, and reliable oil intelligence in general, will be acceptable and is desired. Events of local interest mechanical and agricultural results, inventions and improvements of every description, clearly and briefly described, are solicited. To secure attention, communications should be brief, entirely reliable, and sent as promptly as possible.

Letters concerning the business departments of the newspaper or printing office should be addressed to the Business Manager. Communications designed for the paper should be addressed to The Editor.

Our Returned Soldiers.

Great numbers of our brave soldiers have returned from the war, after having honorably served the country for the full term of their enlistment. Many of them have gone through the perils of a score of battles unhurt. We call them "old soldiers;" they love to be so called, though large numbers of them are young in years. We have veteran warriors, who have yet scarcely a visible beard on their chins. But many, also, of our soldiers have returned with the painful marks of war on their persons; enfeebled by disease, and mutilated by wounds. We see them daily in the city; we see them in the thoroughfares of travel; we see them in all the towns and villages of the country.

They are a different sort of men from what the old soldiers of other times have too often been. The old regime of armies that embraced the issue of a liquor ration, as regularly as one of bread, was a sort of discipline into drunken habits; and the recruit was, by daily drill, taught to turn down his gill of whisky, as well as to handle his musket according to the tactics. Not so now. Those who enter the army sober men may leave it sober men, and most of them do. Some, by the abstinence of years, have emancipated themselves from the despotic chains of intemperate habits.

Our returned soldiers need and desire employment. For those who have escaped disease and wounds and are qualified, by trade, or skill, or scholarship, for situations, the country and the city have employment in abundance, at renumerative wages. Those who have capital or friends meet with no difficulty in finding an open door of enterprise and usefulness. Many, both officers and privates, have resumed their trades, their clerkships, their studies, their practice, their farming operations. They have become citizens with as much zest and buoyancy, as, from citizens, they became soldiers. The sword and the musket are exchanged for the implements of peaceful industry.

But there is a class of our returned soldiers, which claim the special sympathy of our patriotic people: those who have lost health or limbs in the service. It is not an inconsiderable number. There are employments which they are capable of pursuing; but the number of such callings is not great. The range for these men, is limited by their misfortunes. They should, therefore, in strict justice, have some preferance given to them within that restricted range. We notice that this just and humane principle is introduced, in the employment of disabled soldiers, by the departments at the Capital.

The energy and courage of some of these noble young men who have been seriously and permanently maimed is astonishing—scarcely less so than their uncomplaining patience under the terrible suffering of their wounds. We met with one of our Pennsylvania boys, the other day, who had lost his right arm. He saw while on his hospital bed, that he could not work at his trade or work on his father's farm again. No one can know his deep, earnest, anxious thoughts, all those sorrowing hours on his bed of pain. But he recovered health and strength, and having fixed on his employment for his future life, he spent his time during convalescence in qualifying himself for it. Would our readers like to know what the brave young fellow chose? If we ever indulged in betting which we do not, we would wager a gold pen that not one of them could guess, in ten trials, what this "boy in blue," without a right arm, chose for his business—*Book-keeping!* learned at one of our city colleges. That young man will get along! Somebody will give him a place, and he, with the blessing of Heaven, will do the rest.

Reliable from the Interior of Rebeldom.—A. D. Richardson, the *Tribune* correspondent who has just escaped from Salisbury, North Carolina, speaks of the sufferings of our men there as most distressing, and asserts that the rebels are deliberately, remorselessly, starving and freezing them to death. His information and statements are explicit, and go to establish the necessity of making a complete exchange of prisoners, or immediate retaliation on the rebels in our hands. It is the opinion of Mr. Richardson, that the rebels can not increase largely the force of white men in their army. Western North Carolina is full of faithful Union people, and the negroes are everywhere and all the time, the friends and helpers of our soldiers. The Unionists in North Carolina are, latterly, doing a good work in the way of bushwhacking the rebel home guards, devoting themselves especially to the shooting of officers. The Richmond paper that has much the largest circulation is the *Examiner*, the sheet that so bitterly assails Jeff. Davis.

Lieutenant General Grant has, it is said, been summoned to appear before the Committee in Congress on the Conduct of the War, to testify in regard to the Wilmington failure. A Boston paper suggests that probably the General, just at present, is as profitably engaged for the country where he is, as he possibly could be in responding to the whims of this or any other Congressional Committee. Mr. Lincoln is in the habit of saying that "when crossing a stream is no time to trade knives." Most of people must be of the opinion that this is no time to prosecute investigations into an event like that of the Fort Fisher failure, which the reports by General Terry and Admiral Porter sufficiently clear up. We conclude that most men will concede that the Committee may safely record these reports, close the investigation, and allow General Grant to proceed unmolested with the work in hand.

Gratifying Prospects.—In the rebel Congress, the other day, Mr. Foster, of Alabama, said that "he had made a calculation that there were enough of men in the Confederacy between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, *to protect this Government against any enemy for forty years to come.*" Considering the condition to which four years of war has brought the South, this display of resources and determination must be extremely gratifying. Jeff. Davis promised to continue the war in Virginia twenty years. If he keeps his word, the people of that powder-ground State will have sixteen more years of experience. Judging from all that reaches us, by the time that period expires, the Old Dominion will be in rather a dilapidated condition; and if the ideas of Mr. Foster are to be realized to the entire South, the prospect cannot be said to be decidedly cheerful.

Honor to the Memory of Everett.—At a special meeting of the Loyal League, in New York to commemorate the death of Edward Everett, Mr. Bryant, in the course of an exceedingly appropriate address said: "If I have ever uttered anything in derogation of Mr. Everett's public character at times when it seemed to me that he did not resist, with becoming spirit, the aggressions of wrong, I now, looking back upon his noble record of the last four years, retract it at his grave. I lay upon his hearse the declaration of my sorrow that I saw not then the depth of his worth, that I did not discern under the conversatism which formed a part of his nature, that generous courage which a great emergency could so nobly awaken."

Revise the Maps.—The progress of the war keeps map makers busy. So rapidly have the limits of the Confederacy contracted, that it is believed no map extant has the slightest pretension to accuracy. Grant will be held responsible for having spoiled several editions, which otherwise would have been reliable maps.

Oil Stocks.

It appears that the excitement in oil stocks has settled down very considerably. Persons who a few months ago were wild in their anxiety to possess a place on the subscription book of some new company, and some who rather than be deprived of the stock would pay a premium equal to the par value of the stock, to get in the speculation, are now unwisely showing a hasty disposition to divest themselves of it. I say unwisely because it evidences a want of judgment when they invested, a want of reflection upon the true nature and conditions of the oil business, or they never believed there was profit in the legitimate and practical development of oil lands, but that the money to be made was only to be realized out of the pockets of others more verdant than themselves. The action of this class of dealers and speculators has produced the seeming dullness that prevails in the stock exchanges and on the street.

The oil business in its elements of growth and development is nearly similar to any other enterprise gotten up for profit and emoluments; if a bank is organized the subscribers to the stock are perfectly satisfied if they realize the first year after organization, simple interest for their money, and the next year dividends amounting to eight per cent. This would be considered unexceptionable prosperity, and the stock would be strengthened. If a company for building a bridge, railroad, or a manfactory of any kind, offer stock, the takers go in with a full knowledge of delay in the completion of the project, and never, to any extent, expect to realize until the legitimate operations of these projects produce a profit. The course that has been pursued in oil stocks would curse and break down the best banking or manufacturing corporation that could be devised.

So far as Venango county lands, embraced within the boundaries of Sugar creek on French creek, Big Sandy creek, on the Allegheny river, Titusville, on the northern line of the county on Oil creek, and Tinesta east, are concerned, it has been proven conclusively, that Petroleum Oil underlies them all, in veins of greater or less magnitude, by wells that have been bored and are now flowing or pumping, and if the stockholders of the companies that have been formed in Pittsburgh, would regulate their appreciation of their investments by the same rule of reasonable patience that they would naturally conclude to do in almost every other enterprise, they will certainly be the gainers. Give the managers time to bore the wells, make due allowances for the unavoidable delay there is now in obtaining machiney, and competent mechanics to put it in working order. The winter is a bad time for well work to be prosecuted, the tools are all heavy and unwieldy, and in these days of the scarcity of labor, men are independent and suspend work at their option. But, with all these difficulties, through the viorous efforts of honest managers and watchful directors, success will be reached.

A company that has not the benefit of a Board of Directors having the energy and will to devote their time and attention to the furtherance of the interests thereof, and make even sacrifices of personal ease, is to be pitied, for wells will not grow—they have to be bored. Let stockholders see to this.

I would say, don't sacrifice your stock; have patience until your company strike oil; your chance is as good as any heretofore, provided the land of your company is comprised in the boundaries before mentioned—and you may rest assured that Pittsburgh companies are located properly in Venango county. I have no opinion to give of other oil regions, as I never visited them. I can only say, give time for the thorough development of them. J. K. M.

Personal.

Colonel L. Carroll Judson died January 8, 1865, at the age of 68 years, in Waterloo, Seneca county, New York, and was interred with Masonic honors. He was a volunteer in the war of 1812, and participated in the battles of Lundy's Lane and Sag Harbor. He entered as a private, and won the rank of Colonel. His son, E. C. Z. Judson, (Ned Buntline) has served in the present war, and has been wounded three times.

Herschel V. Johnson, the Douglas candidate for Vice President in 1860, had all his silverware and household valuables taken from him by the Yankees during the march through Georgia. He had everything buried in his garden and collards, a species of cabbage, growing over it; but the patriots "found out the joke," and unearthed and appropriated his treasures.

Daniel Tatham and wife celebrated their golden wedding in Worcester, Mass., last Thursday. They live on the old homestead, which has remained in possession of the family for five generations.

Capt. Nathaniel Lincoln, who died at North Windham, Ct., December 27, at the age of 94—the oldest man in that town—was the son of another Capt. Nathaniel Lincoln, who attained the great age of 105 years, 3 months and 18 days; and his father, Samuel Lincoln, 2d, died "in ye 102d year of his age," as his tombstone bears record.

Bishop Potter and the Episcopal clergymen of New York and vicinity have sent a petition to the President for the release of Rev. Mr. Hudson, the Shakespearean lecturer, who is a chaplain in the Army of the James, and has been confined for forty days, by order of Gen. Butler for some offence which the petitioners represent as trivial.

Henry Ward Beecher lectured in Philadelphia, on Thursday evening, on the subject of "Beauty and the Beast."

George B. McClellan procured, on Tuesday, at the United States Collector's office in Newark, N. J., a passport to go to Europe in the steamer China. He also, at the same sime, paid his war tax of $195 75 on an income of $3,195. His pay as a Major General last year was $4,173, and from other sources, $342; amounting in all to $4,515, from which was made a deduction of $600.

Charles S. Porter, the oldest actor and manager in the United States, formerly of Pittsburgh, is now lying quite ill in Philadelphia. A grand testimonial is being arranged for his benefit.

Melvin S. Whitney, a wealthy wine merchant of New York, committed suicide on Wednesday by cutting his throat, while laboring under temporary insanity, produced by business troubles.

General Intelligence.

It has been decided to hold the next Iowa State Fair at Burlington, where the last one was held.

Fleet Captain Breeze has written a letter stating that he informed Gen. Butler, on the 18th of December, that the powder vessel would be exploded that evening; that Gen. Butler, after a consultation with Gen. Weitzel and Col. Comstock, directed Gen. Weitzel to call upon Admiral Porter and request a postponement of the explosion for several days, and that Weitzel did so.

The donation of three thousand shares of stock in the Jersey Oil Well, by Dr. Albert G. Egbert to Mrs. Rev. E. W. Hunter, for the founding of a home, in Philadelphia, for the orphan children of our soldiers and sailors, proves to be of far greater value than the first notice had led the public to suppose. This well is located on the Egbert farm, and the present market value of Dr. Egbert's donation is six thousand dollars. It yields, besides a dividend of three per cent. per month, equivalent to two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars per annum. The gift is hence a truly munificent one. We have a number of "oil princes" in Pittsburgh who might emulate the example of Dr. Egbert, and do for Pittsburgh what he is accomplishing for Philadelphia.

The Boston *Journal* comes to the conclusion, upon a review of all the facts, that the removal of General Butler was not an act of gross injustice; that the unsoldierly and almost mutinous allusion to the assumed cause of his removal in the farewell order of General Butler would of itself justify the action of General Grant.

Gen. Butler has received, as fines and penalties, half a million of dollars, and has disbursed it in a way which he regarded as right, keeping accounts of all transactions.

The Tribune on Peace.—A few days since Mr. Greeley telegraphed from Washington that, unless all signs failed, hostilities would cease within the next ten days. We conclude from the following editorial in the *Tribune*, of Tuesday, that the signs have failed:

> Mr. Blair has returned from Richmond. He reached Washington yesterday. Of course, he has not yet proclaimed the result of his visit if it has had any result and will only do so when he (or the President) shall think fit. Meantime we may safely presume that the war is not over—that the rebellion has not yet collapsed—that the Union is not practically restored. But we abide in the fait that, whatever the direct issue of Mr. B.'s visit to the Confederate capital, its influence will conduce to the reunion and pacification of our country.

Fort Fisher Incidents.—A correspondent relates the following incident of heroism at the assault on Fort Fisher: Among the most daring of the many daring feats performed during the sailors' charge, was that of a boy attached to the Third Division. He clambered up the slope of the fort, planted the flag he carried on the parapet, and discharged every barrel of his revolver into the face of the rebels. Then he fell. After the fort was carried, his body was picked up, pierced with seven bullets. We regret being unable to give the name of this gallant and devoted lad, but none near him could recognize him.

Proposed Honor to an Actor.—Some of the leading merchants of New York have recommended James H. Hackett, the well known actor, for appointment to the Consulate in London, in place of Mr. Messer, who is expected to resign. Before he adopted the stage for a profession, Mr. Hackett was a merchant, on Fourth street, New York.

THE PULPIT.

The Condition of Salvation.

A SERMON

Preached in the Sewickleyville Methodist Episcopal Church, Sabbath morning, January 15th, 1865, by Rev. W. H. Locke, A. M., Pastor.

Text—Therefore, being justified by faith, we have peace with God through our Lord Jesus Christ.—Romans v:1.

On last Sabbath morning I was permitted to present to this congregation, from the words just read, the doctrine of Justification, with the attendant blessings of Regeneration and Adoption, which, together, make up that personal experience the Scriptures call salvation from sin. The condition upon which these benefits are to be received, and this experience enjoyed,—faith in our Lord Jesus Christ,—was passed over, for want of time, without anything more than simply asserting that the leading elements of Faith are, an assent of the mind to the truth of the Gospel, and implicit trust and confidence in that truth.

After all that has been said in two preceding discourses, of the abundant "riches of Christ," as displayed in the salvation of men, I should utterly fail of my intended purpose, if the condition upon which all are to be received, was not made as plain as the blessings themselves. How worse than cruel it would be, to go into a sick chamber, and talk to the man parched with fever and racked with pain, of the joyousness of health, when the blood flows with measured smoothness through the veins, and joints and muscles all perform their proper action, and yet keep back from the poor invalid the means through which that joyous health might be his.

When the blessed Saviour entered on His earthly mision of peace and good will, among the first words of comfort and sympathy that fell upon the ears of heavy ladened and oppressed humanity, was the precious invitation—"Take my yoke upon you; for my yoke is easy and my burden light." In the reflection of that declaration, we may read the undeviating policy that has always governed in the affairs between God and men. It did not enter into the divine plan to save man from the power and punishment of sin, without his own consent and co-operation; and hence the salvation of no one is positive and arbitrary, but always conditional and voluntary. And yet we have this consoling truth to notice—that the condition in which salvation is freely bestowed, is adapted to the present state of man, and such as he can readily comply with; so that while the most exalted is without excuse, the feeblest child of Adam cannot stand up and charge the Almighty Father with being a hard master.

Let any one carefully examine the blessings provided, and the easy condition of faith in Jesus Christ, on which they are promised; and if the enraptured Watts, as he contemplated Christ dying to satisfy the demands of the law, as well as to redeem the sinner, is at a loss to tell, in one of his beautiful hymns,

> "Which of the glories brighter shone,
> The justice or the grace,"

So will that one find himself equally lost which most to adore, the beneficent Hand that has provided such a store of bliss for man, or the loving Heart that bestows them all on such easy conditions.

The discussion of these two points is to claim our attention:—the nature of justifying faith, and its adaptation, as a condition of salvation, to the present state of man.

1. A proper definition of justifying faith, always embraces, in the idea of assent or persuasion, that of confidence or reliance. It must be noted here, as a very possible thing, that one may have the former part—assent or persuasion—without having the latter part—confidence or reliance. But that is not the faith which justifies the sinner. You could scarcely offer a greater insult to a man's intelligence, in this age of general information, than to question his belief in the Bible. Not only in its historical parts, but in its doctrinal parts,—its doctrines of the fall of man,—of the redemption by Jesus, and of future rewards and punishments. And yet how many there are, to whose minds these are truths without the mixture of a single doubt, who are still in their sins and unforgiven. The faith that justifies is not a mere assent of the mind to the doctrines of the gospel, which leaves the heart unmoved and unaffected, but that which confides and relies solely upon its promises and provisions for pardon and salvation.

2. It is proper to observe that the faith by which we are justified is neither the cause nor the source of the sinner's redemption. It only appropriates as our own the complete work of salvation wrought out by Jesus Christ. When man was incapable of helping himself, and with nothing to look for but speedy and fearful retribution, the divine plan for his recovery from the degradation of sin and banishment from the presence of the Lord was revealed in all its fullness and perfection. Faith has simply to do with our acceptance of this gracious plan, and is only the condition upon which we secure its never-failing benefits.

3. The faith through which comes peace with God is not a faith blind and superstitious and without knowledge, nor yet the presumptuous trust of the impenitent. If this congregation could be lifted up to-day in the arms of a giant, from the midst of Christian worship and civilization, and set down in the bosom of heathandom, in all those cruel sacrifices to Juggernaut, and the monsters of the Ganges, there would be found implicit trust on the part of the miserable devotees. But it is a trust blind and superstitious, without enlightenment, and without knowledge. Or, if some infinite power could lift the covering from these unregenerated hearts, there might be found in every one of them a presumptuous belief that they shall be saved, not *from* their sins, but *in* their sins.

The faith of which we are now speaking, brethren, is not the "trust of a man asleep and secure, but of one awakened and aware of death as the wages of sin. It is not the trust of a man ignorant of the spiritual meaning of God's holy law, but of one who is convinced of sin, and convicted by that law. It is not the trust of an impenitent, but of a penitent man." In one word, it is the trust of one who feels, through the convincing power of the word and spirit of God, that he is justly exposed to wrath, and in whom this conviction produces a genuine sorrow for sin and an earnest desire to be delivered from its penalty and dominion.

4. An error into which many have fallen, and that ought to be corrected, is in supposing that because no other condition is required of those who are justified and forgiven, but faith in Christ, that, therefore, no experience preparatory to a proper exercise of trust and confidence in Him, goes before this faith. Hence it has been objected that there is no motive in view of this condition, at least from fear of consequences, to avoid sin; that all any one has to do is to rely, however presumptuously, on the atonement made by the death of the Saviour, and all the sins which he has committed will be pardoned.

The Bible does declare—and it is one of the most precious truths of the whole record—that "God so loved the world that he gave His only begotten son, that whosoever believeth in Him should not perish but have everlasting life." But let us remember that the Bible is not for one class of men, but for all classes of men. It belongs neither to the sinner, nor to the penitent, nor to the justified believer; it is equally for the one and the other. It has for the sinner a voice of threatening, terrible as the anger of Jehovah; while to the penitent and believer it is full of promises and pardon and heavenly benedictions. These several states are never confounded. The Bible never delivers its messages intended for one class to the other class. It does not say "Come ye blessed of my Father, inherit the kingdom prepared for you," to the unforgiven and impenitent sinner, nor even to the sinners penitent, but to those only who have believed in the Messiah. Then again, "Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ, and thou shalt be saved," is not addressed to the careless and wicked transgressor, but only to that one who, in bitter agony of soul, cries out, "Men and brethren, what must I do to be saved?"

In every genuine work of grace, "the voice of one crying in the wilderness, prepare ye the way of the Lord," goes before the master's coming. Repent, must be the great awakening cry, heard and obeyed, before proper trust in Jesus Christ will be exercised. There must be a knowledge of law violated, of punishment deserved, of human helplessness and inability. There must be an awakened conscience, an apprehension of danger, an earnest desire to to be sacred, an entire renunciation of every other refuge, before there will be a coming to Christ. But this is no presumptuous coming; this is not the trust of impenitency, but of the true penitent. It is the trust of one borne down by guilt and fear, self-despairing and distressed. And when a soul comes to God with this experience, whether in the midnight hour or in the morning light, it has only to believe in the Lord Jesus Christ and be saved.

4. Another error to be guarded against, in examining the nature of the faith by which we are accepted of God, is found in the relation that faith sustains to obedience, or good works. The unequivocal declaration of the scriptures is, that no acts of obedience, however perfect can justify the sinner. If from this moment forward he could obey in all things, future obedience would not atone for, or remove, the guilt of past offenses; and much less could sorrow for the past, or even amendment in the future, justify the transgressor. Catching the true spirit of the inspired writers, one of our Christian poets has thus written:

> "Not all our groans and tears,
> Nor works which we have done,
> Nor vows, nor promises, nor prayers,
> Can e'er for sin atone.
> Relief alone is found
> In Jesus' precious blood:
> 'Tis this that heals the mortal wound,
> And reconciles to God."

But when through faith in Jesus' blood, we do become reconciled to God, then those good works of obedience and love, though they could not justify in the sight of heaven, become the measure of our faith, and the test of its genuineness. Herein are the statements of Paul and James made to harmonize and agree. When the former declares that by the deeds of the law shall no man be justified, he refers to that act of justification by which the penitent sinner is accepted of God, and forgiven of all past guilt. But when the Apostle James affirms that a man is justified by *works*, he has no reference to the act of conversion; he refers to the *effects* which true and evangelical faith always produces in the heart of the believer.

After having already spoken so freely, in a former discourse, on the blessings of regeneration and adoption, it will be very little to say, that the marks of genuine and saving faith are to be found in the love to God which it produces in the heart; in the confidence which it inspires in Him as our Father; in the zeal that it enkindles for His cause; in the peace and joy it inspires in His service; in the kindness and sympathy—something like that of the blessed Savior—which we feel for our fellow men; and in that blissful hope of heaven, which in its safe harbor and sure anchorage, laughs to scorn

> "Rude winds and stormy seas."

And any man who has not love toward God—confidence in Him as a Father—peace and even joy in His service—active zeal for the success of His cause—a heavenly hope, which is the port of the soul—has reason to doubt whether he is now in possession of the faith by which we are accepted of God through the merits of Christ.

In concluding this point let me sum up in a few words all that has been said as to the nature of that faith—the one sole condition on which we are justified before God. It is not a persuasion of the mind that what God has revealed in His word is true, though that is included. It is not contrition for sin, and true penitency; though these experiences always precede it. It is not obedience to the demands of the moral law, though this invariably follows it. The faith by which we are justified, is such a belief of the gospel, through the assistance of the Holy Spirit, that giving up every other hope or refuge, we are led to come to Christ, to receive Christ, to trust in Christ, and to commit the keeping of our souls into His hands in humble confidence, not only of His ability to save, but in His willingness to save even us.

2d. There yet remains to be briefly discussed the other point of this subject: The perfect adaptation of faith, as a condition of salvation, to the present state of man.

Whoever will give the scheme of redemption a moment's thought, will come from that examination with the conviction strongly fixed in his mind, that mercy conceived, mercy designed, and mercy executed that plan. In providing for the supremacy of the divine law, and the unimpeachable integrity of the Lawgiver, the tenderest regard was had for man—not as he came forth from the hands of His Maker, upright and good, and little lower than the angels—but for man lost to uprightness and fallen; whose disposition to goodness and holiness was perverted by transgression; whose moral strength was gone, and whose whole nature lay in ruins. Though six thousand years of human progress and improvement have rolled over his head since that first sad day of rebellion, they have not changed the state of sinful man. The portraiture of the first transgression has all the features and expressions of him who hears me to-day. He is still fallen and undone; still in bondage to sin, without the power to shake off its incubus, or break its fetters; still the subject of law which he is every day violating, and every day increasing his guilt and condemnation. To obey is impossible; for the wrong bias which sin has given to the faculties of soul and body, must be corrected; the evil dispositions thereby engendered, must be uprooted, and the enmity toward God overcome, and if to obey were possible, obedience perfect as that of an angel, could never atone for past guilt and demerit.

What is man to do? Is there any hope for him? Can he ever be saved? Yes, brethren. The divine scheme of redemption reaches down even to the helplessness and hopelessness of this condition! Jesus Christ, by the wonderful sacrifice of Himself, has satisfied the demands of the law. A general amnesty has been published to the whole race; and the blessed Father waits with open arms to receive every returning wanderer as a son, freely pardoned and fully absolved.

And now, what most concerns us at this moment is, that no hard and impossible conditions are required of any one who would avail himself of this gracious offer. He is not asked to produce a reformed life and a purified heart, or he would sink in despair at the very threshold of the kingdom. He is not expected to learn obedience to that law which he every day violates, and that is now pronouncing his death sentence. No, no; nothing like this. But with the sentence of death suspended over him—with all his unforgiven sins and transgressions in stark nakedness before his eyes, with all the wretchedness of one who knows that swift destruction follows close behind him, he has only to believe,—believe in the Lord Jesus Christ and his sins of scarlet hue, and guilt of crimson dye, are all forgiven, and room for the miserable outcast is made among the redeemed of the Lord.

There is only one other thought that seems to demand a moment's consideration. It has been said that the faith by which we are justified is not the faith of an impenitent, but of a penitent man—of one who feels his need of salvation. This reminds us that although redemption is *for* man, yet it is not *of* man.

> "Grace first contrived a way
> To save rebellious man,
> And all the steps that grace displays
> Which drew the wond'rous plan."

It is the high prerogative of man to choose *whom* he will serve. But life and death are set before him so clearly that he may know which is life and which is death, without his permission, and oftentimes without his consent. It is the work of the eternal spirit to awaken the conscience and arouse the sleeping sensibilities. In vain is the heart steelclad against its sacred influences; in vain is resistance again and again repeated. Only intent on the sinner's awakening and salvation, it follows him, through all rebuffs, with its warning voice and conscience-stirring appeals, until, amid the tumult of rebellious passions, the soul goes down into the shades of eternal night. It was the voice of this Spirit that awoke, at the midnight hour, the jailor of Phillipi; it led him and his, through human instrumentality, to the crucified Redeemer, and the sun of the next morning shone on a whole household converted to God. It was this Spirit that followed the dying thief down to the very gates of hell; and the plaintive cry wrung from his touched and tendered heart that day gave to the human Savior a human companion in the bliss of Paradise!

That Spirit is here at this hour. All the fitness for salvation Jesus requires is to feel your need of Him.

> "This He gives you:
> 'Tis the Spirit's glimmering beam."

There is but one step more, and gracious assistance is at hand for this step. Believe: believe on the Lord Jesus Christ, and you may know that "that being justified by faith we have peace with God."

Washington Topics and Gossip.

The metropolis has been jubilant this afternoon over the intelligence that Fort Fisher has been captured, and that the "rat hole" of blockade runners has at last been stopped. By a singular coincidence, Major General Butler appeared this morning before the Committee on the Conduct of the War, and he was just explaining why he could not take Fort Fisher, when Senator Chandler (who had been at the White House) came in and announced that Fort Fisher had been taken. Excellent as the General's defence might have been, this news destroyed it, for in these days "success is a duty." As might have been expected, the General blames Admiral Porter, and is severe upon General Grant. He says that he confidently believed from the first that General Grant approved of his going in command of the expedition, nor did he have any reason to think differently until he read General Grant's dispatch.

Some sanguine persons here are confident that peace is at hand, and there is really much talk on the subject, but I can see no indications that those who really control the Government have any disposition to permit the return of the rebellious States, until the passage of the Constitutional anti-slavery amendment, and appropriate legislation, shall have eradicated slavery. Meanwhile, it is not only possible, but probable, that the rebel States will gradually come under the protection of the General Government, and be held under military rule, as Maryland, Kentucky and Louisiana are now held.

Mr. Stevens' bill, presented at the Secretary's suggestion, if adopted, will give Mr. Fessenden authority to issue a total of about $200,000,000 of 7-30 Treasury notes, in addition to those already in circulation. These notes, at maturity, will be convertible into an equivalent amount of 5-20 bonds, and will ultimately increase the coin interest $12,000,000 per annum.

True Heroism.—The Berlin journals relate the following incident which has just taken place in Prussia: A pointsman was at the junction of two lines of railway, his lever in hand, for a train was signalled. The engine was within a few seconds of reaching the embankment, when the man, on turning his head, perceived his little boy playing on the rails of the line the train was to pass over. With an heroic devotion to his duty the unfortunate man adopted a sublime resolution. "Lie down!" he shouted out to the child, but as to himself he remained at his post. The train passed along on its way, and the lives of a hundred passengers were perhaps saved. But the poor child! The father rushed forward expecting to take up only a corpse, but what was his joy on finding that the boy had at once obeyed his order—he had lain down, and the whole train had passed over him without injury. The next day the King sent for the man, and attached to his breast the medal for civil courage.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞ HORRORS OF ENDLESS MISERY.—Rev. A. Bisserman, pastor of the Universalist church, will deliver a discourse on the above named subject, on to-morrow (Sunday) evening, in NEVILLE HALL, corner Fourth and Liberty streets. It will be the second of his revival series. Let the people come and hear.

☞ UNION BAPTIST CHURCH.—There will be preaching every Sabbath by the pastor, Rev. S. Washington, at the Church, Grant street near the corner of Sixth, at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. The public are respectfully invited to attend. su27-3m-evs

BOYLE'S CELEBRATED PILE CURE,

A PURELY VEGETABLE PREPARATION,

And a certain Cure for Piles.

This remedy has been in use over ten years, and has proved an unfailing remedy

FOR THE CURE OF PILES,

as numbers of our citizens have testified, whose certificates can be seen at our store at any time.

Price $1,50 per box.

ja10 N. McCLARRAN & CO., Druggists, 85 Market street, Sole Agents.

TO LET—

One Store Room,

With Room adjoining, is a good business location. Situated No. 45, east side Diamond, Allegheny. For further information

ja20-1w APPLY AT THE PREMISES.

FOR SALE—

ONE FINE

TWO HORSE SLEIGH.

Enquire at

ja20-3t NO. 117 PENN STREET.

TO LET—

A STORE ROOM AND CELLAR,

Opposite the Postoffice, on Smithfield street. Enquire at

ja20-6t FULTON'S DRUG STORE, Fifth street.

TO SPORTSMEN.

Call and examine the only complete stock of Shot Guns, and all kinds of Sporting Equipments in this market.

no5 JAMES BOWN, 136 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF PITTSBURGH.

Late Pittsburgh Trust Company.

Cor. Wood and Fifth sts.,

Financial Agent of the United States.

United States SEVEN THREE-TENTHS Three Years Notes on hand, ready for delivery, with six months Interest Coupons attached. These notes at maturity can be exchanged for 5-20 six per cent. gold bearing Bonds.

TEN-FORTY FIVE PER CENT. gold bearing Bonds may be subscribed for. Interest from September first, with fifty per cent. premium, should be added. Interest on Bonds payable September and March, in gold.

The usual Commission paid to Banks and Bankers.

JAMES LAUGHLIN, Pres.

JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier,

de31-3m

FOUND—

A LARGE STEEL SAFE KEY, on Wood street, which the owner can have by paying for this advertisement. Call at St. Charles Hotel.

ja21 CHAS. H. WILKINS.

FOR SALE—

A comfortable brick DWELLING HOUSE, of six (6) rooms, in the Third Ward, Allegheny. Possession given on the first of April. Enquire of

WM. MILLER, Esq., Saddler,

ja21-3t Federal street. Allegheny.

FOURTH WARD,

ALLEGHENY.

The enrolled men will meet THIS (Saturday) EVENING, at the house of H. F. A. FAULHABER, Chestnut street, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of correcting the enrollment. Every enrolled man is requested to be present, as the time for attending to this matter is quite short, and must be done without delay. A number of non-residents have already been stricken from the enrollment, which, of course reduces the quota of the ward. A list of names will be presented this evening of men who have removed and are not known. It is necessary to locate every removal, and consequently every one who is aware of an absentee should attend this meeting and make the fact known. Now is the time to correct the list. In a day or so Capt. Kirker may assign the quota, when it will be too late to make any alteration. ja21-1t

COPARTNERSHIP

NOTICE.

I have this day associated with me in the Foundery Business ROBERT C. TOTTEN, under the firm name of PENNOCK & TOTTEN, to date from January 2, 1865.

ja21-3t JOSEPH PENNOCK.

WASHINGTON WASHER

AND ARNEDON WRINGER.

We have just received a large supply of the above machines. Parties who have left their orders, and others, can now be furnished if they call soon.

J. KNOX,

ja21-tf No. 29 Fifth street.

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE

FOR RENT.

That dwelling, situate No. 39, Robinson street, Allegheny, containing twelve rooms and bath-room, with wash house, stable and large garden attached. For terms apply on the premises, or at 107 Wood street.

ja21-3t

WALL PAPER,

WALL PAPER.

To make room for new goods we will sell our present stock at reduced rates till the 1st of March next. Buyers can find papers of all grades, and make it their interest to give us a call at No. 107 Market street.

ja21 JOS. R. HUGHES.

PRESBYTERIAN BANNER.

A series of interesting articles, by

REV. W. D. HOWARD, D. D.,

Will be commenced in the next number of the PRESBYTERIAN BANNER.

New subscribers wishing to have the whole of this valuable series, will please send in their names by Tuesday. Terms—Delivered by the carrier, $2 50 per annum; sent by mail, $2 00. Address

PRESBYTERIAN BANNER,

ja21-1t Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOSEPH PENNOCK .... ROBERT C. TOTTEN.

FULTON FOUNDRY.

NINTH WARD, PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Warehouse, No. 141 Wood street.

PENNOCK & TOTTEN.

(Successors to Jos. Pennock and Pennock & Hart.)

MANUFACTURERS OF

CHILL ROLLS, warranted. Nail Machines, Soft Rolls, Squeezers, Puddling, Heating and Annealing Furnace Plates, of improved patterns, plain or corrugated; Bar, Boiler and Plate Iron Shears and Punches, of latest improved patterns, and Rolling Mill Castings and Heavy Machinery generally.

Gas Retorts, Oil stills, Hot Blast Pipes, Driving Pipe, with Bolle's patent wrought iron bands; Sugar Kettles, House Fronts and Window Heads; Gas and Water Pipe, either bonl or flange; Rolls turned and all fitting done to order. A large assortment of Rolling Mill patterns purchased from the "Fort Pitt Foundry." ja21-1y

PURE RYE WHISKY.

California Wines and Brandy.

Finest Cigars in the city.

Hankerchief Extracts, all prices.

Cold Cream for chap'd hands and face.

Pure Glycerine.

Glycerine Camphor and Honey Soap.

Hair Dressing Oils and Pomades.

Dressing Combs.

Hair and Tooth Brushes.

Phalan's Night Blooming Cereus.

Lubin's Cocoanut Cream.

Lindsey's Blood Searcher.

Humphrey's Homoepathic Medicine.

For sale at

FULTON'S Drug Store,

ja21-1t 67 and 69 Fifth street.

FOR SALE—

Pittsburgh Gazette Association Stock.
Culbertson Run Oil do.
Iron City Oil do.
Blood Farm and Ohio Oil do.
Ritchie do do.
Cherry Run and Pit Hole Oil do.
Fifth Ward Bounty Bonds,
Meadow Oil do.
Ohio Valley Oil do.
Tarr, Story and Cherry Run do.
Eldorado Oil do.
Allegheny and Pittsburgh do.
Oil Basin do.

ja21 STEEL & BAILEY.

FOR SALE—

A limited amount of South Western Oil Company of Philadelphia, at the subscription price.

ja21 STEEL & BAILEY.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED

To sell a lot of ground, containing twelve acres, six of which are planted in fruit, adjoining the property of Hugh Lee, Esq.

The property is about a quarter of a mile from the depot of Steubenville road.

Also 160 acres of land, four miles from Lansing, county seat of Alamake county, Iowa, well timbered with heavy white oak.

The Prairie State Road runs through this property. Either of the above will be traded for good oil stocks at market price.

de21 STEEL & BAILEY.

PIANOS AND

AMERICAN ORGANS.

BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO., Phila.,

PIANOS,

and

SMITH'S AMERICAN ORGANS,

The best and cheapest instruments in the U. States. We have, also, pianos of other manufacturers, Gale & Co., Grovesteen & Co., Steinway & Sons, Boardman & Gray, Dunham and others, all of which we will sell lower than any other establishment in the city.

WAMELINK & BARR,

Agents for Bradbury, N. Y., Schomacker & Co., etc.,

ja21 12 Bissell's Block, St. Clair street.

SELLING AT COST.

CLOTH CLOAKS,

AND

PLAID WOOL SHAWLS

A good assortment for sale at cost by

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

ja21 25 Fifth street.

WILL BE CLOSED OUT CHEAP,

AT WHOLESALE,

HOODS,

BREAKFAST SHAWLS,

UNDERSHIRTS,

DRAWERS,

WOOLEN HOSE AND HALF HOSE,

WINTER GLOVES, &c., at

T. T. MYLER & CO.'S,

62 WOOD STREET,

ja21 Corner of Fourth.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK.

Corner Wood and Virgin Alley.

United States Depositary and Financial Agency.

7 3-10 LOAN.

This Bank keeps on hand for sale the 7 3-10 United States Treasury Notes, and takes subscriptions for the same.

This is the POPULAR LOAN—the only Government loan now in market at par—giving those who have money a safe and desirable opportunity for investment.

Two Cents a Day for Each $100.

Those Notes are all dated 15th August, 1864. The interest payable semi-annually on the 15th February and 15th of August, at the rate of $7 30 per $100 per annum. At the expiration of three years (only little over two and a half now) they are exchangable in o the 5-20 Gold Bonds. Commission allowed to purchasers. Interest will be paid at our Banking House

WM. E. SCHMERTZ, President.

JOHN B. LIVINGSTON, Cashier.

C. M. SEIBERT, Assistant Cashier. ja21-2m

DUNKARD CREEK AND CROOKED RUN OIL COMPANY.

Please take notice that the first meeting of the corporation to be called the "Dunkard Creek and Crooked Run Oil Company," will be held on FRIDAY, February the 3d, 1865, at the office of E. Gleason & Co., No. 250 Ohio street, Allegheny, at 3 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of organization, adoption of by-laws, election of officers, &c., and for the purposes authorised, and more particularly specified in an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to corporations for mechanical, manufacturing, mining, and quarrying purposes," approved the 18th day of July, A. D. 1863.

ja20-3t E. GLEASON, Treasurer pro tem.

HEADQUARTERS

Fourth Pennsylvania Cavalry, before Petersburg, Va., Dec. 30th, 1864.—Three hundred and fifty good, able-bodied men wanted, to fill the depleted ranks of the 4th Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteer Cavalry, one of the best and most efficient in the field, the officers being experienced and faithful to the interest of the men. Avoid the draft. Go to the Provost Marshal or any volunteer recruiting officer, and enlist in the 4th Pennsylvania Cavalry, B Company, commanded by First Lieutenant James H. Gret, and G Company, commanded by Captain Daniel C. Boggs.

A. P. DUNCAN,

ja9-1m Lieut. Col. Commanding Regiment.

Cavalry Recruiting Office, 137 Water St.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Proposals in duplicate will be received at this office for the subsistence and lodging of the Recruiting Party and all recruits enlisted at this office for one year, more or less, at the option of the Recruiting Officer. The subsistence to consist of the complete army ration, or, in lieu thereof, good substantial board. Proposals will state the price per day for each man, and the price of board and lodging separate.

The contract will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder. Capt. CLARENCE MAUCK,

ja16-10t 4th U. S. Cavalry, Recruiting Officer.

DRIVING PIPE FOR OIL WELLS

The undersigned has made arrangements with the patentee for the manufacture of DRIVING PIPE for Oil Wells, with BOLLE'S PATENT WROUGHT IRON BANDS.

Parties can be furnished with any size DRIVING PIPE at short notice, and avoid all litigation with reference to patent. Ordinary Cast Iron Bowl and Flange pipe furnished promptly on receipt of order.

JOSEPH PENNOCK,

FULTON FOUNDRY,

ja5-3m OFFICE: 141 WOOD ST.

Office Collector of Internal Revenue, 22d Collection District, Pittsburgh, January 6th, 1865.

THE

Special Income Tax List for 1863,

Approved July 4th, 1864, is now in this Office, and on and after MONDAY, the 9th inst., I will be ready to receive the amount of Taxes assessed.

This Tax must be paid on or before the 25th inst., after that date the penalty of TEN PEN CENT. will be added.

WILLIAM LITTLE,

ja7-10t Collector 22d District Penna.

DUCK CREEK VALLEY OIL COMPANY.

Subscribers to the Capital Stock of this company will please call at the office of Ira B. McVay & Co., corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets, and pay in the amount of their subscriptions.

IRA B. McVAY,

ja20-tf Treasurer.

Office of Stella Oil Company, 29 Wood street, January 19, 1865.

NOTICE—

The holders of Certificates of Stock in this company are requested to return the same to this office and receive in exchange the new issue, now ready.

ja20-1f SAMPLE CAMPBELL, Secretary.

LEGAL NOTICE.

DODGE'S

Invaluable and Unapproachable

OPEN FIRE PLACES.

Any and all persons constructing or using C. Dodge's Improvement for open fire places, patented March 18th, 1856, unless constructed by the subscriber, who has the sole right for this city, will do so at their own risk. Leave orders at corner of Fourth street and Cherry alley, or through Postoffice, box 1476.

ja18-2w GEORGE ALLEN.

VALUABLE OIL LANDS

FOR SALE.

One tract of 126 acres, in Mahoning township, Lawrence county. On this farm two wells are down to the depth of about 280 feet, with an excellent show of oil.

Also, one tract containing about 25 acres, with one well about 300 feet deep, and a splendid show of oil.

The above lands are located in one of the best producing oil territories on the Mahoning river, and adjoining the lands on which the celebrated Strawbridge or Pioneer Well is located.

For full particulars enquire of

ROBERT WRAY, Jr.,

ja17-6t Commercial Broker, No. 4 Hand st.

EMMET HOTEL

FOR SALE.

This old stand, in Allegheny city, corner of Federal street and Isabella, is offered for sale, either with or without the furniture and appliances.

The Lot is 44 feet on Federal street by 100 feet on Isabella. The Buildings all substantial, and recently fitted up in good order. Apply to

WINOFRED SWEENY,

On the premises, or to

ROBB & McCONNELL,

ja20-2w Diamond street, Pittsburgh.

IDLEWILD FOR SALE.

This fine old country residence, with its Forest and Fruit Trees, beautiful Streams, and perenial Springs, comprises twenty acres, and lies within two hundred rods of the East Liberty station.

ja17-eod C. B. SEELY.

JO. H. SIMONDS & CO.,

Agents for the purchase and sale of

Petroleum Lands, Leases, Interests in Oil Wells, &c.

OIL EXCHANGE, corner Liberty and High streets, (opp. Court House,)

FRANKLIN, VENANGO CO., PA.

Lands and interest on all the streams in this region for sale STRICTLY ON COMMISSION. Maps and plans of the entire Oil District kept open for inspection, Directories of all the large cities can be consulted, and leading newspapers of the country kept on file at this office.

All business attended to faithfully and promptly.

ja13-6m-eod-TuTh&Sat

ROBERT ARTHURS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

No. 135 Fourth st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS, &c., of Ohio, Missouri, Wisconsin, Texas, Virginia, New York, Louisiana, Florida, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Illinois, Kentucky and West Virginia.

Special attention given to procuring Charters for Oil and Mineral Companies in West Virginia. The privileges under the laws of this state to such companies are most liberal, and charters can be obtained in a few days after the application is properly filed.

ja20-tf ROBERT ARTHURS.

NOTICE—

TO THE

President, Directors and Stockholders

OF THE

MECHANICS' BANK OF PITTSBURGH.

The undersigned, having been appointed Auditor by the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, in pursuance of Section 5 of the Act of Assembly, approved 22d August, 1864, to ascertain and determine what was the fair and market value of the shares of the said MECHANICS' BANK, at the time of paying the last dividend, will attend to the duties of his said appointment, at the Banking House of said Bank, No. 71 FOURTH STREET, on TUESDAY morning, January 24, 1865, at 10 o'clock.

ja20-4t H. BURGWIN.

FOR SALE.

60 yards 3 inch. Rope.
112 yards 5 inch. Rope.
110 feet Rubber Hose.
1 Hand Truck.
1 pair Platform Scales, No. 7.
1 small Counter Scales.
2 Hand Hoisting Machines,
1 cast iron Hand Pump,
25,700 feet Joist,
1 Wilson's Steam Lard Tank complete, 2,800 lbs.
1 Lard Cooler, boiler iron, complete, 800 lbs.
1 Lined Lard Cooler, complete,
2 Cracklin Presses, complete,
6 Lard Kettles, plates and furnace complete,
65 Empty Bacon Casks,
29 Pickling Tanks, iron hooped, suitable for Oil Tanks,
8 Cleavers,
1 Plow,
1 Cultivator. Enquire of

J. P. PORTER,

ja20-tf at Pork House, Woods Run.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS,

AT

GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S,

92

Market street.

BALMORAL SKIRTS, $3,75, reduced from $5,00.

COBURG CLOTH, 62½ cents, sold at $1,25.

PLIAD AND STRIPE DRESS GOODS, at 31, 37½, 50 and 62½ cents' reduced nearly one half.

BLEACH AND BROWN MUSLINS, 37½ cents.

FLANNELS, very cheap, ja21

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK

For February, 1865.

ANOTHER SENSATION NUMBER,

Containing a beautiful

Steel Plate, Unparalled Colored Fashion Plate.

And about Sixty other Engravings,

suitable to ladies and to the season. See particularly the Colored Fashion in this number.

The Steel Plate is "The Sabbath Eve," containing seven figures; and is a gem of art.

A Valentine engraving, and a Slipper, printed in colors, rather an amusing subject.

To show the cheapness of this number, which is only 25 cents, the slipper pattern and the music would cost in the stores $1. Our subscribers will see by the style and worth of the February number, that we do not, as many publishers are in the habit of doing, exhaust our efforts in the January number.

Bonnets, Headdresses, Caps, Capes, Embroidery, Braiding, Crochet and Netting work, Curious Articles for the Toilet, and many novelties grace this number.

Marion Harland, Mrs. E. F. Ellet, Miss Frost, and Zan Thorne contribute excellent stories.

FOR SALE BY

JOHN P. HUNT,

ja21 59 Fifth street, Masonic Hall.

NEW BOOKS.

Milman's History of the Jews. 3 vols. Price	$6 75
Lamb's Eliana	2 25
D'Israeli's Amenities of Literature 2 vols	4 00
Studies for Stories, by Jean Ingelow	1 75
Enoch Arden. Blue and Gold	1 00
Diary of Kitty Trevylan, by the Author of the Schonberg Cotta Family	1 75
Lyra Americana	2 00
Lyra Anglicana	2 00
Hymns of the Ages—Third Series	2 50

KAY & COMPANY,

ja14 55 Wood street.

NATIONAL BANK ACT OF 1864.

AN ACT to provide a NATIONAL CURRENCY, secured by a pledge of UNITED STATES BONDS, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof. Approved June 3, 1864. Price, 50 cents.

KAY & COMPANY,

ja14 55 Wood street.

SWARTOUT'S PATENT

METALLIC PAPER FASTENERS,

Combining Security, Durability and Rapidity with Economy, and presenting many advantages over all other modes of fastening papers.

They will firmly and securely bind from one to five hundred leaves, are easily applied, and may be removed without injury to the paper.

For sale by

KAY & COMPANY,

ja14 55 Wood street.

LANE'S

IMPROVED RULERS,

with the patent CAPILLARY GROOVE and PAPER CUTTER and RULE COMBINATION; for the use of Book-keepers, Accountants, Desk Clerks, School-boys and others.

Three neat, durable and indispensable articles for the Counting Room combined in one instrument.

KAY & COMPANY,

ja14 55 Wood street.

A FULL STOCK OF

FRENCH MERINOS,

COBURGS.

DELAINES,

and other

DRESS GOODS.

CLOAKS,
LADIES' AND MISSES' SHAWLS,
BARRED FLANNELS,
BLANKETS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
WOOL HOODS,
SHIRT FRONTS,
BUCK GAUNTLETS,
KID GLOVES.

American 6 cord

SPOOL COTTON,

equal to any in the market, &c., &c., as low as can be found anywhere.

Wholesale Dealers

Are invited to call and examine our Stock, at

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

ja7-1t 180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny.

PRESIDENTS OF OIL COMPANIES, read the laws by which you are governed.

DIRECTORS OF OIL COMPANIES, read the laws by which you are governed.

TREASURERS OF OIL COMPANIES, read the laws by which you are governed.

STOCKHOLDERS OF OIL COMPANIES, read the laws by which you are governed.

LAWS OF PENNSYLLANIA, WEST VIRGINIA and OHIO.—Just published, a Pamphlet containing all the above OIL LAWS, of interest to every man owning stock, or connected in any way with Oil Companies, showing HOW SHARES MAY BE FORFEITED AND SOLD, HOW FAR PERSONAL LIABILITY EXTENDS, [illegible] ASSESSMENTS CAN BE MADE, POWERS AND MANNER OF VOTING BY PROXY, AND GENERAL PRIVILEGES AND RESPONSIBILITIES, Under Acts of the LEGISLATURES OF PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO, AND WEST VIRGINIA. Sent by [illegible] receipt of 50 cents. Address [illegible] EDRICK, Harrisburg, Pa.

ja20-2t

REVO[illegible]

A large stoc[illegible]s on hand and for sale by [illegible] BOWN, 136 Wood street,

no5

WANTED.

WANTED—

A DWELLING HOUSE,

with ten or twelve rooms. Allegheny preferred; or a place in the country, with frequent railway communication. Address "H. L. P.,"

ja7-tf Commercial office.

WANTED—

COPYING, BY A YOUNG MAN,

Who writes a good hand. Could devote three or four hours each evening. Address, "A. B. C."

ja20-tf

WANTED—

By a Wholesale House in Pittsburgh,

A FIRST RATE BOOK-KEEPER.

A permanent position and good salary offered.

Address LOCK BOX 3, Postoffice.

ja20-6t

WANTED TO RENT—

A DWELLING HOUSE

For a family of five—no young children. Also,

A SUITE OF ROOMS,

Furnished or unfurnished. Address A. G., at this office. ja17-6t

WANTED—

A wholesale liquor house is desirous of renting or leasing a substantial built

WAREHOUSE,

in a good location. Address "P.,"

ja11-3t Box No. 1535, Pittsburgh P. O.

WANTED—

A ROLL TURNER.

We are in want of a good practical Roll Turner, in our mill; to one that understands his business and can come well recommended we will give liberal wages and constant employment, Pomeroy Iron Co.

WILLIAM LONG, Manager,

ja9-2w Pomeroy, Ohio.

WANTED—

TO RENT OR BUY.

A house containing from seven to ten rooms, in or out of the city.

Address, with term and locality, L.,

no8-tf Lock Box No. 39.

$100 REWARD.

Lost on Tuesday, probably on North Common, Allegheny, a POCKET BOOK, containing over $65 in money and a number of U. S. Coupons, etc.

The above reward will be paid by leaving the Pocket Book and its contents at the office of

Dr. JOHN HAMILTON,

176 Federal st., or 1st National Bank, Allegheny.

ja18-1w

$30 REWARD.

LOST—On Thursday, a GOLD WATCH, hunting-case, on Robinson's Pond, Manchester or Rebecca street, or Ohio lane. Any person finding this watch and leaving it at Rawle's Eating Saloon, corner of the Market House, Allegheny, or at Andrew Ackley's Meat Shop, on the bank of the Monongahela, will receive the above reward. It had a leather worked guard attached. ja16-6t

$1,000.—A PARTY HAVING this amount, and wishing to invest it in a safe and exclusive business, without competition in Pittsburgh, will learn particulars by addressing F. W. B., Post Office,

ja17-5t Pittsburgh, Pa.

LOST—

On Tuesday evening, probably on Fifth or High street, one PLAIN GOLD and one BLACK (ornamented with silver) RINGS. A liberal reward will be paid if returned to No. 86 Wood st.

ja19-3t

BOARDING.

A SINGLE GENTLEMAN can obtain an unfurnished room, with board, in a quiet family. Residence in one of the suburbs, half a square from one of the city railways. Address,

"H. N. E.,"

ja17-1w Pittsburgh Post Office.

TO COAL DEALERS.

TWO PAIRS OF COAL-BOAT BOTTOMS, 165 by 24; 5 pairs COAL-BOAT BOTTOMS, 165 by 24; 2 new COAL FLATS, 80 feet by 16—54 inches deep.

For sale at WIGHTMAN'S Saw Mill, Lawrenceville, by

ja16-1w JOHN C. COUCH.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

that the undersigned will make application to the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, on SATURDAY, February 11th, 1865, to be discharged as acting Executor of the last will and testament of HENRY DINSMORE, deceased, having filed his final account, and the same having been confirmed absolutely by the Court. DAVID DINSMORE,

ja16-3w Acting Executor of Henry Dinsmore, dec'd.

SELECT SCHOOL.

W. H. WAKEHAM, retiring from the profession, this long established and favorite school for male students will be continued under the management of T. E. WAKEHAM.

The next regular session will commence on the 1st of February. For terms, admission of students, &c., apply to Mr. W., either at his residence, No. 37 Union Avenue, or at the School room, (Lecture room of Christ Church,) East Commons, Allegheny. ja5-2w

NOTICE.

The stockholders of the BLUFF MINING CO., of Michigan, are hereby notified that at the instance of a large majority of the stockholders, a stockholders' meeting has been called for the 7th day of February, 1865, at three o'clock p. m., at the office of R. Patrick & Co., in the city of Pittsburgh, for the purpose of accepting or rejecting a proposition for the purchase of their property. General attendance by person or proxy requested. A. W. COPELAND, Sec'y.

Pittsburgh, Pa., January 13, 1865. ja16-6t

COAL, COKE AND LIME,

FIRE BRICK AND TYLE.

The Pittsburgh and Connellsville Gas, Coal and Coke Company are receiving daily from their Connellsville Works, Coal Coke and Lime, which they are prepared to sell at lowest rates. Coal and Coke loaded in cars for Western shipment.

J. MESKIMEN, General Agent,

Office and Yard Marion Avenue, Allegheny city.

de28

FOR SALE—

A FRAME HOUSE,

No. 66, Poplar street, Allegheny, containing four rooms with hall, and good cellar; yard back and front. Possession given April first. Enquire of

ROBERT WRAY, Jr.,

ja19-3t Commercial Broker, No. 4 Hand street.

SUBSTITUTES SUPPLIED.

PARTIES WANTING SUBSTITUTES,

Can be supplied by calling upon

GEORGE WILSON,

ja19-6t at No. 103 Fourth street.

UNION INTELLIGENCE OFFICE AND BOOK STORE.

Merchants, store-keepers, hotels, restaurants, private dwellings, manufactories, farmers, &c., can be supplied with male and female help for any and every occupation, by applying at the Book Store and News Depot, Sixth street, below Smithfield.

c28 JOHN D. EGAN.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION

On the estate of B. C. Sawyer, Sr., late of the city of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Allegheny county, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them for settlement, properly authenticated, to the undersigned. JOHN H. SAWYER,

ja20-3t No. 47 Wood street.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK

Pittsburgh, January 18th, 1865.

An election for NINE DIRECTORS, to serve until the next annual election, will be held at the Banking House, on the 21st day of February next, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock, p. m.

ja19-1m J. W. COOK, Cashier.

Office of the Pittsburgh Insurance Co., January 19th, 1865.

AN ELECTION FOR

DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY,

to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at this office, on THURSDAY, February 2d, 1865, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.

ja19-2w JAS. COLLORD, Secretary.

J. C. TILTON,

31 Fifth street,

DEALER IN

DUCK CREEK OIL LANDS.

312 acres now for sale. e8

LEATHER! LEATHER!

12 doz. Prime Oak-tanned Finished Kips.
15 " " " " Upper Leather.
15 " " " " Calfskins.
200 " " " " Harness Leather.

All of the very best quality. For sale by

C. KIEFER,

des 58 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OIL WELL STEAM ENGINES.

I am prepared to furnish Steam Engines so much approved of for Oil Wells and other purposes, on the shortest notice, having different sized Engines on hand, and finishing others. The public can be accommodated with almost any size they want. The work to show for itself. WILLIAM FISHER, Fifth Ward, between Mechanic and Harrison streets, Pittsburgh. de30-6m

NOTICE

We have this day sold to Messrs. PAINTER, LAUFFER & CO. our entire coal business in both cities, and would cheerfully recommend them to our customers and the public generally, and ask the continuance of their patronage in their behalf. The above sale to take effect on December 1st inst.

no28-tf W. M. & H. CLANEY.

TAKE NOTICE.

All persons having claims against us are respectfully requested to present them for payment, and all persons knowing themselves indebted to us are requested to call and settle, on or before December 15th, as all accounts remaining unsettled at that time will be placed in the hands of the proper officer for collection.

no29-tf W. M. & H. CLANEY.

L. M. O. K. Y. Y.;

WAHOO AND CALISAYA BITTERS
WAHOO AND CALISAYA BITTERS
WAHOO AND CALISAYA BITTERS

Is fast superceding all others.

Is fast superceding all others.

Is fast superceding all others. Sold at

JOSEPH FLEMING'S Drug Store.
JOSEPH FLEMING'S Drug Store.
JOSEPH FLEMING'S Drug Store.
Corner of the Diamond and Market street.
Corner of the Diamond and Market street.
Corner of the Diamond and Market street.

Willison's preparation of Hypophosphites and Blodgetti, the Great Remedy for Consumption and Bronchitis, and all other good Patent Medicines, at

JOSEPH FLEMING'S Drug Store,

ja20 Cor. of the Diamond and Market st.

The Daily Commercial

Various Items.

The Soldier's Dog.

From the Boston Leader.

He starts from the hearth with a low, sad whine,
As the night wind rattles the casement frame,
And looks at me with eyes that shine
As if through tears when I speak your name.
Yonder your empty chair by the wall
Stands, half in the shadow and half in the light,
And the clock ticks in the silent hall
Like a shuddering pulse of the dreary night.

A click of the latch at the garden gate,
Some sounds like steps on the upper floors,
In the still long hours when we sit and wait—
Perhaps for your face at the open doors—
And sigh at last as the ilex tree
Shakes on the pane, and the fancy flies;
Then he lays his shaggy head down on my knee
And looks at me still with those wistful eyes.

Does not a thought of the summers dead
E'er haunt him, following mute and slow
Down the dim old paths we used to tread
In the purple mornings of long ago?
Some long spent wind in the bearded grain,
Some lightsome carol on hedge or thorn,
Lost echoes caught from the reaper's strain
Among the laurels and shining corn.

He listens, I think, for your footsteps still,
In the depths of the woodlands gray and old,
Where the comfortless storms so sobbing at will
And the maples are casting their tawny gold,
For the light come call that he used to hear
Through the sharp, dead rustle of leaf and spray,
But the old ways now are lonely and sear,
And the roar of the cannon is far away.

Far, far away old Rover and we
Must wait at the shadowy hearth alone,
Haunted for aye by some tone of glee,
Some sleepless ghost of the glad days gone:
Come close to my side—there! your rough paws so,
And your brown head here—let the ilex-leaves
Whirl on the pane; ah, we all must know
That the heart that loves is the heart that grieves.

Away, where the bellowing batteries' light
Reddens the dark of the Southern sky,
He has laid him down on the turf to-night,
Thinking, Rover, of you and I,
Grim with the smoke of the trench, or worn
With the toil of the battle, yet seeing there
The lights of home through the distance burn,
And the faces that watch by his empty chair.

Ah, well! the hour grows dark and late,
There will come no step on the silent floors,
No hand to-night at the garden gate,
No smiling face at the open doors,
The shadows deepen along the wall,
But the stars shine through the falling rain;
They trust the best who have staked their all;
Lie down, old friend, at my feet again.

The Hero of Fort Fisher.

Brevet Major General Alfred Howe Terry, commanding the military branch of the expedition against Fort Fisher, is a native of Connecticut, and not more than thirty-five years of age, an officer in the volunteer service, and a gentleman famous in the army, alike for modesty, culture and gallantry. During many years before the war he devoted most of his leisure, outside of the active demands of his profession of the law, to the study of military science, and had served in every capacity—from private to colonel—in one of the "crack" militia regiments in Hartford. At the first call to arms he organized the Third Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers from among the noblest and best of the patriotic young men in the State, and led his command to the field in time to participate in the first battle of Bull Run, bringing the remnant of his regiment out of the riot and confusion of that day in perfect order, and with its morale unshaken. Returning home with his regiment after the expiration of its three months' term of service, Gen. Terry at once took command of the 7th Connecticut Regiment, which was assigned to the expedition under Brigadier General T. W. Sherman, which captured Port Royal, S. C., in November, 1861. Under his command the regiment made a glorious record in the siege operations on Tybee Island, which resulted in the reduction of Fort Pulaski. For his gallant service at this time, the President presented General Terry with a Brigadier's stars, which, *obiter*, it may be remarked, he modestly refused to wear until the Senate confirmed him in his rank. After this he commanded the coast defenses from Port Royal to Key West, and was relieved from that duty to lead his brigade at the hard fought battle of Pocotaligo, S. C., in October, 1862. He subsequently served with great distinction in the capture of Morris Island and the siege of Fort Sumter, and was appointed to the command of the First Division of the Tenth Corps. In April, 1864, when the Tenth Corps was ordered from the Department of the South to report for duty to General Butler, prior to the movement up the James River, and the occupation of City Point and Bermuda Hundred, General Terry came North with his command, and was temporarily placed at the head of the corps, while it was in process of reorganization at Gloucester Point. In all the battles on the James River—at Richmond Turnpike, Drewry's Bluff, Deep Bottom, Petersburg, and on the Varina, New-Market and Charles City roads—Gen. Terry's division has actively engaged, and in the superb handling of his troops he established for himself a high military reputation for skill and valor, and was repeatedly complimented in general orders. When Gen. Gillmore was relieved from the command of the Tenth corps, General Terry was appointed his successor, and his comrades in arms were at one time very sanguine that he would be retained at the head of the corps, particularly as he had just received the brevet title of Major-General for "gallant and meritorious conduct." But the claims of the late Maj. Gen. Birney to the position were considered by the commanding General, to outweigh Gen. Terry's, and the former was appointed to the vacancy. During the brief time intervening between Gen. Birney's assumption of the command and the date of his death—a time marked by active operations both on the part of the rebels and our own forces, on the north side of the James—Gen. Terry's conduct was such as to provoke the admiration of such a tried soldier as Birney, who took every occasion to show his confidence and esteem, especially commending him for the excellent disposition of his division, when, early in October last, the enemy surprised and routed Kautz' cavalry, on the Darbytown road, and followed up their success by an impetuous dash upon Gen. Butler's lines, which Terry met and stayed, sending Lee's flushed rapscallions staggering back, decimated and discomfitted. That was a proud day for the old Tenth Corps—a day in which the indomitable pluck of Terry's Division turned a disaster into a victory. A week after this event Gen. Birney was prostrated by the sickness which laid him in his grave, and Gen. Terry for the third time was called to the command of the Tenth Corps, accepting the honor reluctantly, because it is not pleasant to be the shuttlecock which high military battledores keep in constant transit between a superior and inferior command; but accepting the position, nevertheless, with all proper cheerfulness becoming to an obedient soldier. Here he remained for nearly two months, commanding the old Tenth Corps, now reduced by many a fierce fight, until the aggregate effective force scarcely exceeded a division in numbers, giving satisfaction to his immediate commander, and beloved by his troops. Late in November the Tenth and Eighteenth Corps were consolidated, under the name of the Twenty-fourth Corps, and again General Terry was compelled to give up the command of the corps for the subordinate position of leader of the First Divison of the new organization. He was not long in this command, however, before a chance was given him to distinguish himself more highly than ever. The first expedition to Fort Fisher having proved a failure, a second was organized which, under his leadership, has proved a success, the result fully justifying the judgment and sagacity of General Grant in the selection of its commanding officer.

◆

Illustrative Dialogue.—Mrs. A., accompanied by Mrs. B., recently paid a visit to Tiffany's, and bought there, aided by her friend's counsel, a very stylish assortment of jewelry for her own proper wearing. Before they had quite concluded their purchases, a stranger, whom we will call Mrs. C., came in, and after requiring the services of half the attendants, bought a far more extensive and costly assortment of richly set precious stones, for the adornment of *her* person, whereupon—

Mrs. A. to Mrs. B. (in an undertone)—"Evidently Shoddy."

Mrs. C. (overhearing)—"No, Madam, Petroleum."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

SPECIAL NOTICES

☞ FRANCIS TORRANCE, Notary Public and Commissioner for the States of Ohio, Indiana, Minnesota, Missouri and Massachusetts, appointed and commissioned by the several Governors thereof to take Depositions, Acknowledgements of Deeds, &c., to be used or recorded therein. Office, No. 189 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. au13:6m

☞ A NEGLECTED COLD MAY cause months of suffering, and often ends at last in Consumption, Bronchitis, or other Pulmonary Affection. When neglect is attended by results so dangerous, what can justify the careless indifference of "waiting for a cold to get well itself." If those who are now troubled with Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, &c., would surely avoid the dreadful sufferings of the Consumptive, let them take at once Dr. D. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT, a remedy whose efficacy has been established thirty years. Sold by Druggists everywhere. ja16-st-M-W&S

☞ FOR NEARLY A QUARTER OF a century Matthews' Venetian Hair Dye has been extensively used, and in no case has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

The VENETIAN DYE is the best and cheapest in the world. Its price is only Fifty Cents, and each bottle contains double the quantity of dye in those usually sold for $1.

THIS HAIR DYE is manufactured by a peculiar process which renders it immeasurably superior to any thing in the shape of a Dye now or ever before the people. Being complete in one bottle, no preparation is required, which greatly simplifies the application.

IN USING THIS DYE, you avoid that DUSTY, DIRTY appearance by which dyed hair and whiskers are so readily recognized, when an inferior article has been used: besides, it produces a perfectly natural color of any shade that may be desired—one that will not fade, crock or wash out—one that is as permanent as the hair itself. For sale by Druggists. Price 50 cents.

A. I. MATHEWS, General Agent,
12 Gold street, New York.

Also, Manufacturer of MATHEWS' ARNICA HAIR GLOSS, the best hair dressing in use. In large bottles, price 50 cents. oc29-1y

OIL ENGINES.

We are prepared to furnish Oil Well Engines on the very shortest notice, having them on hand and finishing all the time, of a superior quality, and in sizes to suit purchasers.

NUTTALL & KIRKPATRICK,
Engine Builders, corner of Water street and Middle alley, rear of Schwartz's Drug Store, Allegheny city, Pa. no17 3m

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FOR THE TRADE AND PEOPLE.

from $3 50 to $50 each at G. E. SHAW'S
Practical Optician, 58 Fifth St.
nov1

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ETHER CHLOROFORM NITROUS OXIDE GAS

IN SURGICAL OPERATIONS.

The use of Chloroform and of Nitrous Oxide, or laughing gas, is in all cases attended with danger; but the use of ether, under the observance of certain rules, is absolutely safe, is an opinion founded on 16 or 18 years of close observation and experience, in a practice embracing many thousand cases, can confer a right to judge. Persons are daily, and almost hourly, receiving the benefit of this observation and experience, in operations, which in a natural condition, would be almost unendurable, but which, by the use of ether, are rendered quite pleasant, and yet there are doubters. Let all such call at 278 Penn street, and they shall be convinced. They will also have an opportunity to see those very beautiful Vulcanite Sets of Gum Teeth, at from $12 to $15, far superior to many made elsewhere at $18 to $25. Gold and Silver Sets at proportionate rates. Satisfaction guaranteed in every case.

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278 PENN STREET.

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FIFTH STREET, NEAR WOOD.
Lessee and Manager.................Wm. Henderson.

THREE PIECES—Rag Picker of Paris, El Hyder, My Wife's Maid. Wm. Henderson as Father Jean.

THIS EVENING, will be presented, the beautiful domestic drama, entitled

THE RAG PICKER OF PARIS.
Father Jean.................Wm. Henderson.
(with the entire company in the cast.)
Dance.................Miss Jennie.
To be followed by the popular drama of
EL HYDER.
Mat Mizen.................J. O. Sefton.
To conclude with
MY WIFE'S MAID.
Vestvali will shortly appear.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.
Penn street, near St. Clair.
W. C. SMYTHE.................Lessee and Manager.
Commences at 8 p. m.

TO-NIGHT, the great
Md'lle GALLETI,
Md'lle GALLETI,
In brilliant dances, and the beautiful ballet scene from "Dinorah."

Md'lle Zanfretta, Misses Christie, Roulette, Lamont, Ada May, De Vere, Langley and Lottie, the Corps de Ballet, and the great Double Company, in a monster entertainment.

The great Minstrel Scene,—The popular Comedian,—The Dramatic Company—all appear to-night. ja19-2t

FRED. AIMS' MELODEON,
Late Atheneum—Liberty street.

First week of
BILLY HOLMES.
Continued success of
LITTLE MAC,
JOHNNY MACK.
HELENA SMITH,
HARRY BLOODGOOD,
BUFFALO BOYS,
and
30 Artistic Performers

CITY BILL POSTER.
JAMES THACKREY,
160 Pennsylvania avenue.

Merchants and others wishing large or small show bills posted in conspicuous places in this city, Allegheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to leaving their orders at the "Commercial" office. I rent by the year the principal corners in the city and have the exclusive use of the same. je28:1y

GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE.

HUGUS & HACKE

HAVE DETERMINED TO CLOSE OUT THEIR COMPLETE and MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF WINTER DRY GOODS AT AN IMMENSE REDUCTION. FRENCH MERINOS, worth $1 75, for $1 25. FRENCH MERINOS, worth $2 50, for $1 75. FRENCH MERINOS, worth $3 00 for $2 00. SUPERFINE 5-4 WOOL DE LAINES worth $1 75, for $1 25. A GREAT BARGAIN. MERINO PLAIDS, formerly sold at $1 50, for $1 00; MERINO PLAIDS, sold at $2 00, for $1 50; POPLIN and ALPACA PLAIDS, sold at $1 75 and $2 50, for $1 25 and $1 75; BEAUTIFUL STYLES DARK FIGURED FRENCH MERINOS, reduced from $2 00 to $1 37½. OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF NEW REPS, POPLINS, CASHMERES, COBURGS, EMPRESS CLOTHS, AND DRESS GOODS GENERALLY, SELLING AT A FABULOUS REDUCTION. BALMORAL SKIRTS, THE BEST STOCK EVER OFFERED, FROM $4 00 to $10 00. NEWEST STYLES DOUBLE SHAWLS, SOLD AT $16 00, REDUCED TO $10 00. THESE ARE THE LARGEST AND FINEST MANUFACTURED. REAL WOOL AND SILK BROCHE SHAWLS, for $5, worth $10 00. OUR SPLENDID STOCK OF FASHIONABLE CLOAKS AT COST. PURCHASERS MAY RELY ON THESE GOODS BEING SOLD AS REPRESENTED.

H U G U S . H A C K E .

HUGUS & HACKE,
Cor. Market and Fifth.
ja17-1m

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A. B. ENGLISH & CO.,
BOOK PUBLISHERS,

are prepared to do BOOK PRINTING, BOOK BINDING in all styles from the plainest to the most costly, and make

BLANK BOOKS

to order, which they will warrant to give satisfaction in every respect. Orders may be left at their store, No. 79 Wood street, or at their Printing House and Book Bindery, No. 96 Fourth street, Pittsburgh. no30

W. S. HAVEN,
PLAIN AND FANCY JOB PRINTER;
PAPER DEALER AND STATIONER,
Corner of Wood and Third streets, Pittsburgh.
BOOK BINDING of all styles, from the Plain Paper to the Highly Ornamental and Rich Gilt or Antique Style. se7

LITHOGRAPHY.

The Lithographic establishment of Krebs & Bro., corner of Wood and Fifth street, has been removed to Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth street, to the rooms formerly occupied by Wm. Schuchman. Having purchased the entire Lithographic and Printing Establishment of Wm. Schuchman, I am now prepared to execute all orders for Lithographic work on shortest notice, and at most reasonable prices.
ja4 OTTO KREBS.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

SMOKING TOBACCO AND PIPES

Turkish, Killikinick, Fancy Papered Tobacco; Virginia, Big Lick, Cut and Dry, in bulk. Sold for lowest price, at

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No. 6 Federal street, Allegheny.
N. B.—Liberal discount to trade. ja14

E. PICHL,
DEALER IN
CIGARS, TOBACCO, etc.,
ja29:1y No. 73 Third street, two doors below Market.

THE BANNER AND UNION
TOBACCO MANUFACTORIES,
Nos. 31 St. Clair street and 53 and 55 Hand street,
PITTSBURGH,
The choicest and most elegant brands of Cigars and Tobacco manufactured and for sale by E. MEGRAW, oc21-1y

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Also, a large supply of all kinds of
Groceries and Produce,
constantly on hand.
J. T. GLEASON,
se13 6m No. 26 s. e. cor. Smithfield and 2d sts

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No. 124 FIRST STREET
Agent for the sale of Cornwall Pig Metal.

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WHITMORE, WOLFF, DUFF & CO.,
(Sign of the Anvil.) Importers and Dealers in
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
Three doors above St. Charles Hotel, No. 50 WOOD STREET Pittsburgh. ju11

FINE BRANDY.—26 cases Cognac, "Otard, Dupuy & Co." brand. In store and for sale by ja7 MILLER & RICKETSON.

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Cashier of 7th Ward Bank, N. Y.

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JOHN W. BURNHAM, Merchant,
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JOHN M. D. TAYLOR, Merchant,
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Cashier Niagara Bank, Lockport, N. Y.

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President Manhattan Bank, N. Y.

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JOHN SNYDER,
Cashier Bank of Pittsburgh.

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No. 98 Front street, N. Y.

"The favorable opinions already expressed by gentlemen of competent authority are well deserved and in this case very properly bestowed."
CHARLES M. LEUPP,
LEOPOLD BIERWORTH,
ROBERT KELLY,
Special Committee of the Chamber of Commerce, New York.
[Extract from the Minutes.]
PROSPER M. WETMORE, Secretary.

"Your Committee unanimously concur in the opinion of the utility of the improved method of Mr. Duff."
GURDON J. LEEDS,
Recording Secretary of the American Institute, N. Y.

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Winter Cloaks, at cost,

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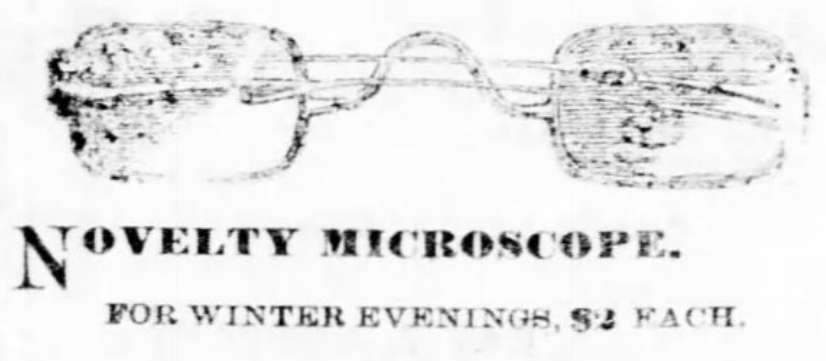

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The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and cannot do harm to the most delicate; certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

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Also, a Lot of Ground on Penn street and Maddock's alley (a private alley 20 feet wide,) at the distance of 60 feet from Irwin street, fronting 40 feet on Penn street, and running back 80 feet, on which is erected two two-storied frame buildings on Penn street, running back 60 feet, and one two-storied frame building 20 feet front on Maddock's alley, running back 40 feet towards Irwin street. Subject to an annual ground rent of $40 per annum.

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An almost new first class three story BRICK HOUSE, one hundred feet long, with two halls, from the front, well arranged, for a boarding house, hotel, or two or more private residences. A fine orchard on the lot, located in a county seat, within an hours ride of the city by railroad. For particulars enquire of

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A steam Planing and Sawmill, situated at Monongahela City, with the necessary machinery, now doing a large and paying business; with double Dwelling, Boat Yard, &c., all in good order. Lot 275 feet river front, and in depth 200 feet. This affords a good opportunity to men wishing to engage in the lumber business. For terms, &c., apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of G. S. BATES,
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Five Acres on the Minersville Turnpike,

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The easy access to this property, by good common roads, as well as by steam and horse railways, the neighborhood, and the character of the ground itself, combine to make it a desirable Site for the

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The House and Lot now occupied by the undersigned, finely situated on the Butler Plankroad, near the Allegheny city line. Size of Lot 50 by 175 feet. The House is a substantially built two story double Brick House, containing seven rooms, hall and finished garret, with all modern improvements, as bath room, gas, hot and cold water, &c., all in the best order. Possession can be given immediately. For further particulars inquire of

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That desirable business stand No. 60 Smithfield street, near the corner of Fourth street, on which is a substantial brick building. For terms, inquire of

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TWO OIL ENGINES.

Two ten horse power Engines and Boilers.
One set 2¼ inch. Boring Tools, by
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The Bank having been organized under the National Currency Act, is now prepared to do a general Banking Business.

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TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, January 5, 1865.

WHEREAS,

By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned it has been made to appear that the

Farmers' Deposit National Bank
OF PITTSBURGH,

In the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress, entitled "an Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Bonds and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said act.

Now, therefore, I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Farmers' Deposit National Bank of Pittsburgh, in the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this 5th day of January, 1865. (Signed)
[L. S.] HUGH McCULLOCH,
ja9-2m Comptroller of the Currency.

WHEREAS,

THE AUDITOR GENERAL,

As required by the 11th section of the act entitled "An act enabling the Banks of this Commonwealth to become associations for the purpose of banking under the laws of the United States," passed on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1864, has certified to me that

The Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank
OF THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH,

has furnished satisfactory evidence to him that all the requirements of said act have been complied with by the said Bank, and that it has become an association for the purpose of banking under the laws of the United States.

I do, therefore, cause this notice thereof to be published in accordance with the provisions of the said 11th section of the said act, and do declare that the Charter of said Bank, by the terms of said act, is deemed and taken to be hereupon surrendered, subject to the provisions of the first section of said act.

A. G. CURTIN.
EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,
HARRISBURG, Dec. 27th, 1864. de30-3w

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.
OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, December 10th, 1864.

WHEREAS,

by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned it has been made to appear, that the

"Citizens' National Bank"
OF PITTSBURGH,

in the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3d, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking under said Act.

Now, therefore, I, HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "Citizens National Bank," of Pittsburgh, in the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this 10th day of December, 1864.
[L. S.] HUGH McCULLOCH,
de14-2m Comptroller of the Currency.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, December 8th, 1864.

WHEREAS,

by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear, that the

Merchants & Manufacturers National Bank
OF PITTSBURGH,

in the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3d, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act, required to be complied with, before commencing the business of Banking under said Act.

Now, therefore, I, HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "Merchants and Manufacturers National Bank," of Pittsburgh, in the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this 8th day of December, 1864.
[L. S.] HUGH McCULLOCH,
de13-2m Comptroller of the Currency.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, December 31, 1864.

WHEREAS,

By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the

'Iron City National Bank of Pittsburgh,'

in the City of Pittsburgh, in the County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking under said act.

Now, therefore, I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency do hereby certify that "The Iron City National Bank of Pittsburgh," in the City of Pittsburgh, in the County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the act aforesaid.

[L. S.] In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this thirty-first day of December, A. D. 1864.
HUGH McCULLOCH,
ja4-2m Comptroller of the Currency.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, December 31st, 1864.

WHEREAS,

By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the

Tradesmen's National Bank of Pittsburgh,

in the City of Pittsburgh, in the County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking under said act:

Now, therefore, I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Tradesmen's National Bank of Pittsburgh," in the City of Pittsburgh, in the County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the act aforesaid.

[L. S.] In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this thirty-first day of December, 1864.
[Signed] HUGH McCULLOCH,
ja4-1m Comptroller of the Currency.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, December 30, 1864.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the

Pittsburgh National Bank of Commerce

in the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Bonds and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said act;

Now, therefore, I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Pittsburgh National Bank of Commerce," in the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid,

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and
[L. S.] seal of office, this 30th day of December, 1864
HUGH McCULLOCH,
Jan4-2m Comptroller of the Currency.

WHEREAS,

The Auditor General is required, by the 11th section of the Act entitled "An Act enabling the Banks of this Commonwealth to become associations for the purpose of banking under the laws of the United States," has certified to me that the CITIZENS' BANK OF PITTSBURGH has furnished satisfactory evidence to him that all the requirements of said act have been complied with by the said bank, and that it has become an association for the purpose of banking, under the laws of the United States.

I do, therefore, cause this notice thereof to be published, in accordance with the provisions of the said 11th section of the said act, and do declare that the charter of said bank, by the terms of said act, is deemed and taken to be hereupon surrendered, subject to the provisions of the first section of said act.

A. G. CURTIN.
ja7-3w Governor of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGHENY BANK, Pittsburgh, Dec. 24, 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN agreeably to Section 2 of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act enabling Banks of the Commonwealth to become associations for the purpose of Banking, under the laws of the United States," approved the 22d day of August, A. D 1864, that the stockholders of the Allegheny Bank, of the city of Pittsburgh, and county of Allegheny, have this day voted to become such an association, under the name and title of "The Allegheny National Bank of Pittsburgh," and that its directors have procured the authority of the owners of more than two-thirds of the capital stock to make the certificate required therefor by the laws of the United States.
de26-30t J. W. COOK, Cashier.

SHINGLES—
100,000 for sale by
no12-tf MILEINGAR & BIDWELL.

BANKS, DIVIDENDS, &C.

IN ORDER TO FURTHER

The design of the National Bank law, to provide a uniform currency, and to relieve this community from the loss incident to the circulation of depreciated bank notes, the following banks have agreed that on and after the 1st of February, 1865, they will pay out only such money as will be received at par on deposit and in payment of all debts due them. They will purchase from their customers all distant State bank notes, which they may receive in the regular course of business, at the net cost of sending them home for redemption, but will not receive such funds on deposit as "currency."

It is confidently believed that this arrangement will very speedily abolish the existing custom of keeping "currency accounts, and by sending home the great volume of State bank paper now in circulation here, give place to a better class of notes not subject to discount. To give full effect to this arrangement, the acquiescence and co-operation of the business community is respectfully solicited.

JOHN D. SCULLY,
Cashier First National Bank.
R. A. GEORGE,
Cashier Farmers' Deposit Banking Company.
G. A. ENDLY,
Cashier German Trust and Savings Bank.
JOHN B. LIVINGSTON,
Cashier Third National Bank of Pittsburgh.
J. R. McCUNE,
President Union Banking Company.
FRANCIS SELLERS,
President Citizens' National Bank,
C. H. RIGGS,
Assistant Cashier Second National Bank.
J. W. COOK,
Cashier Allegheny Bank.
ja9—tfe1

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, January 16th, 1865.

WHEREAS,

By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the

Allegheny National Bank of Pittsburgh,

in the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3d, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said act.

Now, therefore, I, HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "Allegheny National Bank" of Pittsburgh, in the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this 16th day of January, 1865.
[L. S.] HUGH McCULLOCH,
ja18-2m Comptroller of the Currency.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.
OFFICE CONTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, January 11th, 1865.

WHEREAS,

By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the

Mechanics' National Bank of Pittsburgh,

In the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled an Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act, required to be complied with, before commencing the business of Banking under said Act.

Now, therefore, I, HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Mechanics National Bank, of Pittsburgh, in the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office, this 11th day of January, 1865.
[L. S.] HUGH McCULLOCH,
ja13-7m Comptroller of the Currency.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, January 12th, 1865.

WHEREAS,

By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned it has been made to appear that

"The Union National Bank of Pittsburgh"

in the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3d, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act required to be complied with, before commencing the business of Banking under said Act;

Now, therefore, I, HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "THE UNION NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH," in the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this twelfth day of January, 1865.

[L. S.] HUGH McCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.
ja14-1w

IRON CITY BANK, Pittsburgh, Dec. 22, 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, Agreeably to Section 2 of the act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act enabling Banks of the Commonwealth to become associations for the purpose of Banking, under the laws of the United States," approved the 22d day of August A. D 1864, the stockholders of the Iron City Bank, of the city of Pittsburgh, and county of Allegheny, have this day voted to become such an association, under the name and title of "The Iron City National Bank of Pittsburgh," and that its Directors have procured the authority of the owners of more than two-thirds of the capital stock to make the certificate required therefor by the laws of the United States.
de26-1m JOHN MAGOFFIN, Cashier.

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION CO.,
PITTSBURGH, January 12, 1864.

THE BOARD OF MANAGERS

Of the MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY have this day declared a dividend on the stock of said company of FIVE PER CENT. for the past six months, or TWO DOLLARS AND A HALF A SHARE, free from United States Revenue Tax, payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives forthwith.
W. BAKEWELL,
ja13 Treasurer.

GERMANIA OIL COMPANY
OF PITTSBURGH.
President: H. P. MUELLER, 156 Fourth-st.
Sec'y and Treas: R. HONEGGER, 351 Liberty-st.
Directors:
H. P. MUELLER, Pittsburgh.
ADAM REINEMAN, do.
C. SCHWEITZER, Canton, O. se19-tf

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

NEW YORK, January 11, 1865.

The Board of Directors of the TACK PETROLEUM CO., have this day declared a dividend of TWO PER CENT. for the month of December last.

The above dividend will be payable to Pittsburgh Stockholders at the office of the undersigned, on and after the 22d inst.

RICHARDSON, HARLEY & CO.,
ja14-6t 19 Irwin street.

GREAT AMERICAN OIL CO.,

The subscribers to the Capital Stock of this Company are notified that there will be a meeting of stockholders for the purpose of electing officers and organizing said Company, at the People's Insurance office, city of Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of January next, at 2 o'clock, p. m.

BALIMAN GOE,
JAS. McGREW,
de29-tf JOHN WATT.

ROBBINS'
HERMETICAL BARREL.

VALENTINE'S FREIGHT EXPRESS AND THROUGH TICKET OFFICE,
163 Broadway, cor. Dey st., (Oil Depot, Jersey City,
NEW YORK, November 26, 1864.

A. A. TAYLOR, *Actuary*,
158 Broadway.

We have received at our Yard at Penhorn City, New Jersey, an invoice of Refined Petroleum from Titusville, Pa., one of the Barrels having the Brand of the "Hermetical Barrel Co." (Robbin's Patent.) A careful examination of this cask shows it to be in perfect order, no evaporation or leakage, and the wood as dry as before it was filled. The other barrels of the invoice were in fair order, but had leaked or evaporated about two gallons each. We cheerfully recommend the Hermetical Barrel to Refiners and Shippers of Petroleum.
TREMBLEY, PHELPS & CO.

NEW YORK, October 28th, 1864.

A. A. TAYLOR, *Actuary*,
153 Broadway.

We received at our Depot, Jersey City, on the 13th of October last, an envoice of Petroleum from Titusville, Penn'a., of which were four barrels having the brand of the "HERMETICAL BARREL COMPANY, ROBBINS' PATENT." A careful examination of these barrels shows them to be in perfect order. No evaporation or leakage. The outside of the wood of the barrels are as dry as before they were filled. We understand the above shipment was three weeks on the road, and was transhipped three times, since they have been at our Depot. They have been subject to considerable rough treatment and exposure to sun and rain. A few days ago they were gauged and found to contain all the Oil that was originally put in them. The loss of Petroleum from leakage and evaporation between here and Oil Creek amounts to from five to twenty per cent. We have no doubt the ROBBINS HERMETICAL BARREL would save this entire loss, as well as all losses of Petroleum when on storage.

E. H. VALENTINE,
Superintendent.

We will be prepared in a short time to furnish to Refiners, Barrel Manufacturers and Dealers in Crude Oil, Samples of Barrels prepared by ROBBINS' process, which will demonstrate to all interested that this Barrel is all that is claimed for it, A HERMETICAL BARREL, that it will hold Crude Oil, Refined Oil, Naptha, Spirits of turpentine, &c., without leakage or evaporation for months, and without injury in the slightest degree. The process of preparing Barrels by ROBBINS' method is very simple and cheaper than most other processes in use, and *is effectual.* Applications for Licenses for using the above process through LIPPINCOTT, FRY & CO. For further particulars see pamphlets, which can be had at our office.

LIPPINCOTT, FRY & CO.,
No. 122 First street,
de20-1 PITTSBURGH.

VINEGAR.
H. REDENBACH & SONS,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
PURE CIDER VINEGAR,
oc2-1y No. 150 Ohio Street, Allegheny.

JOHN MOORHEAD,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
FOR THE SALE OF
Pig Iron and Blooms,
No. 74 Water street, Pittsburgh.

Also, Agent for the Pottsville Rail Mill. Orders solicited for T rails, 22, 25, 28, 32, 4 , 45, 50 and 56 pounds to the yard, and Street Rails, Philadelphia Pattern, 4 pounds to the yard. ap7 1y.

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

No. 57 Market street, Pittsburgh.

Buy and sell at market rates—
U. S. 6 per cent. 5-20 Bonds.
U. S. do. 1881 Bonds.
U. S. 5 per cent. 10-40 Bonds.
U. S. Seven-Thirties.
U. S. 6 per cent. one year certificates.
And all other U. S. Securities, Bank Notes and Coin.
Stocks and Bonds of every description
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
au10

Finance and Trade.

BANKERS' AND BROKERS' BOARD.

S. McCLEAN, PRES. | R. PATRICK, V. PRES.
S. S. BRYAN, SECRETARY.

Meets Daily at 11½ O'Clock, A. M.

TRANSACTIONS JAN. 20, 1865, AT THE BOARD.

	Bid.	Askd.
U. S. 5-20	109 00	......
U. S. 10-40	......	102 50
U. S. Certificates	17 00	......
Connellsville 6s	81 00	......
Steubenville Scrip	......	55 00
Allegheny Gas	......	38 50
Pennsylvania Insurance	......	16 00
Allegheny Valley R. R.	......	12 00
Connellsville R. R.	12 50	......
Connellsville Interest	12 25	13 50
Pittsburgh and Steubenville	......	9 75
Exchange Bank	75 00	......
Merchants' & Manufacturers'	......	80 00
Fourth National Bank	......	175 00
Columbia Oil	......	85 00
Phillips	......	5 00
Eldorado	4 62½	......
Cherry Run and Pit Hole	......	1 00
Union Lubric	......	95
Tarr, Story and Cherry Run	......	1 10
Ritchie	......	1 12
Cherry Run Central	......	2 00
New York and West Virginia	......	4 00
Oil Creek and Cherry Run	3 62½	......
Banner	......	90
Pittsburgh and Boston Copper	......	95
Gold	......	207 00
SALES.		
Pittsburgh & Steubenville R. R.	......	9 00

Philadelphia Stock Exchange Sales.

[REPORTED BY CLARKSON & CO., BANKERS, PHILADELPHIA.]

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 20.

Caldwell, 6@6¼; Curtin, 13 at close; Dalzell, 8¼; El Dorado, 1¼; Maple Shade, 26@30; Densmore, 6@6¼; Noble and Delameter, 9¾@10; Seneca, 8¾; St. Nicholas, 4; Walnut Island, sales at 3. Gold has apparently touched bottom for the present, and has risen 2¾ from its lowest quotation to-day.

FRIDAY, January 20—P. M.

The Ohio oil region is attracting attention in Boston, as the following extract shows. Our people have for some time past been investing in that direction, and good strikes have been already made. We look for further good results from the energetic management of the Muskingum and other companies recently organized to operate in Ohio. Alluding to the Ohio oil region, the Boston *Commercial Bulletin* says:

"Among the new speculative enterprises in that market that will make their appearance with the opening of spring, will be several petroleum companies. Indications are that these will not be on the gigantic capital style of some of the Philadelphia companies, but average from $300,000 to $500,000. The West Virginia and Ohio lands will be favorites with Eastern men. The richness of this portion of the oil producing country running through West Virginia and Southeastern Ohio, is attracting the attention of capitalists. The great oil belt of Ohio in particular, which has received but little attention in comparison with other localities, gives unmistakable indications of an immense deposit of oleaginous matter.

We have recently made a thorough personal examination of a large portion of the Ohio regions in company with an early explorer and also an old pioneer, who years ago was wont to travel over them with an axe and rifle on hunting expeditions—long before the oil springs were thought to be anything more than a curiosity—and in comparing the indications and external appearances as well as present developments with those of Venango county, Pa., which we visited last fall, we shall not be surprised at even richer developments than those of that now noted country.

It is an established fact that the Ohio oil is of more than double the value of the Pennsylvania, owing to its superior quality and purity, while the large deposits of coal on the oil lands renders fuel literally "cheap as dirt."

We met during our excursion two or three representatives of Boston capitalists, who, with that caution that belongs to our merchants, had gone out to see for themselves the character, position, and probable value of the property before making investments. Besides the satisfactory tests showing the presence of oil, and the quality of that obtained from the wells already sunk, those who purchase in this locality now will probably be able to buy either of the original owner or first purchaser, while the Pennsylvania region farms have changed hands so often that there is but little chance at this time of obtaining any that are not worthless except at fabulous prices."

—A still further decline in Gold and Government and Railroad securities is noticed to-day. Our Eastern quotations will give particulars. Our local stocks are not in the market sufficiently to notice the effect on them. The only transactions we hear of to day in them was a sale of Pittsburgh and Steubenville at 9, which is a material decline from the price realized some weeks since.

The fact that a much heavier decline occurred to-day in five-twenties than in other Government loans, is accounted for by the bill reported by Mr. Stevens, extending the power to issue 7-30 notes convertible into 5-20s at maturity.

SALES AT THE PEOPLE'S EXCHANGE.

500 shares	Cherry Run and Pit Hole	...	95
500 do	do do	...	94
500 do	do do	...	93
400 do	Ross	...	1 45
400 do	do	...	1 70
125 do	Tarr, Story & Cherry Run.		1 03
100 do	Fleming and Blood	...	3 00
1,000 do	Ritchie	...	1 10
500 do	Cherry Run & Pittsburgh	...	98
1,000 do	do do	...	1 00
500 do	Cherry Run & Pit Hole	...	92½
500 do	do do	...	93
500 do	do do	...	93
100 do	Ritchie	...	1 12½

Attendance good and bidding spirited. The principal excitement was in Ross, which sold at $1 45, and afterwards at $1 70; and closed at that bid. $1 80 was asked.

Blood Farm and Ohio $1 75 bid, $1 90 asked; Cherry Run Central, $1 80 bid, $1 85 asked; Eldorado, $1 65 bid; McAboy, 85 bid, 95 asked. Ritchie sold at $1 10, and closed at $1 12½.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, Saturday, January 21, 1865.

Business remains inactive. The stock to operate with being very limited, the sales were of a limited description. The large decline in gold in the New York market has produced a depressing effect on the market, buyers being inclined to hold off. On the other hand the light supply on hand makes holders careless. All things considered, we left the market in a very unsettled state. The rates were about the same: Crude 38@39c, packages returned; 43@44c packages included. The entire stock of crude in this market, outside of the refineries, will not exceed one thousand barrels. In refined oils prices ruled about the same. Neither buyers nor sellers appear anxious to operate at this time. We expect the market will become more settled in a few days. The rates may be considered as nominal. Free, 87@88c; bonded, 67@68c, as per quality. The demand for tar is improving; the sales, however, were not large. Benzine was in fair demand, with sales of free at 40c, the only operations that came under our notice.

CRUDE OIL—On account of the small stock on hand former prices have been sustained. Sales 250 bbls at 43c, packages included—this would be equal to 38c, packages returned.

REFINED—The demand yesterday was confined to small parcels to meet the wants of the home market, with an occasional lot for export West, while the supply on hand is amply sufficient for all ordinary purposes; holders manifest no disposition to accept lower prices. The only sales reported were 110 bbls free at 87½c; 50 do at 88c per gallon. Bonded was held at 67@68c.

TAR—Was more inquired for. Sales of 50 bbls at $7 50 per bbl. Some holders were demanding higher prices.

BENZOLE—The rates were nominal; bonded, 20c; free, 40c, with sales of 50 bbls at the latter figure.

Imports Oil per Allegheny Valley R. R.

GOING EAST.

Wormser & Co., 56 barrels benzine for Philadelphia.
Dilworth & Co., 70 barrels refined for Philadelphia.
Forsythe Bros. & Co., 70 barrels refined for Philadelphia.
Lockhart & Co., 49 barrels tar for New York.
Bell & Co., 51 barrels refined for Philadelphia.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Imports per Allegheny Valley R R.—Martin, O & B, 1 car iron; F Van Gorder, 10 pkgs mdse; Reese, G & Dall, 2 cars metal; C Lee Sr, 24 bush apples, 80 do oats, 10 do wheat; G Richey, 29 bush potatoes; Adams & A, 16 bush feed; R S Miller, 85 bush corn; J & W Fairley, 142 do corn; J A Masurie, 10 do oats; J S Stewart, 56 pkgs corn; Thos Bell, 40 bbls whiskey, 20 sks flour.

Imports per Pittsburgh, F. W. & C. R. R.—J Porterfield, 40 sks flour; C Keifer, 195 pkgs hides; J Reese, 1 car brick; J Moorhead, 1 car metal; J Wood & Son, 2 cars metal; W McCutcheon, 100 bbls flour, Thos Moore, 57 bags oats; C L Caldwell, 40 tcs lard, 1000 shoulders; J Y McLaughlin, 579 hides; Col Cross, 640 sks oats.

Per Cleveland and Pittsburgh R. R.—Pennock, Ball & Co, 58 bbls oil; B Rafferty, 150 bush corn; E Hazelton, 20 kgs barley; L Jones & Co, 20 bbls beans; L H Voight, 15 sks seed; Godfrey & Clarke, 185 bdls paper.

Imports of Pig Iron for December, 1864

BY THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

The following are the receipts of Pig Iron for the month of December, 1864, by the Pennsylvania Railroad, together with the names of the consignees and the weight. The past month exhibits a large increase over the previous one:

Date.	Name.	Pounds.
Dec.1,	Nimick & Co	75,386
1,	Geo S Bryan & Co	364,308
1,	J Moorhead	127,252
1,	Fort Pitt Foundry	19,144
2,	Nimick & Co	102,534
2,	J Moorhead	173,700
2,	G S Bryan & Co	44,862
3,	Nimick & Co	111,958
3,	J Moorhead	81,840
5,	Fort Pitt Foundry	18,984
5,	J Moorhead	41,224
5,	S M Wickersham	45,760
5,	Fort Pitt Foundry	23,450
5,	H Critchlow	132,830
6,	J Moorhead	90,394
6,	Nimick & Co	130,840
7,	J Moorhead	108,600
7,	Fort Pitt Foundry	39,866
7,	Nimick & Co	161,414
8,	J Moorhead	121,486
8,	Geo S Bryan & Co	88,488
8,	Fort Pitt Foundry	27,118
8,	Henry Critchlow	18,144
8,	Fort Pitt Foundry	19,404
10,	J Moorhead	354,361
10,	S M Wickersham	19,570
10,	Nimick & Co	136,574
12,	J Moorhead	41,874
13,	J Moorhead	189,150
13,	G S Bryan & Co	156,554
14,	J Moorhead	428,510
14,	G S Bryan & Co	134,444
15,	G S Bryan & Co	239,724
15,	J Moorhead	42,224
15,	S M Wickersham	13,080
15,	Nimick & Co	135,648
16,	J Moorhead	236,996
16,	G S Bryan & Co	180,964
16,	Fort Pitt Foundry	17,236
17,	Geo S Bryan & Co	179,690
17,	J Moorhead	285,998
17,	S M Wickersham	226,974
17,	Nimick & Co	44,512
17,	S M Wickersham & Co	90,552
19,	Henry Critchlow	56,850
19,	Geo S Bryan & Co	22,680
19,	J Moorhead	40,834
19,	Fort Pitt Foundry	37,388
19,	J Reamer	62,398
20,	Geo S Bryan & Co	110,384
20,	J Moorhead	118,818
20,	S M Wickersham	137,640
21,	S M Wickersham	246,248
21,	Fort Pitt Foundry	58,970
21,	R C Loomis	207,220
21,	J Moorhead	310,124
21,	S M Wickersham	226,800
21,	Shoenberger & Co	56,012
21,	Fort Pitt Foundry	21,562
21,	George S Bryan & Co	90,076
22,	J Moorhead	21,412
22,	S M Wickersham	82,818
23,	J Moorhead	306,950
23,	Geo S Bryan & Co	67,486
24,	J Moorhead	264,714
24,	George S Bryan & Co	45,360
24,	Fort Pitt Foundry	34,682
24,	R C Loomis	112,359
26,	G S Bryan & Co	314,094
26,	S M Wickersham	90,930
26,	J Morehead	399,358
26,	Fort Pitt Foundry	36,670
28,	Fort Pitt Foundry	19,944
28,	J Reamer	85,040
28,	S M Wickersham	179,240
28,	Wood & Co	134,024
28,	J Moorhead	463,766
28,	G S Bryan & Co	114,824
29,	J Moorhead	425,000
29,	J Wood & Co	112,000
29,	S M Wickersham	454,202
29,	J Moorhead	98,857
29,	R C Loomis	89,624
29,	J Reamer	84,380
29,	Fort Pitt Foundry	18,141
29,	Shoenberger	18,000
29,	G S Bryan & Co	218,600
29,	J Wood & Co	85,816
29,	J Moorhead	215,000
31,	Fort Pitt Foundry	30,000
31,	Fort Pitt Foundry	10,000
31,	J Moorhead	398,794
31,	G S Bryan & Co	67,300
31,	J Wood & Co	22,400
31,	Shoenberger & Co	448,000
31,	H Critchlow	244,160
31,	S M Wickersham	67,000

Imports Pittsburgh and Cleveland Railroad.

The following are the receipts of Pig Iron, Copper and Ore received by the Pittsburgh and Cleveland Railroad for the month ending December, 1864, together with the date, consignees, number of cars and the weight:

1864.	Consignees.	No. Cars.	Pounds.
Dec. 1,	Graff, Byers & Co	2	42 210
1,	McKnight & Co	2	43 690
1,	Lyon, Shorb & Co	2	43,740
1,	Shoenberger & Co	1	19,090
2,	James Wood & Co	1	20 000
2,	W. J. Hammond	1	20,000
2,	Lloyd & Black	2	41,200
2,	Graff, Byers & Co	2	41,040
2,	Lyon, Shorb & Co	1	21,150
2,	McKnight & Co	1	20,110
2,	Wood, Morrell & Co	2	40,000
3,	Moorhead & Co	2	41,840
3,	Lloyd & Black	1	21,920
6,	Nimick & Co	4	80,000
1,	Do.	4	80,000
3,	Do.	5	100,000
5,	Do.	4	80,000
8,	Do.	1	20 000
9,	Do.	2	40,000
10,	Do.	1	20,000
12,	Do.	1	20,000
13,	Do.	2	40,000
14,	Do.	7	140,000
14,	Zug & Co	1	19,710
14,	Lloyd & Black	1	21,810
14,	Wood, Morrell & Co	3	54,000
15,	Lloyd & Black	1	21,860
15,	Martin, Oliver & Brickell.	1	20,539
15,	Nimick & Co	3	60,000
16,	do	4	80,000
16,	Lyon, Shorb & Co	1	20 440
17,	Thos. M. Howe, copper ore	4	66,114
17,	Nimick & Co	1	20,000
17,	Martin, Oliver & Brickell.	3	58,920
17,	McKnight & Co	1	21,020
17,	Lloyd & Black	1	10,936
19,	Nimick & Co	3	60,000
19,	Martin, Oliver & Brickell.	2	40 430
19,	Lloyd & Black	1	19,750
20,	do	1	20,210
20,	Dilworth, Porter & Co	2	41,010
20,	Shoenberger & Co	2	26 300
20,	Nimick & Co	1	20,000
20,	Wood, Morrell & Co	8	160,000
21,	Nimick & Co	7	121,440
21,	Shoenberger & Co	2	43,340
21,	Spang, Chalfant & Co	2	40,010
21,	Dilworth, Porter & Co	2	40,040
21,	Lloyd & Black	1	20,520
21,	Wood, Morrell & Co	4	80 000
22,	Lloyd & Black	1	21,900
22,	Spang, Chalfant & Co	3	58,410
22,	Dilworth, Porter & Co	2	38,980
23,	Nimick & Co	1	20,000
24,	do	1	20,000
24,	Wood, Morrell & Co	11	220,000
26,	E H Ogden	4	80,640
26,	Nimick & Co	2	40,000
27,	Nimick & Co	4	80,000
27,	Zug & Co	1	20,380
27,	Spang, Chalfant & Co	2	37,500
28,	Nimick & Co	2	40,000
28,	Moorhead & Co	1	21,550
28,	Lloyd & Black	1	21,720
28,	E Hall Ogden	2	40,320
28,	E Hall Ogden	2	60,480
29,	S G Flagg	1	20,160
29,	Lloyd & Black	1	20,400
29,	Moorhead & Co	1	20,000
29,	Cambria Iron Works	3	60,000
31,	Nimick & Co	3	72,876

IMPORTS OF BLOOMS PER C. & P. RAILROAD.

1864.	Consigneers.	Pieces.	Pounds.
Dec 10,	Jones, Boyd & Co	265	14,154
28,	Jones, Boyd & Co	564	40,000
24,	Jones, Boyd & Co	380	24,734
24,	Park Bros. & Co	59	5,056
24,	Hussey, Wells & Co	400	40,000
26,	Hussey, Wells & Co	801	72,000
30,	Park Bros. & Co	25	21,186

Receipts of Blooms by the Pennsylvania Railroad.

IMPORTS OF BLOOMS FOR DECEMBER, 1864.

The following are the receipts of Blooms by the Pennsylvania Railroad for December 1864, with the consignees, and number of pieces, together with the weight. The increase over the preceding month was large.

	Consignee.	Pieces.	Pounds.
Dec. 1,	Shoenberger & Co	160	18,000
1,	Lyon, Shorb & Co	354	39,500
1,	J. Moorhead	180	21,900
2,	Lyon, Shorb & Co	162	21,146
2,	J. Moorhead	1379	140,785
3,	Lyon, Shorb & Co	162	21,360
3,	J. Moorhead	496	42,935
3,	D. C. McCormick	340	39,455
5,	Lyon, Shorb & Co	162	21,750
6,	Shoenberger & Co	149	18,000
6,	D. C. McCormick	170	20,170
6,	J. Moorhead	—	12,515
7,	Geo. S. Bryan & Co	464	58,120
9,	Lloyd & Black	179	21,565
9,	Geo. S. Bryan	558	71,130
9,	J. Moorhead	348	44,925
9,	Lyon, Shorb & Co	162	20,185
10,	J. Moorhead	1309	152,125
10,	Lyon, Shorb & Co	613	76,550
13,	J. Moorhead	186	19,265
13,	Lyon, Shorb & Co	162	20,550
14,	J. Moorhead	321	41,057
17,	Lyon, Shorb & Co	1746	196,370
17,	J. Moorhead	180	21,295
19,	J. Moorhead	360	41,855
20,	Jones, Boyd & Co	186	19,620
20,	Shoenberger & Co	168	18,000
20,	Jones & Laughlins	136	20,610
20,	J. Moorhead	74	18,140
23,	Lyon, Shorb & Co	522	59,385
23,	Shoenberger & Co	160	18,000
24,	Lyon, Shorb & Co	152	21,260
26,	J. Moorhead	511	56,325
26,	Lyon, Shorb & Co	162	20,370
29,	Lyon, Shorb & Co	522	59,060
29,	Spang, Chalfant & Co	170	20,365
29,	Shoenberger & Co	160	18,000
30,	Lloyd & Black	180	22,120
30,	J. Moorhead	213	24,000
30,	Lyon, Shorb & Co	704	72,000

Pig Iron Receipts per P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.

The following are the receipts of pig iron per the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad for the month of December, 1864:

Date.	Consignee.	No. Cars.	Pounds.	Tons.
Dec. 1	John Moorhead	1	20,000	10
" 7	John Moorhead	2	40,000	20
" 10	John Moorhead	1	20,000	10
" 13	John Moorhead	3	60,000	30
" 15	John Moorhead	3	60,000	30
" 17	R. C. Loomis	1	20,000	10
" 17	Geo. S. Bryan & Co	1	20,000	10
" 20	John Moorhead	1	20,000	10
" 20	Geo. S. Bryan & Co	2	40,000	20
" 20	R. C. Loomis	1	20,000	10
" 21	John Moorhead	1	20,000	10
" 21	Geo. S. Bryan & Co	1	20,000	10
" 27	Geo. S. Bryan & Co	1	20,000	10
" 28	Geo. S. Bryan & Co	1	20,000	10
" 28	John Moorhead	9	180,000	90
Total		29	580,000	290

Philadelphia Oil Market.

Oils are unchanged with about the usual business doing in Fish and Lard oil. Linseed is firm, and selling freely at $1 55. For Petroleum the market is quiet and the receipts and stocks light, with further sales of free oil at 94@97; refined in bond is dull at 73@74c, and crude at 50@51, and the latter scarce.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Gold Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.

The gold market is excited under a combination of rumors relative to peace negotiations, the fall of Wilmington and even of Charleston, which though not believed tend to shake confidence and depress prices. The price opened at $2 06¼, advanced to $2 07 and declined again to $2 02, selling outside at $2 00.

New York Money and Stock Market.

NEW YORK, January 20.

Money active and firm at 7 per cent. Sterling dull at 109⅝@109½. Gold excited, unsettled and lower, opening at 207, advancing to 208, declining to 201½, closing at 206⅞@207. Government stocks heavy and lower. Stocks better; U. S. 6s, '81 coupons, 110; do, 5-20 coupons, 108; 10-40 coupons, 102½; 6s, one year certificates, 98; Tennessee 6s, '90, 57; Missouri 6s, 65; Ohio & Mississippi certificates, 28; Quicksilver, 94; Mariposa, 11¾; New York Central, 100; Erie, 71½; Hudson, 102¼; Reading, 105¼; Michigan Central, 105½; Michigan Southern, 65¾; Illinois Central, 114½; Pittsburgh, 84; Northwestern, 34¾; Northwestern, preferred, 64¼; Toledo, 107½; Rock Island, 94; Fort Wayne, 92⅞.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.

Cotton opened excited, unsettled and decidedly lower, at 95@97c for middling; closed very firm, with holders refusing to sell below 98c. Flour, State and Western dull; 15@20c lower, at $9 70@9 85 for extra State; $10 80@11 for common to good spring brands of extra round hoop Ohio; $11 35@11 40 for trade brands; market closing dull. Whisky steady, closed heavy and lower; western $2 35@2 37; regular $2 40, for forward delivery; closing at $2 35, regular. Wheat dull; 1@2c lower; Chicago Spring at $2 20, buyer all this month. Rye heavy and lower at $1 65. Barley dull. Corn quiet and steady; prime mixed Western 93—delivered. Oats $1 05@1 05½. Wool quiet. Pork decidedly lower at $39@39 50 for new mess, and $38 00 for cash and regular way for '63-64; do, $32 50@$33 for prime, and $37@37 50 for prime mess; also 1,300 bbls '63-64 mess for January buyers' option, at $38 50, and 6,800 bbls new, January, February and March, sellers' and buyers' option, $39 00@40 00. Beef dull and heavy at about previous prices. Tierce beef quiet and declining. Beef hams inactive at 27c. Cut meats very quiet at 17¼@18¼c for shoulders and 19@21c for hams. Beef sides quiet; Cumberland cut, 20@20½c. Dressed hogs lower and heavy at 16¼@16½c for Western, small sales at 16¾. Lard heavy and lower at 20@23½. Butter quiet and depressed. Cheese; dull and heavy.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, January 16.

Receipts—15 bbls flour, 185 bush wheat, 105 bush corn, 425 oats, 4,500 hogs. Provisions neglected. Mess pork three dollars lower; good brands held off the market; outside and country $34 00; prime mess $2 50 lower at $30 00@30 25. Bulk meats dull; shoulders 15¼; sweet pickled hams 17¼. Lard dull 20¼. Whisky easier at $2 19@2 20. Wheat dull and 10c lower at $1 49. Corn dull at 80@81c. Oats dull at 61@63. Hogs dull at 10¼@12½. Dressed 50@75c lower, sales at 14@14¼c.

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL OFFICE, Saturday, Jan. 21, 1865.

Business yesterday was not active. The sales were only to a limited extent to meet the wants of the city trade. The weather has again moderated. The receipts of produce were not large, nor was the demand by any means extensive. The present season is generally among the dullest of the whole year. So far as prices are concerned, we have but few changes to notice. Navigation appears to be suspended; at least for the present, it certainly looks that way. The packet Starlight is announced to depart for Cincinnati this day positively. The Argonaut No. 2 is receiving for Cincinnati and Louisville. The Olive has most of her cargo on board; she will leave for St. Louis as soon as the weather will permit. She will be followed by the Columbia. The Yorktown is announced for Cincinnati; she will in future be commanded by Capt. G. W. Ebert, a very popular officer. The Pilgrim is announced for Nashville. Below will be found the sales that came under our notice:

STRAW—Prices rule high; sales 7 tons at the scales at $25 per ton. The receipts were moderate.

HAY—Prices have undergone no change for the past few days. The receipts have about kept pace with the demand. Sales 8 loads at scales at $40@45. The receipts of baled were to a fair extent. Sales at $38@40.

HOGS—The market was firm, with a fair demand for export. Prices range from $12 25@13 75 per cwt, according to size.

POTATOES—The market was not active; prices have undergone no change. Sales of 70 bush Peach Blows at $1 10@1 15; 24 bbls do at $3 25@3 50 per bbl.

CIDER—The market was firm. The last sale reported was at $8@10 per bbl.

TALLOW—The market remains steady, with a fair demand; sales at 15c.

GRAIN—The market has undergone no special change. The demand was moderate. Prices have undergone but little change. Barley—The market was weaker under increased receipts. We quote nominally at: Spring, $1 50@1 55, Fall, $1 80 ℔ bush. Oats were not in demand, the supply being in advance of the demand; sales of two cars on track at 87c; sales from store at 93@95c. Corn—The market was steady. Sales of two cars on track at $1 30 for new. Wheat was not active. The sales for the week past were limited. Sales—Red, $2 00@2 08; white, $2 15@2 20; inferior sold at lower prices. Rye nominal at $1 45 ℔ bush.

FLOUR—The market yesterday was unusually quiet. The sales were the smallest we have noted for some time. The receipts about keep pace with the demand. Buyers would like lower figures; holders, however, are not disposed to give way. The only transactions reported were: Extra Family, 60 bbls at $10 90@11 10; 140 bbls in lots, at $11 10@11 25 per bbl. Sales of Country Extra Family at $10 50.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—The market ruled heavy, with more sellers than buyers. Bulk was disposed of from sleds at $3 60 ℔ cwt.

SEEDS—Was more fancied. Sales 100 bushel flax at $3 25. Timothy was held at $5 50. Clover—Sales 20 bushels at $15 50.

BEANS—The market was unchanged, with regular sales, at $2 75@3 00; 10 barrels being disposed of.

BUTTER—The market was not very active; we note sales of 2 bbls roll, at 44c; 3 do at 45c ℔ ℔.

EGGS—Dull, with more sellers than buyers; 3 bbls being disposed of at 35c ℔ doz.

DRIED APPLES—The market was steady with a fair demand; sales 10 bbls, at 13c.

PEACHES—Range from 28@30c.

WHISKY—We note small sales of city rectified at $2 32@2 35 ℔ gall.

GROCERIES—The market was steady, but not active; as sales were limited and prices unchanged we omit them.

Weekly Review of the Pig Iron Market.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, Saturday, January 21, 1865.

The Iron Market is very much depressed. Sales are very meagre, and only to a limited extent required for mixture.

There is a general indisposition to operate. To effect large sales heavy concessions in prices would be required.

The sales of the week have been unusually light.

SALES OF PIG IRON PER TON.

40 tons No. 1 Antharcite Foundry	$65 00	cash.
100 tons Cold Short Antharcite	60 00	"
60 tons Red Short Antharcite	55 00	"
60 tons No. 2 Antharcite Foundry	63 50	"
110 tons No. 3 Antharcite	60 00	4 m'ths

BLOOMS.

The market was inactive, and buyers were shy at the present prices. We quote nominally at $150 per ton for No. 1 Juniata.

Pittsburgh Iron and Nail Market.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, Saturday, January 21, 1865.

The Iron and Nail Market was dull since our last. Prices, however, have undergone no change. We omit our table in the present issue.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Cincinnati.

PER PINE GROVE—Atwell, Lee & Co, 10 bbls lard oil; Wm Hasiage, 10 do; J A Mazurie, 1 hhd tobacco, 1 case do; J Murphy, 3 hhds do, 10 bxs do; J M Masttaaf, 12 hhds do, 1 box samples; E Hazleton, 2 hhds bacon; J Munhart & Co, 10 bbls whisky; Simon Lofink, 5 bbls do; J McDevitt, Blans' Patent Spring Works, 5 bbls oil; S Bradley, 1 bbl hams; Schomaker & Lang, 20 bbls lard oil; S Evart & Co, 12 bbls hominy, 10 bags feathers; J Dalzell & Son, 100 tcs lard; Knox & Parker, 51 tcs lard; Townsend & Long, 10 hhds bacon, 50 kegs lard; Patterson & Co, 500 bbls flour; C A Carpenter, R P agent, 258 bags wheat; R T Kennedy & Bro, 2,587 bags wheat; Clark & Co, 40 hhds sides, 15 bbls whisky; R C Loomis, 81½ tons pig iron.

River Matters.

Arrivals and Departures of Steamboats.

ARRIVED.

Franklin	Carmac	Brownsville.
Gallatin	Clarke	Brownsville.
James Reese,	Irwin	Elizabeth.
DEPARTED.		
Gallatin	Clarke	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmac	Brownsville.
Jas. Reese	Irwin	Elizabeth.

THE RIVER—Last evening at twilight there were about five feet six inches water in the channel. Navigation seems to have come to a stand still, at least for the present. The Starlight is announced for this evening.

THE fine steamer Columbia, Capt. R. J. Porter, is announced for St. Louis. She will load in turn after the Olive.

THE A No. 1 passenger steamer Olive, Capt. J. M. Andrews, leaves to-day for Cairo and St. Louis. For speed, accommodations and attentive officers this boat stands at the head of the list.

The well known steamer L. Combs, Captain Brown, is announced for Wheeling and Parkersburg this day, at 4 p. m. We were pleased to see our old friend, Mr. Chapin, in the office. He will be found both clever and accommodating.

The fine passenger steamer Argonaut No. 2, Captain George W. Reed, leaves to-day for Cincinnati and Louisville. This boat has fine accommodations, and is in charge of careful and attentive officers. We are pleased to see Capt. Reed again at his old post.

THE fine passenger steamer Starlight, Capt. Armstrong, is announced to leave positively for Cincinnati and Louisville. This boat has the best of accommodations, and is in charge of careful and experienced officers. Capt. G. N. Armstrong will see that passengers have the best of attention.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STANDARD LAW BOOKS
FOR SALE BY
KAY & COMPANY'S,
No. 55 Wood Street.

Greenleaf on Evidence. 3 vols.
Parsons on Contracts. New edition. 3 vols.
Parsons on Notes and Bills. 2 vols.
Parsons on Mercantile Law.
Washburne on Real Property. 2 vols.
American Railway Cases. 2 vols.
Hilliard on Torts. 2 vols.
Hilliard on Mortgages. 2 vols.
Hilliard on Bankruptcy.
Angell on Highways.
Angell & Ames on Corporations.
Bennett & Heard's Leading Criminal Cases. 2 vols.
Curtis's Equity Precedents.
Story's Equity Jurisprudence. 2 vols.
Brightly's Equity Jurisprudence.
The Equity Draftsman.
Redfield on the Law of Wills.
Kent's Commentaries. 4 vols.
Phillips on Insurance. 2 vols.
Wharton's American Criminal Law. 2 vols.
Wharton & Stille's Medical Jurisprudence.
Wharton on the Law of Presidents.
Walker's Introduction to American Law.
Brightly's United States Digest.
Smith's Forms of Procedure.
Black's United States Reports. 2 vols.
ja21

NATIONAL BANK ACT OF 1864.
AN ACT TO PROVIDE A NATIONAL CURRENCY, secured by a pledge of United States Bonds, approved June 3, 1864.
PRICE FIFTY CENTS.
FOR SALE BY
KAY & COMPANY,
ja21 55 WOOD STREET.

RIVER PACKETS,

Ho! for the Gold Mines of Idaho.
MONTANA AND IDAHO
Transportation Line.

THE NEW, FAST AND light draught steamer DEER LODGE, THOS. W. REA, Commander, HENRY A. DORRMAN, Clerk, now being built at Pittsburgh, Pa., expressly for the St. Louis and Fort Benton trade, will leave Pittsburgh for Fort Benton and intermediate points SATURDAY, February 18th, and leave St. Louis, SATURDAY, March 4th, or as soon thereafter as the river is open to Omaha and Council Bluffs.

The new, fast and light draught steamer
BENTON,
WM. HOWARD, Commander, LEWIS L. HINE, Clerk, will leave for Fort Benton and intermediate points, SATURDAY, March 11th.

The new, fast and light draught steamer
YELLOW STONE,
JOS. MAYHOOD, Commander, STANLY RYLAND, Clerk, will leave as above, SATURDAY, March 18th.

The very fast and light draught steamer
FANNY OGDEN,
THOMAS TOWNSEND, Commander, MOSES HILLARD, Clerk, will leave as above, SATURDAY, April 15th.

Steamer
DEER LODGE,
will remain between Forts Union and Benton until the cargo of all the boats of this line is delivered at Fort Benton.

By this arrangement shippers have great advantages and an assurance that their freight will be delivered at destination.

We are also prepared to furnish LAND TRANSPORTATION from
FORT BENTON TO THE MINES,
and will give THROUGH BILLS OF LADING to SILVER CITY, LAST CHANCE, PRICKLY PEAR, DEER LODGE, VIRGINIA CITY, BANNACK CITY and GALLATIN.

For freight or passage apply on board of DEER LODGE, at the Pittsburgh wharf, or to
JOHN G. COPELIN, Southeast corner of Main and Olive streets,
JOS. McINTIRE, Northeast corner Pine and Commercial, or
JOHN J. ROE & CO., Convent street, between Second and Third,
ja10 t10April St. Louis, Mo.

Wheeling and Parkersburg Packets.

For Beaver, Wellsville, Steubenville, and Wheeling, Connecting with Parkersburg, Marietta and Bull Creek.
THE fine Passenger Steamer MINERVA, JOHN GORDON, Commander, leaves Pittsburgh every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 12 m.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JAMES COLLINS & CO., Agents,
Wharf-boat below Monongahela Bridge.

Regular Pittsburgh & Wheeling Packet.
THE new and fast running passenger steamer, G. M'C. FORTER, T. L. TAYLOR, Captain, L. F. BEELER, Clerk, leaves Wheeling every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 o'clock, a. m., and Pittsburgh every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 12 o'clock, m.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
8 JAMES COLLINS, Agent, Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh and Zanesville Packet Line,
FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA AND ZANESVILLE.
The splendid passenger steamer EMMA GRAHAM, J. R. STULL, Commander, leaves Pittsburgh every Tuesday, at 4 p. m., and Zanesville every Friday, at 8 o'clock, a. m. The new steamer JULIA, WM. COULSON, Commander, leaves Pittsburgh every Saturday, at 4 p. m., and Zanesville every Tuesday, at 8 o'clock, a. m.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent, Pittsburgh.
au30 H. S. PIERCE & CO., Agents, Zanesville, O.

PORTSMOUTH PACKET.
For Marietta, Parkersburg, Big Sandy, Ironton, Gallipolis and Portsmouth.
EVERY SATURDAY, at 10 a. m. The splendid passenger steamer GOLDEN ERA, WASH. H. KERR, Commander, W. H. BRYAN, Clerk, will hereafter leave Pittsburgh every SATURDAY, at 10 a. m., and Portsmouth every MONDAY, at 7 P. M. Will connect every MONDAY with the BOSTONA No. 2, for Cincinnati. The GOLDEN ERA will receipt freight through to Cincinnati. JOHN FLACK, Agent.
For freight or passage apply on board. no2

Weekly Marietta & Parkersburg Packet.
Regular Passenger Steamer for Wheeling, Sun Fish, Sistersville, Bull Creek, Marietta and Parkersburg.
The new and fast side wheel passenger steamer
BAYARD,
J. G. SAINT, Master, DANIEL MOORE, Clerk, Leaves Pittsburgh every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 11 a. m.
Leaves Wheeling at 8 p. m. same days.
Returning, leaves Parkersburg TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 2 p. m.
Leaves Marietta at 8 p. m. same days.
Leaves Wheeling at 7 a. m. WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.
For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply on board, or to
JOHN FLACK, or
JAS. COLLINS, Agents.
de28 No. 88 Water street Pittsburgh.

Cincinnati and Louisville.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.
SATURDAY, January 21, at 4 o'clock, p. m., the fine passenger steamer STARLIGHT, G. N. ARMSTRONG, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOHN FLACK, or
ja20 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.
ON TUESDAY, 24th inst., the fine passenger steamer YORKTOWN, G. W. EBERT, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, or
ja20 JOHN FLACK, Agents.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.
THIS DAY, Jan. 21, at 4 p. m. The fine passenger steamer ARGONAUT, Capt. G. W. REED, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
JOHN FLACK, or
14 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.
ON THIS DAY, Jan. 21st, at 4 p. m. The splendid passenger steamer OLIVE, J. M. ANDREWS, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
JOHN FLACK or
31 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Wheeling and Parkersburg.
THIS DAY at 4 p. m.—The fast running steamer L. COMBS, BROWN, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage, apply on board, at the foot of Market street. 21

For Evansville and Nashville.
ON THIS DAY, Jan. 21st, at 4 p. m. The light draught passenger steamer PILGRIM, D. Z. BRICKELL, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, or
5 JOHN FLACK, Agents.

PAINTERS,

SIGN ORNAMENTAL PAINTING.
DEALER IN
PLAIN AND FANCY SHOW CARDS.
N. B.—CARDS WRITTEN TO ORDER.
W. A. LYONS,
mar5 No. 7 Fifth street.

BARRY & BROTHER,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,
(No. 294 Second Floor,)
Corner of Seventh and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.
jy28-1y

WM. MILLER, Phila. .... C. W. RICKETSON, Pittsb'h.
MILLER & RICKETSON,
Wholesale Grocers and Importers of Brandies, Wines and Cigars,
Nos. 221 and 223, corner of Liberty and Irwin streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Iron, Nails, Cotton Yarns, &c., &c, constantly on hand. se15

MISCELLANEOUS.

FARM
FOR SALE.

The undersigned, Executor of Brintnel Robbins, deceased, will offer at public outcry, on the premises,
On Tuesday, the 7th day of February, 1865,
that tract of excellent farming land known as the ROBBINS MILL FARM, situate about three miles south-west of Greensburg, in Hempfield township, Westmoreland county, adjoining lands of Jacob Vandyke, George Baker and others. This property contains about
232 ACRES,
of which fifty acres is excellent timber, and twenty-five acres creek bottom, well adapted for meadow. Also, an abundance of Coal and Limestone. The improvements are two Log Houses, a Log Barn, and other out-buildings. Also, a good Apple Orchard.
Terms made known on day of sale. Title indisputable.
ja17-16t MOSES ROBBINS, Executor.

AUCTION SALE OF
CONDEMNED HORSES

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, FIRST DIVISION, Washington City, January 14, 1865.
Will be sold, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the time and places named below, viz:
PITTSBURGH, Pennsylvania, THURSDAY, February 2, 1865.
WILMINGTON, Delaware, THURSDAY, February 16, 1865,
Three Hundred Cavalry Horses
at each place.
These horses have been condemned as unfit for the Cavalry service of the Army.
For road and farming purposes, many good bargains may be had.
Horses sold singly. Sale to commence at 10 a. m.
Terms, cash in United States currency.
JAMES A. EKIN,
Colonel in charge First Division Q. M. G. O.
ja19-2w

A WELL ESTABLISHED
BUSINESS FOR SALE.

The Store and Stock of
Clothing, Piece Goods and Trimmings,
owned by the firm of Klee, Kaufman & Klee, on Federal street, near the market, is offered for sale.
For further particulars, call on
S. KAUFMAN,
ja19-1w No. 89 Wood street.

WM. HOLMES .... JAMES IRWIN.
JAMES IRWIN & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Oil of Vitriol and Aqua Ammonia,
Office No. 15 Market street,
ja9- PITTSBURGH, PA.

VENITIAN BLIND TRIMMINGS,
In new Patterns and Colors.
WHITE MARBLE TABLE OIL CLOTH.
OIL CLOTH RUGS
PICTURE CORD AND TASSELS.
PHILADELPHIA GREEN OIL CLOTH.

The above new goods just opened for
Wholesale and Retail Trade,
at the
CARPET STORE
of
M'FARLAND & COLLINS,
71 and 73 Fifth street,
de19 next to Postoffice and Custom House, 2d floor

EULER & SAUNTER,
NO. 7 ST. CLAIR STREET,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES
AND
Spring Wagons.
All sizes of WHEELBARROWS constantly on hand or made to order.
☞ REPAIRING done at short notice.
EULER & SAUNTER,
de17-1y No 7 St. Clair street.

GLOVES AND MITTENS.
FUR, KID, BUCK and other
Gloves and Mittens,
In full stock, at R. H. PALMER'S,
no29 84 Wood street.

300 SACKS P. B. POTATOES.
1000 New Iron bound Oil Barrels,
100 Sacks Onions,
100 Barrels Apples,
25 " Cranberries,
25 " Beans,
30 " Maple Sugar,
10 " Eggs.
For sale low, by
C. H. ORTH & CO.,
Produce and Commission Merchants,
ja17 No. 21 Smithfield street.

FOR SALE—
On account of ill health, the
Good Will, Lease, Fixtures and Stock
of the
DRUG STORE,
Corner Fourth and Market streets.
The location is good, the Store neatly fitted up, and the trade well established. The retail sales of 1864 exceeded $60,000. To a party with $10,000 capital, no better investment can be offered.
Enquire on the premises.
ja10-tf JAMES McGARR.

RAILROAD
Car Wheels and Axles.
Having purchased the right to manufacture
Ross' Celebrated Patent Car Wheels,
We are prepared to furnish broad or narrow tread wheels, which we will warrant equal in quality to any now in use.
We also manufacture, and can furnish promptly,
Superior Rolled Axles.
JONES & LAUGHLINS.
no15-1y

BEAUTIFUL
PRESENTATION BOOKS
ELEGANTLY BOUND FAMILY BIBLES,
PRAYER BOOKS & POCKET BIBLES,
in all the rich and elegant styles of binding,
1,000 PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, all styles and prices, now in store at the
Metropolitan Gift Book Store,
No. 63 FIFTH STREET.
OPPOSITE CONCERT HALL.

To those who are about making purchases for the Holidays, the GIFT BOOK STORE offers greater inducements than any other store in the State. Especially people residing at a distance, by sending for one of our large descriptive catalogues, can get a complete list of Books, Bibles and Photograph Albums at this establishment. All Book sold at publishers' rates, and a
HANDSOME PRESENT,
WORTH FROM 50c TO $100,
GIVEN WITH EACH BOOK SOLD.

The stock of Books, Bibles and Albums now in store is certainly immense. All styles of Family Bibles, ranging in price from $4 50 to $50; all styles of Pocket Bibles and Prayer Books: all styles of Photograph Albums in store, numbering over 1,000, and manufactured by first class houses, from the best materials, and are, without doubt, the A No. 1 Book of the trade, holding from 12 to 200 pictures, and varying in price from $1 to $50.

The METROPOLITAN GIFT BOOK STORE is certainly the place to buy your Holiday Books, as all Books are sold at the lowest publishers' rates, and some handsome present, worth from 50c to $100, accompanies each Book sold. Buy your Books at the
METROPOLITAN GIFT BOOK STORE,
and get a gift. Catalogues mailed to any address upon application.
W. L. FOSTER & CO.
de 17:eod

PRODUCE—
2 boxes Roll Butter;
10 bbls. Chestnuts;
4 do. Dried Apples. In store and for sale by J. S. DILWORTH & CO.,
no22 Nos. 130 and 132 Second street.

MORROW & REED,
House, Sign and Ornamental Painters,
Grainers and Glaziers,
No. 91 Third street,
e17y PITTSBURGH, PA.

DISSOLUTIONS.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
The firm of KLEE, KAUFMAN & CO., in the city of Pittsburgh, and KLEE, KAUFMAN & KLEE, in the City of Allegheny, has been this day day dissolved by mutual consent.
JACOB KLEE,
SIMON KAUFMAN,
JOSEPH KLEE.
Pittsburgh, January 18th, 1865.

The undersigned having this day associated themselves as Co-Partners, will continue the business under the name and style of KAUFMAN, OPPENHEIMER & CO.
SIMON KAUFMAN,
H. & M. OPPENHEIMER,
ISIDORE COBLENS.
January 20, 1865.—5t

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.
The partnership heretofore existing between JOS. FRICKER and JOHN S KENNEDY, No. 68 Smithfield street, was dissolved on the 3d inst., by mutual consent. All debts due the concern will be collected by John S. Kennedy, and all debts paid on presentation by the same.
JOSEPH FRICHER,
JOHN S. KENNEDY.

Having purchased the interest of Mr. Jos. Fricker in the Restaurant business, No. 68 Smithfield street, I will continue the same in all its branches at the above stand. Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, I hope to merit a continuance of the same by strict attention to the wants of my numerous friends. The house will be supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and served in a style that I hope cannot fail to please.
JOHN S. KENNEDY,
ja19-2w No. 68 Smithfield street.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between Castner Hanway, Wm. S. Jackson, S. Harvey Baker, and Josiah S. Phillips, under the firm of Hanway & Co., engaged in the manufacture of railroad cars, at Latrobe, Westmoreland county, Pa., was dissolved on the 1st day of November, A. D. 1864. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the firm of Baker, Jackson & Co., and all demands are to be presented to them for payment.
CASTNER HANWAY,
WM. S. JACKSON,
S. HARVEY BAKER,
ja10 JOSIAH S. PHILLIPS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING formed a co-partnership, under the style of Baker, Jackson & Co., beg leave to state that they are now carrying on the above business, at their car works, Latrobe, Pa., in all its various branches, and are now prepared to fill orders for
FREIGHT, COAL AND PIT CARS,
in the most substantial manner, and on the shortest notice. Also,
CASTINGS AND FORGINGS,
for cars, furnished, and all repairs promptly attended to. As they furnish all their own material, (having their own timber, saw-mill and foundery,) and employ a large number of the best workmen, they challenge competition, either in
Price or Durability.
as also in the promptness with which they fill orders of every kind. Address BAKER, JACKSON & CO., Latrobe, Westmoreland county, Pa.
WM. S. JACKSON,
S. HARVEY BAKER,
ja10-3m JOSIAH S. PHILLIPS.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
The business connection of Bollman & Garrison and of Bollman, Garrison & Co, was dissolved on the 1st instant by sale of the interest of H. L. Bollman and G. W. Bollman.
All settlements will be attended to at the office of the late firms, on Smithfield street.
H. L. BOLLMAN,
A. GARRISON,
GEO. W. BOLLMAN,
JOHN H. RICKETSON.
Pittsburgh, January 3, 1865.

In retiring from the above, the subscribers would express thanks to their friends for the patronage given during the long period of their business, and also take pleasure in recommending their successors to the public, with the fullest confidence that every effort and attention will be given to render satisfaction.
H. L. BOLLMAN,
GEO. W. BOLLMAN.
Pittsburgh, January 3, 1865.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
PITTSBURGH FOUNDERY.
A. Garrison having purchased the entire foundery property, stock and business of the late firms of Bollman & Garrison and Bollman, Garrison & Co., and having associated with him in business John H. Ricketson, the undersigned will continue the business under the name and style of A. Garrison & Co.
A. GARRISON,
JOHN H. RICKETSON.
Pittsburgh, Jan. 3, 1865. ja4-1m

DISSOLUTION.
The partnership of WEYMAN & SON is this day dissolved by limitation.
GEORGE WEYMAN,
WM. P. WEYMAN.
Having disposed of my interest in the Tobacco business to my sons, W. P. and B. Frank Weyman, I recommend them to my friends and former customers.
GEORGE WEYMAN.

WM. P. WEYMAN .... B. FRANK WEYMAN.
WEYMAN & BRO.,
(Successors to Weyman & Son,) wholesale and retail
Tobacco Manufacturers,
Nos. 79 and 81 Smithfield St.,
ja3-tf PITTSBURGH.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
The firm of Wilson & McElroy is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by either of the undersigned, at No. 54 Wood street.
J. O. WILSON,
S. B. McELROY.
Pittsburgh, Pa., January 2, 1865.

COPARTNERSHIP.
The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the style of McElroy, Dickson & Co., for the purpose of continuing the wholesale Dry Goods business, at the old stand, No. 54 Wood street.
SAMUEL B. McELROY,
JAMES DICKSON,
JOHN T. SHANE.
Pittsburgh, Pa., January 2, 1865. ja4-1m

COPARTNERSHIP.
We have this day associated with us in the Banking business JAMES W. DAVITT and MARCH HUNNINGS.
KRAMER & RAHM.
Pittsburgh, Jan. 2d, 1865.

ALLEN KRAMER.. EDWARD RAHM.. FLORENCE KRAMER
J. W. DAVITT........ M. HUNNINGS.
KRAMER & RAHM,
BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS
No. 35 Bank Block, Fifth Street.
ja3-1m

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
I have this day associated my brother, RICHARD H. HUGHES, with me in the
WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADE
business, which we will continue at the old stand, No. 107 Market street, under the firm of JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
Pittsburgh Jan. 2, 1865. JOS. R. HUGHES.
ja5

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.
Under an order of the Orphans' Court, we will sell at the Court House, at public sale, on the 31ST DAY OF JANUARY, 1865, at 10 o'clock, A. M., all the following property, viz:
1. Six three-story Brick Dwellings and Lots (known as "Irwin's Row") each fronting about 21 feet on Liberty street, between Third and Fourth streets, and extending back about 75 feet.
2. The triangular three-story Brick House and Lot, on the corner of Third and Liberty streets, fronting about 25 feet on Liberty street, and extending back about 100 feet on Third street.
3. The two-story Brick Dwelling and Lot on the corner of Third street and Redoubt alley, fronting about 18 feet on Third street, and running back along Redoubt alley about 77 feet.
4. The triangular two-story Brick Dwelling and Lot adjoining the one last mentioned, and fronting about 50 feet on Third street.
5. The Ground Rents, amounting to $165 per annum, on Lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6, in Margaret George's plan of lots, each fronting 20 feet on Second street, and extending back, of an equal width, Lots Nos. 1, 2 and 3 78 feet, and Lots Nos. 5 and 6 80 feet.
6. All the interest of John Irwin, dec'd, in an agreement for the sale of part of Lot No. 98, in the City of Allegheny, fronting 25 feet on Pitt alley, and extending back, of an equal width, 110 feet, with use of a four feet alley.
For particulars apply to Messrs. D. W. & A. S. Bell, No. 144 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.
JNO. IRWIN,
HENRY IRWIN,
T. H. NEVIN,
ja7-td Executors of Jno. Irwin, dec'd.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.
By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Fayette county, Pa., the undersigned will offer at Public Sale on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 28th day of January, at 12 o'clock, that valuable tract of land known as the "John R. Strickler Coal tract," containing 144 acres and 20 perches, more or less lying on the Youghiogheny River, adjoining lands of Jacob Bowers, Stewart Strickler, William Huston and Jacob D. Strickler. There are on said tract two comfortable dwelling houses and outbuildings; a good bank barn, a corn house, two orchards of good fruit, &c. There are about 100 acres cleared and in good condition. This land is underlaid with Limestone of the best quality, Iron Ore, and the "Great Youghiogheny Coal Seam," and fronts on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad for more than one hundred rods.
TERMS—One-third to remain in the hands of the purchaser during the lifetime of the widow, the interest to be paid annually; the one-third of the balance to be paid on the confirmation of the sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments, with interest from confirmation, with the privilege to the purchaser of paying the whole at confirmation.
THOS. R. DAVIDSON, Trustee.
January 2d, 1865. ja5-21t

PITTSBURGH SCHOOL OF DESIGN FOR WOMEN.
This Institution will commence its first session on the first Monday of February, in Phelan's new building, No. 24 Fifth street. The object of this School is the instruction and training of young ladies in the principles of drawing and painting, in view of qualifying them to pursue higher, more suitable and better-paid occupations than are now open to them, and of bringing the citizens of Pittsburgh and suburbs under the elevating and refining influences of art.
Circulars will be ready on Monday, the 2d inst.
C. G. Hussey, President; Major Wm. Wade, Vice-President; G. W. Hailman, Secretary; Frances Sellers, Treasurer.
Directors—James Park, jr., James Laughlin, J. S. Lyon, J. M. Cooper, Wm. Thaw, Thos. S. Clarke, N. Holmes, S Kier, D. McCandless, Joseph Dilworth, J. K. Moorhead, George Berry, B. K. Painter, J. H. Shoneberger, W. M. Lyon, Thos. M. Howe, Andrew Carnagie, Wm. O. Davis, M. Jones.
Executive Committee — President Hussey, Vice-President Wade, James Park, jr., J. B. Lyon, James Laughlin, G. W. Hailman, Wm. Thaw. ja19

A RARE CHANCE.
Applications will be received for a few days only by the undersigned, at PITTOCK'S BOOK STORE, opposite the Postoffice, for one exclusive agent to sell "BROCKSIEPER'S PATENT SELF-ACTING GAS REGULATOR" in Pittsburgh and vicinity. This is not a regulator at the meter, but is affixed under each burner, and will positively save thirty per cent. to the consumer, besides giving a far better light than ever before produced. We have over 25,000 of these Regulators in use in the Eastern States, and shall be pleased to show to all interested the above results by actual test. The goods will be put on free for those wishing to test them. No charge made until satisfied. Their cost is but a trifle more than an ordinary burner. Parties wishing to engage in the business will see the value of this agency. Call for a pamphlet.
ja17-5t HULL & GOODELL.

NEW BACON.
New Mess Pork.
" Leaf Lard.
Mill Grease.
For sale by TOWNSEND & LONG,
de31-tf Packers, No. 12 Fourth street.

CLOTHING.

GREAT BARGAINS
AT
Wholesale and Retail,
IN
CLOTHING!
GENTS'
FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS, &c.,
to be had at the newly opened store of
N. GROSSMAYER,
No. 47 Fifth street,
OPPOSITE THE THEATRE.

Where the largest and best assortment is always kept. All grades, from the lowest to the finest, can be found there in great variety, and are retailed at New York wholesale prices. Call, one and all, to examine our stock, the largest ever brought to this market, and convince yourselves of the truth of the facts above referred to. ja18

JOHN S. LEE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS
No. 49 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh.
my18

PIANOS.

HOFFMAN, HOENE & CO.,
No. 53 Fifth street,
Wholesale and Retail Agents for the following instruments:
DECKER BROS.' PIANOS.
ADOLPH HINTZ'S PIANOS.
G. C. MANNERS' PIANOS.
X. SPANG'S MELODEONS.
TAYLOR & FARLEY'S CABINET, SCHOOL AND CHURCH ORGANS.
A most splendid assortment of over sixty of these instruments are now on hand and will be sold at the lowest prices possible. Buyers will find it to their interest to call at
No. 53 Fifth street.
ja18

Samburg Grape of Portugal, the Great Remedy for Kidney Affections, Rheumatism and all Chronic Complaints.

EXCELLENT WINE FOR FEMALES.

Every family at this season should use the SAMBURG WINE, celebrated in Europe for its medicinal and beneficial qualities, highly esteemed by eminent physicians, used in European and American Hospitals, and by some of the first families in Europe and America.

AS A TONIC it has no equal, causing an appetite and building up the system, being entirely a pure wine of a most valuable grape.

AS A DIURETIC it imparts a healthy action of the Glands, Kidneys and Urinary Organs, very beneficial in Dropsy, Gout and Rheumatic Affections.

SPEER'S WINE is a pure article from the Juice of the Port Grape, possessing medical properties superior to any other wine in use, and an excellent article for all weak and debilitated persons, and the aged and infirm, improving the appetite, and benefitting ladies and children. *Try it once, and you will not be deceived.*

☞ Be sure the signature of ALFRED SPEER is over the cork of each bottle.

Sold by N. McCLARREN & Co., JOS. FLEMMING, FRED. BRAUN, ALFRED J. RANKIN, and J. M. FULTON. In Allegheny, by GEO. A. KELLY & Co., and S. R. CRAIG, and by all first class dealers in surrounding towns, who also sell the CASTELLA PORT BRANDY, a choice old article imported only by Mr. SPEER, direct from the vaults of Oporto. Trade supplied by B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S SON & Co., and by A. SPEER, at his Vineyard, New Jersey. Principal Office 208 Broadway, New York. 1y-staw.
JOSEPH FLEMING, Pittsburgh, Pa.

1865. DIARIES. 1865.
Diaries of Every Variety for Sale by
W. S. HAVEN, Stationer.
nov11 Corner Wood and Third Streets.

CARBON OIL
For sale in Five Gallon Cans.
ARDESCO OIL CO.,
ja7-tf 27 IRWIN STREET.

MAPS OF THE OIL REGIONS.
Maps of the Oil District of Ohio.
Maps of the Oil District of West Virginia.
Maps of the Oil District of Venango Co.
Maps of the Oil District of Oil Creek, Pa.
The latest editions for sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
de8 corner of Wood and Third streets.

CALL AND EXAMINE
PRICES
AND
COMPARE GOODS,
AT
No. 54 Market street.
ja14 SOUTH & ROSS.

SUNDRIES—
200 boxes prime W. R. Cheese;
150 do do Hamburg Cheese;
500 bbls extra No. 1 Salt;
500 bbls white Beans;
20 dozen Brooms;
35 bbls Sweet Potatoes, "Jersey."
In store and for sale by
CHARLES B. BALSLEY,
oc19 No. 179 Liberty street.

PRODUCE—
2,500 bushels Dried Apples.
200 bbls. prime Beans.
40 do. kiln dried Hominy.
10 do. Canada Peas.
15 half bbls. Pearl Barley.
5,000 lbs. Buckwheat Flour.
100 bbls. Green Apples.
5 do. Prime Roll Butter.
7 do. Eggs.
1,000 Premium A Bags. In store and for sale by
ja6 GRAFF & REITER, No. 27 Wood st.

GROCERIES—
50 bags prime Rio Coffee;
25 hhds. Cuba Sugar;
20 " P. R. and N. O. do.;
80 bbls. Syrups, assorted brands;
100 " Refined sugars;
125 hf. chests Y. H., Oolong and Imp. Tea;
250 boxes Tobacco, 5's, 10's, 7's and Navy.
With a full stock of goods in our line. For sale by
J. S. DILWORTH & CO.,
no22 Nos. 130 and 132 Second street.

FEATHERS.—
Prime quality of live Geese FEATHERS always on hand, and for sale in quantities to suit purchasers, by R. H. KING,
no14 Liberty Street.

MANUFACTURERS.

A. BRADLEY, Pres't. .... W. VANKIRK, Sec'y
ETNA STOVE COMPANY,
(Successor to A. Bradley.)
MANUFACTURE EVERY VARIETY OF
COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING
STOVES.
Among which are the celebrated
EUREKA, TROPIC AND TALISMAN
(Coal Cook-Stoves), the
POMONA, LEDGER AND IRON SIDES
(Wood Cook-Stoves.) Also manufacture
GRATES, GRATE FRONTS, &c., &c.
Office and Warehouse, corner of Second and Wood streets Pittsburgh. oc14-1y

ANDREWS, ARMSTRONG & ABBY.
ENGINE BUILDERS and
PRACTICAL MACHINISTS.
CORNER OHIO ST. AND EAST LANE,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
Manufacturers of double and single acting engines, blowing engines for oil refineries, pulleys, hangers, and shafting.
Particular Attention Paid to Repairing.
The attention of the public is called to the superior quality of oil engines, which are now being manufactured by us. de1-6m

PITTSBURGH PLOW WORKS.
J. C. BIDWELL,
Manufacturer of every variety of Plows, Plow Castings, Steel Moldboards, Cultivators, &c. Manufactory, Warehouse and Office, corner Duquesne Way, Fayette street and Garrison alley, only three squares from all the Railroad Depots.
Having made arrangements with the Patentee for the exclusive right to manufacture and vend
COMSTOCK'S ROTARY SPADER,
throughout the United States, excepting in New England and some of the Atlantic and Pacific States, I am now prepared to receive orders for six sizes of them.
The Spader, which has been so thoroughly and satisfactorily tested, is designed as a substitute for the Plow on the Prairies or in alluvial soil, comparatively free from stumps, roots and stones.
A boy 15 years old, with four good horses, can spade six to eight acres per day, eight inches deep, leaving the field in the condition of a garden bed, when forked.
For further information, price, &c., send for circular.
no29-tf J. C. BIDWELL.

PULASKI FIRE BRICK WORKS
JACOB S. PRICE,
MANUFACTURER OF
FIRE BRICK,
TILE AND FURNACE LINING.
GROUND CLAY ALWAYS ON HAND.
oc17-1y NEW BRIGHTON, BEAVER CO., PA.

MAFFETT & OLD,
Manufacturers of LIGHT ARTESIAN OIL WELL TUBE, with brass joints, unsurpassed for lightness and durability. Always on hand Gas Pipe, punched out and ready for use in Oil Wells, Pump Chambers made of seamless brass or copper tube, fitted with superior valves. Also, Sand Pumps, Stuffing Boxes Tongs, Clamps, Tools, and Fittings generally. Sole Agents for Thomas' celebrated patent oil pump valve. Orders respectfully solicited. Post Office Box 112. No 127 First street, between Wood and Market Sts.,
de22-1y Pittsburgh.

DUQUESNE WAGON & FARM
IMPLEMENT WORKS.
Marion Avenue, near Railroad Station, Allegheny City. All kinds of wagons, carts, timber wheels, drays, coal cars, wheelbarrows, store and baggage trucks, skids, straw and fodder cutters and masticators, four different patterns of horse rakes. Also steel rake and fork teeth suitable for all the different patent horse rakes in the United States. All made of best materials, and warranted. Orders solicited from wholesale dealers.
nov5-1y C. COLEMAN.

FORT PITT BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORKS.
CARROLL & SNYDER,
Corner of SECOND and SHORT streets,
Manufacturers of Tubular, Double Flued and Cylinder Steam Boilers, Chimneys, Britchen, Fire Beds, Ash Pans, Steam Pipes, Salt Pans, Oil Stills, Tanks, Agitators, Settling Pans, Iron Bridges, Gasometers, &c. Particular attention paid to repairs of Steamboat & Land Boilers. New and second-hand Boilers always on hand. je11

UNION BRASS WORKS.
MANSFIELD & FITZSIMMONS.
Keep constantly on hand Babbitt's Anti-Friction Metal, Packing Metal for Steam Cylinders, Antimony, Pig Lead, &c., &c.
No. 13 Second near Short street,
jy26-1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

KEYSTONE BOLT AND NUT WORKS.
HUBLEY, ADAMS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Carriage, Machine, Plow and Bridge Bolts. Also, Nuts and Washers.
Office: No. 73 Water street. Factory: corner Main and Cherry street, Allegheny. jy20:1y

O'HARA BOILER WORKS,
POWERS & CO.,
attend to the manufacture of Steam Boilers, Stills, Tanks, Agitators, Salt Pans, Sugar Pans, Sheet Iron Chimneys, Breechings, and all other articles usually manufactured at similar concerns.
Prompt attention paid to all kinds of repairs on reasonable terms.
Works corner of Liberty and Second streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. oc27:tf

FULTON FOUNDRY.—
NINTH WARD, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Warehouse, No. 141 Wood street.
JOSEPH PENNOCK, Proprietor.
ROBERT C. TOTTEN, Superintendent at Foundry.
Manufactures Nail Machines, Rolls, Squeezers aes; Rolling Mill Castings generally, Gas and Water Pipes, Gas Retorts and Oil Stills; Hot Blast and Superheating Pipes, Sugar Kettles; House Fronts and Window Heads; Rolls Turned, and all Fitting done to order. A large assortment of Rolling Mill Patterns on hand, purchased from Fort Pitt Foundry. se24

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Office, No. 3 St. Clair street Pittsburgh. ap8

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LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,
Manufacturers of, and keep constantly on hand a full assortment of
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Waxed upper, Kips and Calf Skins.
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